Today's Weather. Fair and Cold.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Latest News Edition.

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NEWS SUMMARY

SURRENDER OF PORT ARTHUR.

By the terms of surrender the Russian officers at Port Arthur are paroled, but the privates and non-commissioned officers are prisoners.—Page 2.

Gen. Stoessel reported to St. Petersburg that scurvy and 11-inch shells had reduced the defenders to 10,000 men. His position had become absolutely undefendable.—Page 2.

Gen. Stoessel was assured that neither Gen. Kuropatkin nor the Baltic fleet could aid him.—Page 1.

The navy department at Washington issues a statement declaring the present war has proven the supremacy of the battleships.—Page 8.

DOMESTIC.

Many rivermen killed and injured in explosion of the boilers of the towboat Defender of Pittsburgh at Huntington, W. Va.—Page 1.

President objects to incorporation of Secretary Morton's pooling plan as corollary to scheme to abolish rebates.—Page 8.

Prospects are bright for canalizing the Ohio river.—Page 6.

The president will probe alleged land frauds in Idaho.—Page 1.

Rochester congressman says president's salary at present is sufficient; cabinet officers should receive more.—Page 8.

First convention of Forest association opens at Washington; Secretary Wilson presides.—Page 6.

Gov. Herrick faces a fight for renomination; Harding announces candidacy.—Page 7.

Ohio girl buys rat biscuit to feed to relatives whose property she wished; will not be prosecuted.—Page 8.

Federal court at Philadelphia reverses Jersey court in Northern Securities case; defeat for Harriman interests.—Page 10.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The governor's message is well received by the legislators. His proposed legislation affecting newspapers is favored, but not thought to be constitutional.—Page 1.

Philander C. Knox formally nominated for United States senator.—Page 1.

Text of the governor's message.—Page 11.

The legislature adopts a resolution to adjourn finally April 13.—Page 1.

The senate adopts a resolution to hold ceremonies in memory of the late Senator Quay.—Page 1.

LOCAL.

Director Bigelow tells how he fights a snowstorm.—Page 5.

Obituaries, death notices and marriage licenses.—Page 6.

First packet boat for five months arrives in Pittsburgh.—Page 10.

Allegheny city needs better fire protection.—Page 6.

Director Bigelow's salary bills approved by finance committee, but Director Moore's are shelved.—Page 8.

Annual meeting of the Western Pennsylvania Exposition society shows that last expo was a success.—Page 7.

An introduction, proposal, refusal and suit for damages, all in 10 days, is the story of a little romance which reached the courts.—Page 11.

Mrs. E. L. Mills gets the bond forfeited by her husband, who left for California.—Page 11.

Controller Larkin pleased with Mayor Hays' promise of a reform in his administration.—Page 5.

Bishop Canevin meets his council and names a successor to Father John Hickey.—Page 6.

Allegheny payroll threatens mutiny because of political assessment.—Page 8.

Money for new high school omitted from estimates adopted by finance committee of central board of education.—Page 7.

SPORTING.

The Pirates' owner is busy arranging details of the spring practice trip.—Page 9.

The bowlers are busy once more and some close games were rolled.—Page 12.

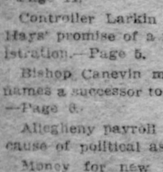
The National commission will arrange for world's series of baseball games for a championship trophy cup.—Page 9.

FINANCIAL.

In Wall street Amalgamated Copper, United States Steel and the entire railroad list scored large net gains and closed strong. In Pittsburgh, Crucible Steel and Allegheny Valley preferred sold at the highest prices for more than a year.—Pages 14 and 15.

THE WEATHER

Fair and cold today, and cloudy and warmer weather for tomorrow, is the prediction of the observer at Washington for Pittsburgh and vicinity. The maximum temperature yesterday was 37 and the minimum 15 degrees. The sun rose cloudy at 7:45 and set cloudy at 5:05 o'clock. Yesterday's report furnished by the local weather office follows:



Fair.

Time.	Baro.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m.	29.76	22	78	N.	Snow.
5 p. m.	29.94	15	79	N.	Clear.

Comparative temperature and precipitation for January 3:

	1905	1904		1905	1904
Maximum	37	13	Mean	26	6
Minimum	15	*1	Precipitation	.13	.04

*Below zero.

Nor. temp. 31 yrs.	30	Nor. precip. 31 yrs.	.10
Dfcy. for day	4	Excess for day	.03
Dfcy. since Jan. 1	37	Exc. since Jan. 1	.09

Official Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania—Fair, continued cold Wednesday; Thursday, partly cloudy and warmer, probably snow flurries near Lake Erie; fresh north winds, becoming variable.

West Virginia—Fair Wednesday; Thursday fair, with rising temperature.

Ohio—Fair Wednesday, not so cold in west portion; Thursday, fair, warmer, fresh north winds becoming variable.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 p. m.:

Cairo	26	Snow	Indianapolis	16	Clear
Memphis	34	Clear	Cincinnati	18	Clear
El Paso	48	Clear	Kansas City	16	Clear
St. Paul	12	Clear	Nashville	24	Clear
Huron	24	Cloudy	Vicksburg	44	Clear
Helena	40	Clear	Louisville	20	Clear
Chicago	20	Clear	Washington	20	Snow
St. Louis	24	Cloudy	Philadelphia	26	Sleet
Omaha	26	Clear	New York	22	Snow
Salt Lake	26	Clear	Buffalo	10	Clear
Denver	44	Clear	Cleveland	18	Clear

TEN MEN YIELD UP LIVES IN FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT TO A PITTSBURGH STEAMBOAT

Explosion and Fire Envelop the Towboat Defender in Awful Ruin—Others Escape Death's Clutches.

MANNED BY LOCAL RIVERMEN

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., Jan. 3.—At 11 o'clock tonight the people of this city were startled by a terrific explosion, followed almost immediately by a lurid glare which lighted up the heavens for miles. Investigation showed the boilers of the towboat Defender of the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company of Pittsburgh had exploded, and the boat and a number of the barges in tow were in flames.

The local fire department was called to the scene, but owing to the location of the boats could do little, and the big towboat was soon a mass of ruins.

The work of rescuing the killed and injured began, and it was soon found the loss of life had been great. Of the 36 men on the boat only nine escaped serious injury. Ten dead bodies have been recoverd. Five others are so badly burned and scalded that their lives cannot be saved. Six more of the crew cannot be accounted for, and it is believed their lifeless bodies now float with the swirling current of the Ohio. The fire continued for two hours and the woodwork of the boat burned clear to the water's edge.

The Defender was one of the biggest tow boats on the river. She had been one of the first boats out of Pittsburgh on the recent rise and towed a heavy line of coal barges to the Cincinnati market. The victims of the disaster were burned to a crisp, and many can never be identified. The Defender, soon after the explosion, settled on the river bed, a total loss.

Capt. James Woodward of Pittsburgh was captain of the steamer, and he was blown into the river, but after struggling in the icy waters was picked up by a rescuing party and taken to the Ohio shore. He is now at the home of Dr. Gerloch. The extent of his injuries are unknown.

The dead body of Thomas Duffy of Pittsburgh, a fireman on the steamer, was taken from the wreck.

Robert Holland of Pittsburgh, fireman, is horribly scalded. He is in the City Hospital here and will probably recover.

Joseph Moore of Oakland, Pittsburgh, a cook on the steamer, is seriously injured and is in the hospital.

An unknown man from Coraopolis, Pa., is among the dead.

Those rescued from the steamer are so seriously injured that they can give no names or information regarding the catastrophe.

The big towboat Victor of the same company, was a mile or so ahead of the Defender, and the statement is made that the two big steamers were racing back to Pittsburgh, and that the Defender at the time of the explosion was carrying 230 pounds of steam.

It is believed that many bodies have been blown into the river and may never be recovered.

Among those injured was a woman who is unknown.

At this hour it is impossible to give any accurate list of the dead or wounded, but this is certain, that of a crew of 30 or more not more than a dozen are accounted for.

An engineer's young son is said to have been killed and one woman, who was aboard, name unknown, is horribly injured. The steamer burned for over an hour and the smouldering hulk settled down just above the city wharfboat.

VICE ADMIRAL ALEXIEFF.

This noted Russian is responsible for his country's present trouble. It was Alexieff who brought on the war, convinced the czar that Japan would be an easy victim and allowed Russia's forces to be unprepared for the fateful struggle. He was the czar's viceroy in the far east, and as commander of the nation's land and naval forces was recalled in time to get out of Port Arthur before the Japanese closed in on the now fallen city.

GOVERNOR HAS RIGHT OPINION

Legislators Favor Newspaper Plan, but Think It Unconstitutional.

KNOX IS NOMINATED

Senate Adopts Resolution Providing for Ceremonies to Honor Quay's Memory.

ADJOURNMENT TO JAN. 16.

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 3.

Public interest in the message of Gov. Pennypacker today overshadowed the formal presentment of the name of Senator Knox as the successor to Senator Quay, and the organization of the senate and house, owing to rumors of what the message would contain.

The governor did not disappoint his friends or the opposition. In his characteristic, plain speaking manner, he covered every issue which he believed to be within the province of the executive. The Gazette some time ago announced the message would be of extraordinary interest. The prophecy has been fulfilled. The governor has spoken his mind freely and fully and it is now a question of action upon the part of the general assembly.

Truthfully it can be said there is but one point of variance between the governor and those who digested his executive suggestions, and that is his attack on a certain newspaper and proposed law applying to newspapers. What the view of the Republican state organization is regarding his suggestion is more or less clouded. Senator Penrose and Insurance Commissioner Durham seem to concur in the opinion that there will be neither a new libel law nor any amendments to the act of 1903.

"I know of no legislation of this character which is contemplated at the present session of the legislature," said Senator Penrose today. Mr. Durham, while declining direct quotation, said he had not heard the matter discussed in a manner which obligated the state organization.

Legislators Form Plan.

The unexpected suggestion of the governor that under certain circumstances it would be proper to suppress a newspaper which is guilty of misrepresentations, took the legislature somewhat by surprise. There seemed to be a unanimous sentiment, at least almost so, that the governor in theory was correct, but the question of constitutional rights, as vouchsafed by the federal and state constitutions, was presented as a barrier to such legislation.

The governor is undoubtedly in earnest. He is honest. He believes in the justness of his course. From it he cannot be swayed. He has the confidence of the organization. He has the confidence of the people. He enjoys those confidences because, regardless of partisan sentiment, everyone knows that he acts upon the initiative of conscience. If he is in error he is willing to be judged by the people. He will neither temporize, nor compromise, with what he believes to be a truly executive duty. The general assembly may accept or reject his suggestion. He will abide by their decision.

During one of the worst blizzards in years, the legislature of 1905 was organized. The ceremonies of the senate and house were statutory and there were no deviations, except those of a social character. In both branches flowers gave color and cheer to the winter's storm.

Attendance Quite Large.

The attendance was so large that the capacity of both halls was taxed and it was necessary for the respective sergeants-at-arms to be "perniciously" active. Even the members of the press were excluded from the floors.

There has been much censure in regard to the quarters provided for the newspaper men in the legislative branches of the new capitol. Some censure is warranted. The seats in the rear of the senate and the house for the full staff of writers are not within the zone of legislative activity. This applies particularly in moments of warm debate when questions of party or factional differences are to be decided. If the sessions of 1899 and 1901 were to be reenacted, the newspaper men might as well be located in Upper Sandusky, O., as

Continued on Second Page.

HENRY F. WALTON,
Speaker of the House.

FINAL HOURS OF FORTRESS

Dynamiting of Rihlung Walls Opened Way for Victorious Japanese.

THE RUIN IS AWFUL

Stoessel's Stubborn Defense of Port Arthur Cost Him 11,000 Soldiers.

MEN IN TERRIBLE PRIVATION

Text of articles of capitulation made public by the Japanese:

Russian soldiers, marines and civil officials become prisoners of war. Officers of the Russian army and navy retain swords and a limited quantity of personal property, and, on signing parole not to take up arms against Japan during continuance of war, may return to Russia. Non-commissioned officers and men remain prisoners.

The Russian military corps must engage to serve under the Japanese corps for an indeterminate period.

All munitions of war, vessels and the like pass into the possession of the Japanese.

St. Petersburg board with composure the terms of the surrender of Port Arthur.

Public expression of opinion is for a continuance of the war. No anti-war demonstrations have occurred in the Russian capital.

Tokyo is still celebrating the victory of Nogi's army. The Japanese fleet will formally thank the captor of Port Arthur.

Neither Russian nor Japanese sentiment appears to favor any proposals to end the war by mediation on the part of a foreign power.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

HEADQUARTERS OF THE JAPANESE THIRD ARMY, IN FRONT OF PORT ARTHUR, Dec. 29.—(Via Tinkow, Via Tientsin, Jan. 3.—After many weeks of patient toil by a regiment of the center division, the mining of nine tunnels under the north wall of Rihlung mountain fort through solid rock was completed and the mines laid on December 28.

Without warning seven mines, containing two tons of dynamite, were exploded at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 29th. The spectacle was magnificent. The entire front walls of the fort seemed to rise bodily into the air in a tremendous column of earth and debris of all kinds. There was no preliminary bombardment to give the Russians a hint of what was in store for them. Half the garrison perished as the result of the explosions and the subsequent charge of the Japanese. The force of the explosions was tremendous. The entire hillside was covered with earth and debris, and the moat was filled to a level with the broken walls of the fort.

In anticipation of a stubborn resistance by a large garrison, the Japanese before daylight pushed a large force into the trenches, where they remained concealed until the explosions took place. The moment the mines were fired a whole park of siege guns opened a concentrated fire upon the fort, which was obscured from view by the bursting shells.

Russians Fought Desperately.

Under cover of this wonderful practice a large force in the nearest sap charged over the filled-in moat and attacked the first line of Russian trenches, behind which were machine guns. The Russians were thrown into the greatest confusion and many of them killed by the explosions. Nevertheless, they fought desperately, but were not able to withstand the number and determination of the Japanese, who passed over the broken walls like rats in the face of a fire from the machine guns and the first line of trenches was captured after 20 minutes of awful fighting.

The fort was arranged in two levels. In the lower level there were infantry in the trenches and upon the walls, and in the rear were machine gun trenches with a deep interior. In the centre of the higher level there were quick-firing guns and heavier guns in the emplacements. In the rear of the higher level were the concreted barracks, the magazines and the kitchens of the garrison.

When the Japanese captured the lower level in the first spirited charge they were not able to advance further. With splendid courage, however, the masses of troops maintained their position notwithstanding an awful concentrated fire from the fortress and from artillery in the forts of Antse and Etse mountains, across the gorge of the Shuihsu valley, and made a trench line from the broken walls to capture the machine gun trenches and the lower section of the fort.

Japanese Losses Light.

They then charged the higher level in splendid form, going up in twos and threes, until a large body had gained the crest of the northwest corner. Before dark the walls of the higher level were black with men who had gained the interior in small parties, despite the awful fire.

In the meantime, more Japanese gained the higher level of the fort from the gorge at the west side. The Japanese attacked in overwhelming numbers from all sides, but the remnant of the garrison continued to fight with splendid spirit, contesting every inch of the interior. Under cover of the darkness the Japanese captured the last sections and the barracks at 3 o'clock in the morning.

One hundred and fifty of the garrison escaped through the connecting trenches in the rear of the fort, which they destroyed by mines to prevent pursuit. Three prisoners were taken and the others of the garrison were killed. The Japanese losses during the day and night were about 1,000 killed or wounded.

With the fort the Japanese captured four guns of large caliber, seven quick-firing guns and two machine guns, besides others not yet counted. In the gorge at the rear of the fort they cap-

WILL PROBE LAND FRAUDS IN IDAHO

President Acts on Affidavits Forwarded to Him by Senator Dubois.

EQUAL STEALS IN OREGON

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Room 10, Postal Building, WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.

Extensive land frauds are now under investigation in the state of Idaho. From statements made by officials here and men from Idaho, disclosures of illegality more far-reaching than those in Oregon are likely to be made.

The investigation was started last week by order of President Roosevelt, who received affidavits from Idaho, through Senator Dubois. These affidavits, four in number, were sent to Senator Dubois by Fred D. Culver of Lewiston, Ida., who was a candidate for attorney general in that state on the Democratic ticket two years ago.

Rumors have been in circulation today involving some important people in Washington, but Senator Dubois made the positive statement tonight that no important Washington names were included in the affidavits, and that the only people mentioned, so far as he knew, were in Idaho.

The affidavits charge that a syndicate is in existence in Idaho, created for the purpose of acquiring by illegal means timber lands from the government. They state that more than $1,000,000 worth of land has been wrongfully taken from the government by means of false entries; that men have been brought into the state, whose expenses were paid, to take up the land under the law and hold it until the timber was cut away, when the alleged homesteaders would suddenly disappear.

FOR HIS MOTHER'S SAKE.

Connecticut's Governor-Elect to Change Historic Course of the Inaugural Parade.

HARTFORD, CONN., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—At a woman's request a long established custom of the governor's inauguration here will be changed when Gov.-elect Roberts is inducted into office. His mother, 92 years old, is the woman.

For years immemorial the inaugural parade on the way to the capitol has passed through Capitol avenue from Main street. Mrs. Roberts' room, to which she is confined, overlooks a corner a block away, so the parade will be deflected in order that she may see it.

BIDS ON WHEELING JOB.

Washington Firm Gets Under Figures of All Competitors for New Federal Building.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Bids for the construction of the public building at Wheeling, W. Va., were opened today at the treasury department. The lowest bidder was Richardson & Burgess of Washington, D. C., whose bid was $218,500.

Among the other bids were those of Henry Shenk & Co. of Erie, $272,228; Brady Construction Company, Fairmont, W. Va., $299,777; Security Construction Company, Wheeling, W. Va., $325,525; Hamilton Iron Company, Fairmount, W. Va., $396,650; Constible Bros., Erie, $279,373.

MRS. CAMPBELL IS HURT.

English Actress Fractures Her Knee Cap and Must Abandon Her American Tour, Doctors Say.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3.—Mrs. Patrick Campbell, the English actress, fractured a knee cap tonight, the result of a fall while entering a carriage to go to the Broad Street theater.

The actress was removed to the University of Pennsylvania hospital. It will be two months, the doctors say, before she will be able to walk. The remainder of her American tour will be abandoned.

SCARED ENEMY WITH BLANK CARTRIDGES

Russian Captain Tells How Czar's Ships, Destitute of Ammunition, Bluffed Japs.

CHEFOO, Jan. 3.—Capt. Kartzow, commanding the Russian torpedo-boat destroyer flotilla which escaped from Port Arthur and entered the harbor of Chefoo Monday morning, tells a curious story of "bluffing" by the Russians at the beginning of the war, when, although there was plenty of ammunition at Port Arthur, there was none on the ships under Golden hill save blank cartridges used for salutes. On three occasions when the Japanese warships approached at long range the Russians opened a noisy fire with blank ammunition, the Japanese in each instance retiring.

Prisoners taken by the Russians related that later, after the Russian ships had received ammunition, the Japanese learned of the ruse and were greatly chagrined that they had not taken advantage of the opportunity.

"Our defense," said Capt. Kartzow, "has been replete with such makeshifts."

KUROPATKIN UNABLE TO GIVE STOESSEL AID

So Replied to Port Arthur Defender. No Help Could Come from the Baltic Fleet.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

CHEFOO, Jan. 3.—Gen. Stoessel, despite his determination not to surrender Port Arthur, realized the gravity of the situation following the capture of 203-Meter hill, from which the last Russians retired Dec. 6. He later learned that he would secure no aid from either Gen. Kuropatkin or the Baltic squadron.

The sailboat which came through a snowstorm, December 16, with half frozen messengers, headed by Commander Mizzeneoff, carried among others two important dispatches. One of those was addressed to St. Petersburg, asking what were the prospects of the arrival of the Russian second Pacific squadron, and the other went to Gen. Kuropatkin inquiring when relief from the Manchurian army would be likely. Both dispatches stated that after another month Port Arthur's last defender would have fallen.

The authorities at St. Petersburg gave the required information, and stated to Gen. Stoessel that he had won the confidence of the government and that whatever he did would be accepted as being for the best.

Gen. Kuropatkin answered to the effect that he had his hands full, and was not able to promise early relief.

AMERICAN BRIDE DIES OF FEVER IN PANAMA

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The state department today received a cablegram from Panama that Mrs. John Seager, wife of the private secretary to Chief Engineer Wallace of the Panama canal, died yesterday from yellow fever. Mr. and Mrs. Seager were married in this city a few months ago.

Sails With Russian Boats.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., Jan. 3.—The German steamship Adria sailed for Hamburg today with two of the Lake submarine boats, said to be consigned to the Russian government. The vessel was held up by an agent for the underwriters who insisted upon the submarines being more securely fastened to the decks, fearing that rough seas might cause damage.

Proverb Problem No. 25

ON PAGE 2, TODAY.

Enter Contest at Once.
Back Numbers Can Be Supplied.
See Second Page.

WILL THROW OUT THE DEMOCRATS

Colorado's Republican Legislature Will Be Ready for Business Today.

ADAMS WILL DIE FIGHTING

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

DENVER, Jan. 3.—At noon tomorrow the legislature which will settle the gubernatorial contest between Gov. Peabody and Alva Adams will be called to order. It is practically certain that the first thing that will be done by the senate will be the unseating of Senators Robert M. Horn of Alamosa and Daniel Healey of Leadville. Their seats will be given to the Republicans, James B. Dick and Jesse McDonald. The latter is lieutenant governor-elect, and will retain his seat as senator only until such time as he is sworn into office.

There is strong probability that Democratic Senators Griffiths, Hughes, Bailey and Hill will also be asked to step out. There are four contests in the house, all of which will undoubtedly be decided in favor of the Republicans.

The makeup of the legislature will be: Senate, Republicans, 19; Democrats, 15; house, Republicans, 47; Democrats, 18. On joint ballot, Republicans 66; Democrats, 33.

The attorneys for Mr. Adams today made a strong effort to have inquiry confined to the ballot boxes only, and urged that it be not extended to the registration slips and the poll books. Attorneys for Mr. Adams asserted that if the investigation was ordered by the court to include all the election machinery, his client would be compelled to withdraw his application for an investigation, "be the consequences what they may."

Mr. Adams said today he would continue the fight until there was absolutely no hope of success.

EUROPE SNOWBOUND.

Blizzard Conditions Prevail in Many Sections of Continent—Tunis Is a Sufferer.

PARIS, Jan. 3.—(Special Cable.)—Wintry conditions in middle and western Europe are extraordinary. The blizzard in Switzerland was the fiercest since 1875. Sunday and Monday were the coldest days, with one exception, for 40 years. Tonight the passengers on the Lausanne-Paris express, after a night spent in a snowdrift, were obliged to return to Lausanne.

Naples is covered with snow. At San Remo at noon the temperature was only 41 centigrade. Tunis is covered with snow for the first time in 30 years.

FOUGHT IN MIDSTREAM.

Youth Charged With Girl's Murder Jailed After Battle With Officers. Badly Wounded.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—After a battle with officers in the middle of Elk creek, into which he waded to escape capture, William Murphy, aged 22, was jailed, suffering from many wounds, but in no danger of death. He is accused of having murdered 16-year-old Mary Kupfner by cutting her throat. Her sister and two other girls, as well as her father, are said to have been attacked by the man.

Murphy, when the officers went to arrest him, defied them and made his way to the middle of the stream. He was taken after a severe struggle.

HUSBAND MOVED WIFE; RECITAL MOVED JUDGE

BELLEFONTAINE, O., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—When she told the court that her husband had compelled her to move 43 times in nine year, Margaret Denman, who today was heard in application for divorce from her husband, William Denman, was immediately granted her decree.

Your Grandmother used Piso's Cure. It is still the best remedy for Coughs. 25c.

Text of the message of Gov. Pennypacker on page 11.

tured 30 quick-firing guns which had been ready to repel any attack on the fort from the rear. Before retiring, the Russians set fire to the barracks and kitchens, which are still burning. Considering the enormous strength of the fort its capture at such small cost of life was a great success.

Slaughter in Port Arthur.

CHEFOO, Jan. 3.—(Evening.)—Some interesting statistics concerning the defense of Port Arthur were brought here by the flotilla of Russian torpedo boat destroyers, which carried numerous chests containing complete records of Gen. Stoessel's army.

Originally the army numbered 35,000. Eleven thousand have been killed, 1,600 are wounded or sick, and 8,000 remained in the forts, of whom, however, 2,000 were unable to fight. It is learned that when Gen. Stoessel wrote to Gen. Nogi regarding the surrender of the fortress he said:

"I have 8,000 men in the forts and 6,000 of these are able to fight. If you do not accept my proposal these men will die fighting, but it will cost you three times their number to kill them."

During the siege, 265 per cent of the garrison were put out of action. This remarkable fact was due to wounded men returning to the front. Cases have been recorded where men have gone to hospitals four times, returning convalescent to the forts.

The number of officers killed was proportionately greater than in any battle known in history. This was due to the frequent lethargic condition of the men, who, without food and without sleep, moved only when ordered by their officers.

The Russians estimate that the taking of the fortress has cost Japan $100,000,000.

THE GOVERNOR'S OPINION

Continued from First Page.

where they are now placed. But with the peaceful program, unity of action and harmony which now seems to prevail, they are fairly well situated. The architect has said that there was space for the more active newspaper workers immediately in front of the rostrum of the president pro tem. and the speaker of the house. No seats have been alloted in these locations as yet. In moments of legislative crises they will be necessary. They would be most convenient even in the present calm. There is little doubt but that such an arrangement will be made after the recess and it is only fair to make such a prediction.

Knox Is Nominated.

Both houses of the general assembly met at noon. Senator William C. Sproul of Chester was elected president pro tem of the senate by the Republicans. In accordance with caucus instructions, the Democrats cast their votes for Senator Arthur Dewalt. In the house the Hon. Henry F. Walton was re-elected speaker, the Democratic vote being cast for Representative R. S. Ammerman of Montour.

This action was taken after the legislative and senatorial vote had been canvassed. An adjournment was then taken until 3 o'clock, when the names of Senator Knox, the Republican candidate for United States senator, and J. K. P. Hall, the Democratic candidate for senator, were formally presented in each branch. In the house, Mr. Hay of Crawford nominated Mr. Knox, and Mr. Ammerman of Montour named Mr. Hall. In the senate Mr. Stineman of Cambria named Mr. Knox and Mr. Grim of Brooks, Mr. Hall. The Republicans have a majority of 204 on joint ballot.

Afterward the governor's message was read. The message received undivided and intense interest in both the senate and the house. That it possessed some dynamic potentiality had been predicted and the legislature was prepared for an explosive diversion. Its wish was gratified. With the exception of the presiding officers, no other places were filled at the time of organization, the minor positions being passed until the evening of January 16, to which time the recess will extend.

The senate unanimously adopted this resolution, offered by Mr. White of Beaver:

Will Honor Quay's Memory.

"Whereas, since the adjournment of this senate the Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay, senior senator from Pennsylvania in the senate of the United States, has been called away from the scene of his earthly labors and achievements, and

"Whereas, In his life he rendered to this, his native state, conspicuous and invaluable service, as a member of the general assembly, as a soldier of the civil war, as secretary of the commonwealth, as state treasurer and as her representative in the senate of the United States for many years, thus winning for himself one of the foremost places among the citizens and statesmen of his state and country; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the senate, at a day to be fixed hereafter, shall hold suitable memorial services in honor of this distinguished son and citizen of the commonwealth, that out of respect to his memory the senate do now adjourn, and that a committee of three be appointed by the chair to arrange the order of said memorial services."

Senator Knox, accompanied by Speaker Walton and Commissioner Durham, visited the executive department this morning. They had a long chat with the governor, the nature of which none of them would afterward discuss. Senator Knox was also present during the earlier stages of the senate's organization, and afterward visited Speaker Walton's quarters.

Knox Praises New Capitol.

To the writer Senator Knox expressed his satisfaction and admiration of the comfort and beauty of the new capitol. He declined to discuss at this time his election to the senatorial vacancy. At midnight he left for Pittsburgh, where he will spend tomorrow, returning to Washington for the purpose of accepting President Roosevelt's invitation to be present at Thursday night's cabinet dinner.

Senator Penrose and his secretary, Col. Wesley R. Andrews, will return to Washington tomorrow. Senator Penrose is very much pleased with the harmonious unity which has characterized the initial stage of the present session, and he is particularly gratified because of the fact that the Republican caucus indorsed his suggestions as to an early adjournment, which has been fixed for April 13. Both houses passed resolutions providing for the adjournment. There has been a gradual shortening of the biennial sessions and the time limit for the present one established a new record.

It is probable that when the assembly reconvenes, the evening of January 16, Speaker Walton will be able to announce, as well as President Sproul of the senate, the standing committees. This will permit of the introduction of bills and there are hundreds of them now ready to be tossed into the hopper. On the following day, January 17, the separate vote for United States senator will be taken in both branches and the day succeeding, January 18, the joint session will elect Senator Philander C. Knox for the short as well as the long term.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

NIXON—William Gillette in "The Admirable Crichton," 8:15 p. m.

NEW ALVIN—The Harry Davis stock company (augmented) in "Around the World in 80 Days," 2 and 8 p. m.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—Continuous vaudeville bill of 15 acts, headed by the great Spadoni, 1:30 to 10:45 p. m.

DUQUESNE—"The Strollers," 8 p. m.

GAIETY—"David Harum," 8 p. m.

ELIOU—"The Great Automobile Mystery," 2 and 8 p. m.

EMPIRE—"Why He Divorced Her," 2:15 and 8:15 p. m.

WILLIAMS' ACADEMY—The World Beaters Burlesquers, 2 and 8 p. m.

DUQUESNE GARDEN—Ice skating afternoon and evening. Music tonight.

THE TERMS MADE AT PORT ARTHUR

Russian Privates Prisoners of War, but Officers Will Be Paroled.

JAPANESE NOW IN THE PLACE

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

HEADQUARTERS OF THE JAPANESE THIRD ARMY, Jan. 2, VIA FUSAN, Jan. 3.—At the conference held between the commissions of Gen. Stoessel and Gen. Nogi at 1 o'clock this (Monday) afternoon the terms of surrender were agreed upon, under which the Russian officers, both civil and military, will be allowed to march out, the military with arms.

The officers will be granted full liberty after giving promises not to take further part in the war. The soldiers, private and non-commissioned officers of the garrison, to the number of 26,000, will be taken prisoners of war.

The surrendered fortress will be formally handed over to the Japanese tomorrow (Tuesday).

The prisoners will march out January 4. The opposing troops are fraternalizing.

By permission of the Japanese Gen. Stoessel today sent a cable message to the emperor of Russia. The message recites the fact that the Port Arthur commander was forced to surrender, announces the terms granting the officers' parole and asks the emperor to send his commands.

Terms of Surrender.

TOKYO, Jan. 3.—(Evening.)—A telegram from Gen. Nogi, giving the text of the capitulation convention was received this afternoon. It is as follows:

Article 1. All Russian soldiers, marines, volunteers, also government officials at the garrison and harbor of Port Arthur are taken prisoners.

Article 2. All forts, batteries, warships, other ships and boats, arms, ammunition, horses, all materials for hostile use, government buildings and all objects belonging to the Russian government shall be transferred to the Japanese army in their existing condition.

Article 3. On the preceding two conditions being assented to, as a guarantee for the fulfillment thereof, the men garrisoning the forts and the batteries on Etse mountain, Sunshu mountain, Antse mountain, and the line of eminences southeast therefrom, shall be removed by noon of January 3 and the same shall be transferred to the Japanese army.

Article 4. Should Russian military or naval men be deemed to have destroyed objects named in article 2 or to have caused alteration in any way in their condition at the existing time, the signing of this compact and the negotiations shall be annulled, and the Japanese army will take free action.

Officers Retain Side Arms.

Article 5. The Russian military and naval authorities shall prepare and transfer to the Japanese army a table showing the fortifications of Port Arthur and their respective positions, and maps showing the location of mines, underground and submarine, and all other dangerous objects; also a table showing the composition and system of the army and naval services at Port Arthur; a list of the army and navy officers, with names, rank and duties of said officers; a list of army steamers, warships and other ships, with the numbers of their respective crews; a list of civilians, showing the number of men and women, their race and occupations.

Article 6. Arms, including those carried on the person; ammunition, war materials, government buildings, objects owned by the government, horses, wagons and other ships, including their contents, excepting private property, shall be left in their present positions, and the commissioners of the Russian and Japanese armies shall decide upon the method of their transference.

Article 7. The Japanese army, considering the gallant resistance offered by the Russian army as being honorable, will permit the officers of the Russian army and navy, as well as officials belonging thereto, to carry swords and take with them private property directly necessary for the maintenance of life. The previously mentioned officers, officials and volunteers, who will sign a written parole pledging they will not take up arms and in no wise take action contrary to the interests of the Japanese army until the close of the war, will receive the consent of the Japanese army to return to their country. Each army and navy officer will be allowed one servant, and such servant will be specially released on signing the parole.

The Prisoners of War.

Article 8. Non-commissioned officers and privates of both army and navy and volunteers shall wear their uniforms and, taking portable tents and necessary private property, and commanded by their respective officers, shall assemble at such places as may be indicated by the Japanese army. The Japanese commissioners will indicate the necessary details therefor.

Article 9. The sanitary corps and the accountants belonging to the Russian army and navy shall be retained by the Japanese while their services are deemed necessary for the caring for sick and wounded prisoners. During such time such corps shall be required to render service under the direction of the sanitary corps and accountants of the Japanese army.

Article 10. The treatment to be accorded to the residents, the transfer of books and documents relating to municipal administration and finance, and also detailed files necessary for the enforcement of this compact shall be embodied in a supplementary compact. The supplementary compact shall have the same force as this compact.

Article 11. One copy each of this compact shall be prepared for the Japanese and Russian armies, and it shall have immediate effect upon signature hereof.

RUSSIANS ARE WONDERING AT STOESSEL'S TENACITY

Czar Grants Request for Parole to Defenders of Port Arthur—Peace Is Not Desired.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 4—2:40 a. m.—The flood of telegrams from abroad bringing talk of peace arouses only resentment in official circles here and even many Liberals who are urgently pressing the government for reforms, aroused by the dreadful story of heroism and suffering of the Port Arthur garrison, declare emphatically against any cessation of hostilities until Russia's honor is vindicated by a victory in Manchuria. Equal resentment is aroused by foreign criticism of Gen. Stoessel for blowing up the ships in the harbor and destroying the town of Port Arthur when he could no longer defend them.

Accounts received from Port Arthur refugees of the straits to which the garrison was reduced before it surrendered are almost unexampled. It is quite true that some explosives were left where with the ships and some houses were destroyed, but the ammunition of many of the forts was absolutely exhausted. Some had not fired a shot for two days before the negotiations opened. The men had been living solely on rice for a month, and many were suffering from scurvy. Even the effective soldiers were nearly all wounded, and dropped asleep amidst the Japanese bombardment beside their own useless guns. One midshipman who had passed through the siege has turned a white haired, prematurely aged man.

Admiration here for the heroic defense is mingled with wonder how Gen. Stoessel continued to hide conditions from the world. Emperor Nicholas has already granted Gen. Stoessel's request that his officers be allowed to give their parole.

In Russia, for the moment, the people seem to have forgotten all their differences in their common grief. The revolutionists who had intended to mark the event with demonstrations, evidently found the moment inopportune, and no disturbance is reported anywhere in Russia today. Nevertheless, that the revolutionists intend to make every use of the fall of the fortress later is not doubted.

Economy

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Fill out this blank form. Hold it and send with others at close of the contest. Address to Manager Proverb Contest, The Gazette, Pittsburgh, Pa. Send as many answers to the same proverb as you please. Read conditions carefully.

WHAT PROVERB DOES THIS PICTURE REPRESENT?

ANOTHER PROVERB PROBLEM TOMORROW

$1,800.00 in Cash Prizes to be given for the correct, or nearest correct, answers to the series of Proverb Problems appearing in The Gazette.

ENTER THE CONTEST.

Any of the Proverb Problems that have been printed to date may be purchased at our Business Office, or will be mailed to any address in the United States (outside of Pittsburgh) on receipt of regular price of papers, 1c each for daily, 5c each for Sunday. First one of this series was printed Sunday, December, 11. Price for all problems to and including yesterday, 40 cents.

LIST OF PRIZES

Capital Prize	$ 500.00	15 Prizes, $10.00 each	100.00
Second Prize	300.00	30 Prizes, $5.00 each	150.00
Third Prize	200.00	75 Prizes, $2.00 each	150.00
Fourth Prize	100.00	100 Prizes, $1.00 each	100.00
2 Prizes, $50.00 each	100.00		
4 Prizes, $25.00 each	100.00	225 Prizes, aggregating	$1,800.00

READ CAREFULLY THE CONDITIONS OF THE CONTEST.

The conditions governing this contest follow: No answer which does not exactly conform to them will be considered.

All answers must be upon GAZETTE blanks, which will be printed with each Proverb Picture. Only one answer will be allowed on each blank.

ANSWERS MUST NOT BE SENT IN UNTIL THE CLOSE OF THE CONTEST. But all answers must be in The Gazette office within two weeks after the last Proverb Picture is printed.

The blank forms will be numbered and answers must be neatly arranged in numerical order by the contestants. At the close of the contest answers should be sent by mail, postpaid, addressed to Manager Proverb Contest, THE GAZETTE, PITTSBURGH, PA., or they may be left in sealed envelopes at our Business Office, Wood Street and Oliver Avenue, addressed as above.

Do not send the pictures. SEND ONLY THE ANSWER BLANK. The blanks may be filled out in any legible way.

Contestants may send in as many sets of answers as they please, but each set must be in a different envelope. Each set will be treated separately, BUT NO CONTESTANT WILL BE AWARDED MORE THAN ONE PRIZE. Contestants may send in duplicate answers to the same Proverb Problem, but they must be on separate blanks; that is, they may fill out two or more No. 1s or 2s, etc. These duplicates must be kept together in making up the sets of answers.

Reasonable neatness will be taken into consideration in awarding the prizes.

Contestants may secure assistance from any source. Everybody is eligible except employes of The Pittsburgh Gazette.

The manager of the Proverb Contest distinctly reserves the right to make any change in or addition to these conditions that he may deem necessary for properly conducting the contest.

The proverbs selected for this contest are those in common use and will not be hard to solve, but be careful to get the correct wording and punctuation, and see that each word is spelled correctly. You will find this contest an education for old and young. Enter it at once.

WARRING NATIONS NOT READY FOR MEDIATION

Report of Peace Proposals Discredited by Both Tokyo and St. Petersburg.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 3.—It was stated by officials of the foreign office today that while any peace proposals Japan might make would receive due consideration, the officials were unable to imagine how it could be possible for Japan to offer conditions which Russia could accept.

The report circulated to the effect that an armistice is assured before the end of the week is not confirmed in official circles, where there is no intimation that such a thing is contemplated.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister, said today:

"I know nothing whatever about proposals for peace overtures. They must come from Russia. I have seen reports of President Roosevelt's desire to use his good offices for the purpose of ending the war, but so long as the views of the Russian government are unknown, I do not see any opportunity for mediation or for the exercise of good offices. I regard the statements on the subject as purely conjectural. The report that Japan will offer terms of peace is absolutely unfounded."

PARIS, Jan. 3.—The report attributing to France an intention to sound the foreign powers toward securing joint support for mediation in the war is categorically denied at the foreign office. The officials reiterate that no steps whatever will be taken until one of the parties formally requests good offices.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Reports that President Roosevelt is likely to initiate negotiations of friendly mediation between Russia and Japan are premature, at least, and entirely unauthorized. It is stated most positively today, that no negotiations looking to mediation on the part of the American government are pending and it is not known that such negotiations will be initiated in the immediate future.

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OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived January 3.

New York—Ivernia, Liverpool.
Glasgow—Mongolian, New York.
Moville—Sicilian, St. John, N. B., for Liverpool, and proceeded.
Dover—Kroonland, New York for Antwerp, and proceeded.

Sailed January 3.

New York—Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen; Pannonia, Naples; Cevic, Liverpool.
Lisbon—Arion, British Columbia.
Hamburg—Ramses, Seattle.
Boulogne—Bracker, from Hamburg and Dover, New York.
Liverpool—Saxonia, Boston, via Queenstown.

Passed January 3.

Inishtahull—Sicilian, St. John, N. B., and Halifax, for Moville and Liverpool.
Prawle Point—Columbia, Boston for London.

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Winter Term—Day and night school. Begins Jan. 5th, 1905.
Avoid Catchpenny Concerns Conducted by Expert Humbugs and Common Scolds.

SCURVY AN AID TO JAPANESE

Stoessel Reports Disease and Shells Reduced Defenders to 10,000 Men.

LACKED AMMUNITION TO FIGHT

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 3. — Gen. Stoessel's dispatches by way of Chefoo to the general staff relate how the position of the fortress of Port Arthur gradually became less safe and more critical, the ravages of scurvy increasing enormously the casualty lists already so considerable from the Japanese assaults and bombardments. Toward the end of the year the supplies of ammunition completely gave out. There were 14,000 sick and wounded in the hospitals and 300 fresh casualties coming in daily.

The general reports that at the end of the siege he had only 10,000 men under arms, the remainder of the original garrison having been either killed or disabled.

Dec. 28 the general wrote:

"The position of the fortress is becoming very painful. Our principal enemies are scurvy, which is mowing down the men, and 11-inch shells, which know no obstacle and against which there is no protection. There only remain a few who have not been attacked by scurvy. We have taken all the possible measures, but the disease is spreading. The passive endurance of the enemy's bombardment, the impossibility of replying for want of ammunition, the outbreak of scurvy, and the loss of a mass of officers, all diminish daily the capabilities of the defense.

Lost High Officers.

"The tale of the losses of higher officers is an indication of the enormous losses we have sustained. Of 10 generals, two, Kondratenko and Tserpitsky, have been killed, Reznatowsky is dead, two are wounded, myself and Gennadeire, while Gorbatowsky is suffering from contusions. Of nine regimental commanders and colonels, Prince Matenabeli Naoumenk has been killed, Dourire and Glagolew have succumbed to wounds, and four others have been wounded. One lieutenant colonel has been killed and two are wounded."

"Among the field artillery Col. Irman was wounded, Col. Peterodi was killed, and six officers were wounded. Among the other high officers there was an enormous percentage of killed or several times wounded. Many companies are commanded by ensigns, and the companies only average 90 men strong.

"The Japanese since December 18 have refrained from assaulting. Yesterday they exploded a mine under the fortifications of fort No. 5, and about a score of hardy Japanese mounted the rampart, but were exterminated by bayonets and hand grenades. In revenge the Japanese bombarded all night and all day long with 11-inch shells, especially the hospitals and ambulances, although knowing full well there was no possibility of our wounded heroes joining the ranks of the defenders.

14,000 in Hospitals.

"There are 14,000 sick and wounded in the hospitals, and the number increases by about 700 daily."

Dec. 29, Gen. Stoessel wrote:

"At 10 o'clock yesterday morning, the Japanese blew up part of the parapet of Fort No. 3. They afterward opened a severe bombardment along the whole front, but especially on Fort No. 3. At about 3 o'clock in the afternoon they dashed to the attack of the parapet from the moat and glacis where they had been held in readiness.

"Two attacks were repulsed, but Japanese occupied the funnel-shaped opening formed by the explosion, and, reinforced by their reserves, began to run across the moat in groups of about five. They occupied the parapet, and at dusk two battalions had entered the interior of the fort. Our troops fought from the entrenchments, which were badly damaged. Part of our troops hid themselves in the casements, but the Japanese placed machine guns in front of the exit from the casements, thus depriving our men hidden there of all possibility of making an attack.

"Three counter attacks from the outside by our reserves met with no success. The fort consequently remained in possession of the Japanese. Our losses were considerable, especially in officers. The survivors of the garrison succeeded in getting out of the fort by the windows.

Almost no Ammunition.

"By the occupation of this fort the Japanese became masters of the whole north front, and the fortress can hold out only a few days more. We have almost no ammunition. I will take measures to prevent carnage in the streets.

"Scurvy is sensibly weakening the garrison. I have now under arms only 10,000 men all sick.

"Gens. Fock and Nikoutine have been veritable heroes, and admirable collaborators."

Gen. Stoessel's reports of December 28 and 29, painting the harrowing picture of the depleted and exhausted garrison fighting on hopelessly, were posted on the bulletin boards this afternoon and attracted enormous crowds whose grief at the fall of the fortress was swallowed up by admiration for the heroic defenders. The war office and admiralty were soon besieged by grief-stricken relatives and friends of those at Port Arthur, eagerly seeking for news, but the staffs were completely without details.

The city is perfectly quiet, the agitators finding the people were in no mood for demonstration against the government. It is presumed the emperor is already acquainted with the detailed terms of the surrender, it being assumed that Stoessel was allowed to communicate direct with his majesty, but the war office is still without information except such as is contained in the Tokyo dispatches. The report that the officers will be allowed to return to Russia on parole and retain their swords is generous on the part of a valiant foe to a gallant enemy.

TOKYO CELEBRATES VICTORY.

Great Lantern Procession in Japanese Capital Owing to Victory at Port Arthur.

TOKYO, Jan. 3.—(Night.)—It is expected the diet will now take a recess and hold a special session for the purpose of passing a vote of thanks to Gen. Nogi and the men of the Third army. A great lantern procession in celebration of the surrender of Port Arthur was held tonight, and the city was splendidly illuminated. Thousands of men carrying flags and lanterns marched the streets, visiting and cheering the various departments of the government.

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Address Dr. Kilmer & Company, Binghamton, N. Y.

BIGELOW GOT ALL; MOORE NOTHING

Salary Bills of Public Works Department Are Approved by the Committee.

OTHERS WERE SIDE TRACKED

At a meeting of the finance committee of councils yesterday afternoon Director Moore's ordinance providing for the employment of an additional assistant fire chief and increasing the salaries of the six assistant fire chiefs, each from $1,800 to $2,100 a year, was sidetracked to a sub-committee, while an ordinance of Director Bigelow's, providing for the employment of seven additional permanent clerks in the bureau of water assessments and seven deputies to serve during the months of April and May, were approved and ordered affirmatively recommended to councils. Each of these seven news clerks and seven deputies are to receive $3 a day. This means an addition to the force of the water assessors' office of 14 persons.

Director Moore asked for another assistant fire chief, stating that he intends to form a new fire district in the East End, although he has not advanced any arguments to councils for the increases in salaries from $1,800 to $2,100 a year.

Salary Increases Granted Bigelow.

Besides the increase recommended in the bureau of water assessments, the committee recommended that two new positions in the bureau of surveys, in the public works department, be created. One is that of principal assistant engineer, paying $2,400 a year, and that of a counter clerk at $50 a month. An ordinance was approved authorizing the employment of a number of additional cleaners in the public works department, each at a monthly salary of $40.

The finance committee approved the bill authorizing the employment of an additional clerk in the city clerk's office at $80 a month.

The ordinance presented by the clerks in the city assessors' office got short shrift from the committee. It provides that 11 of the 20 clerks of the assessors' office shall be increased from $85 to $100 a month each, but it was sent to a sub-committee consisting of Messrs. Zeuger, Walls and Hughes. The selection of this sub-committee means that the ordinance, as Director Bigelow announced Saturday, "will not be heard of again."

The finance committee also considered and disposed of an ordinance regulating the running of automobiles, which properly belongs to the public works committee. The excuse for the presence of the ordinance in the finance committee was that the bill contained a provision for the licensing of automobiles, although there is a general ordinance requiring all vehicles to pay a license fee. The ordinance is devoted at length to a number of restrictions regarding the running of automobiles.

Bill Regulates Automobiles.

It limits the speed to six miles an hour in built-up portions of the city and to eight miles an hour to other portions of the city. It requires that suitable provision be made to prevent unnecessary noise from escaping steam, that proper signals be displayed, and that certain laws of the road be observed. The owner of an auto with a capacity of only two persons shall pay $6 a year, and of more than two persons $10 a year. The ordinance was introduced in councils by Common Councilman J. O. Bockstoce, although City Treasurer Steel is credited with being the author.

The finance committee is used as the receptacle for general measures. In this committee is also an ordinance, creating the bureau of combustibles for the regulation of the manufacture, sale and transportation of explosives, although this bill in the opinion of many should be in the public safety committee.

The ordinance authorizing the employment of an additional assistant fire chief and raising the salaries of the assistant fire chiefs was referred to a sub-committee consisting of Messrs. Taylor, McNally and Barry.

Transfers of money from one bureau to another, aggregating $49,000 were approved by the finance committee.

The ordinance authorizing the expenditure of $8,000 for compiling a new digest of city laws was negatively recommended to councils and a substitute ordinance, presented by C. W. Helmold, increasing the sum to $10,000 and authorizing the printing of 1,000 copies of the digest, was affirmatively recommended to councils. The digest committee was empowered to employ at attorney to do the work. The plan is to select Robert McElroy of the East End.

VETERAN MADE TIPSTAFF.

Henry Marshall Appointed—Judge Hawkins Takes Oath of Office.

Henry Marshall of the Twentieth ward was appointed a tipstaff in common pleas court No. 1. The appointment was made to fill the vacancy caused by the appointment of Tipstaff Henry Oehmler to court crier at the death of Capt. S. M. Duvall. Marshall is a veteran of the civil war and a member of Col. James B. Clark post No. 162 G. A. R.

The oath of office was administered to Judge W. D. Hawkins of the orphans' court on Monday in chambers. Judge Hawkins has been on the bench since this court was created in 1875. The term on which he is entering continues until January 1, 1915.

School Controllers Are Shocked.

The board of school controllers of McKeesport received a shock last night. They had advertised for bids for $254,000 worth of 3½ per cent school bonds. When they met last night to open bids they discovered none had been filed. They will readvertise.

PIANO FACTORY

TALK NO. XXVI.

Pittsburgh people have shown an enthusiastic appreciation for the beautiful

Kleber Pianos

Our factory worked overtime, yet the demand was such that we decided to build at once an addition—a wing—of five large floors—thus increasing our output two-fold.

As a matter of fact, don't you think it is safest to buy a Piano made in your home town, by home people?

We pay the Highest Prices for materials and workmanship; that accounts for the beautiful tone color in the Kleber Piano.

N. B.—There has been a pleasing scarcity of Noisy "Bargain Sales" lately. Have you noticed it?

Agency for the world-famous Knabe Pianos.

Also new and used pianos, $125, $140, $180, $200. The marvelous APOLLO PIANO PLAYER; Apollo Music, 50c a roll.

KLEBER,

61 YEARS IN PITTSBURGH.

221-223 FIFTH AVE.

Piano Factory: Greensburg.

85th

semi-annual interest due and payable January 1st, 1905, on demand.

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS
412 AVE. & SMITHFIELD ST.
PITTSBURGH PA.

Founded 1862.

Assets, $14,000,000.00.

Four per cent. interest paid.

45,000 Depositors.

Write for our new booklet on modern banking methods.

INDIGESTION

Leads to Chronic Dyspepsia and Catarrh of the Stomach.

HOW IS YOUR DIGESTION?

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure Digests What You Eat, Sweetens the Stomach and Enables the Digestive Organs to Feed the Body.

(Unsolicited Correspondence.)

Spencer, Ia.—Have had Dyspepsia for twenty years. My case was almost hopeless, Kodol Dyspepsia Cure was recommended and I used a few bottles of it and it is the only thing that has relieved me. Would not be without it. Have doctored with local physicians and also at Chicago, and even went to Norway with hopes of getting some relief, but Kodol is the only remedy that has done me any good, and I heartily recommend it.

Geo. A. Thompson.

Taylorsville, N. C.—It affords me pleasure to bear testimony to the most excellent merit of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have used it in my practice with the most satisfactory results and recommend it as one of the finest digestants known to the profession. Every person suffering with Dyspepsia or Indigestion should use it. O. L. Hollar, M. D.

Crookston, Minn.—I have used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure for a period of nine months, using in all four bottles, and I can say that it has cured me from Dyspepsia completely, and I recommend it highly.

J. O. Sether, Traveling Salesman.

Allenville, Mich.—I suffered Heartburn and Stomach trouble for some time. My sister-in-law has had the same trouble and was not able to eat for six weeks. She lived entirely on warm water. After taking two bottles of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure she was entirely cured. She now eats heartily and is in good health. I am glad to say that a dose of Kodol always gives me instant relief.

J. D. Erskine.

New Britain, Conn.—Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is giving such universal satisfaction and is so surely becoming the Positive relief and subsequent cure for this most distressing ailment, I feel that I am always sure to satisfy and gratify my customers by recommending it to them.

I write this to show how well the remedy is spoken of here.

S. P. Storrs, Druggist, 297 Main St.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is prepared at the laboratory of E. C. De Witt & Co., Chicago, and is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

Ask for the 1905 Kodol Almanac and 200-Year Calendar

New Year Changes Necessitate

Blank Books Legal Blanks Office Supplies

We have been selling these things for almost half a century—

Know just how best to meet your requirements—

J. R. WELDIN & CO.

429-431 Wood St.

DIAMONDS

TERHEYDEN

RELIABLE JEWELER

530 SMITHFIELD ST.

50 YEARS IN ONE LOCATION

Best values in furniture are obtained at

McELVEEN'S

(McElveen Furniture Co.)

525-527-529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Chase WB Loveless Sixty Stitches to the Inch

Pneumonia and consumption can be cured. Easier to prevent them. Sound lungs are safe. Dr. Acker's English Remedy cures and strengthens your lungs. Sample free. Write to W. H. Hooker & Co., 24 Elliott st., Buffalo, N. Y.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Fair and Cold. Yesterday's Temperature—Max. 37; Min. 18.

Wednesday, January 4, 1905.

Our Great January Clearance

It is a great one, and no mistake. In point of attendance never was there a greater first day than yesterday. Notwithstanding we rather plume ourselves on being able to wait upon any immense assemblage with some degree of celerity, we are just the least bit afraid many hundreds yesterday failed to get that strict attention due them.

To such we offer the apology of not having salespeople with four hands instead of two—the crowd was beyond our capacity—but a good-natured crowd—admirably so. We are quite sure all who were in any way disappointed will understand yesterday's situation, and be with us today when freedom will be somewhat broader of scope.

The Same Excellent Values and Underprices Again the Feature Today,

as they were yesterday—especially in the Women's Wrap and Suit Section. Here was where congestion was manifest, and although there were some 200 salespeople in attendance, many had to leave without getting suit, coat, skirt, waist, as the case may have been.

Come today, and rest assured of as good selection as yesterday, and also of being well taken care of in the matter of prompt attendance.

What follows is merely tenth-part hints, and in these extraordinary busy times that is about as far as we can get with clearance news.

Second Day of the January Clearance of Women's Apparel

Street Suits and Skirts, Fine Evening Wraps and Gowns for Next-to-Nothing Prices.

Excellent Choosing for Today.

The sale started yesterday morning. No sooner were the doors opened than people began simply to throng into the store. At 9 o'clock the entire Second Floor, West, which is given over to women's ready-to-wear apparel, rivaled the inaugural ball in point of numbers.

Despite this fact choosing for today is still excellent as the collection was an immense one—some 4,000 pieces.

As a whole the suits are of most recent styles and include every style from the smart blouse to the 50-inch tight-fitting coat. Every color and every fashionable color combination is to be had. While a full range of sizes cannot be promised in every style, yet every size will be found in the collection. The skirts are shown in every design that has been brought out recently from the simple flared skirt to the kilted styles. The largeness of the assemblage forbids detail, so we will simply repeat the prices.

Lot 1—$7.50 the suit—original prices up to $20.00.

Lot 2—$10.00 the suit—original prices up to $25.00.

Lot 3—$12.50 the suit—original prices up to $28.00.

Lot 4—$15.00 the suit—original prices up to $30.00.

Lot 5—$17.50 the suit—original prices up to $33.50.

Lot 6—$20.00 the suit—original prices up to $40.00.

Lot 7—$22.50 the suit—original prices up to $45.00.

Lot 8—$30.00 the suit—original prices up to $55.00.

Lot 9—$35.00 the suit—original prices up to $65.00.

Lot 10—$45.00 the suit—original prices up to $85.00.

Lot 11—$50.00 the suit—original prices up to $150.00.

$5.00 and up to $7.50 Walking Skirts for $2.00 Each.

These are in instep length, shown in the most popular materials, plain and fancy. Only two or three of each kind.

NOTE—On account of the extreme reductions no garments sold during this sale will be subject to return. Nor can we allow any alteration in any garment costing $10.00 or less.

Women's Winter Coats at the Very Lowest Notch.

No coat in the entire lot sold for less than $15.00, and from that figure the prices rose gradually to $50.00. We will therefore refrain from particularizing, letting our known low prices and the really phenomenal reductions speak for themselves.

The clause with regard to returns and alterations mentioned above also holds good on purchases of coats under these prices.

Lot A—former prices $15.00 and up to $25.00—including several lengths and various styles—cheviots, coverts, venetians, Scotch tweeds, broadcloths, kerseys and West of England cloths employed—almost all full silk or satin lined. A few of those in light colors are slightly mussed. Select from this lot at..... $5.00

Lot 1—former prices up to $22.50—miscellaneous lots of many of our best styles—only two or three of a kind. Black, tan and a great variety of tweeds—among others the late Winter Tourist Coats. Select from this lot at..... $7.50

Lot 2—former prices $20.00 up to $25.00—raincoats, three-quarter length jackets, tourist coats and full length storm coats—mannish woolens, broadcloths, coverts, cravenettes and cheviots—black, oxford, tan and brown. Select from this lot at..... $10.00

Lot 3—former prices $20.00 and up to $50.00—being copies of former models, manufacturers' samples and odds and ends of our best selling numbers. Select from this lot at $17.50, $15.00 and..... $12.50

Gold Spring Eyeglasses, $1.50.

In many cases the loss of sight is due to ignorance and carelessness—through being fitted with the wrong glasses. Therefore it behooves everyone who wears glasses to get them from a firm in whom they can repose confidence.

We are as careful in fitting a purchaser with a pair of $1.50 glasses as with those costing three times that amount.

A pair of $1.50 glasses for ordinary reading, together with a strong reading glass for especially fine print, will preserve the eyesight in good shape as long as one lives.

The January Clearance of Winter Dress Woolens.

Here is a gathering of dress woolens embracing every faddish material that women could ask for. Fine weaves from Scotland, England, France and Germany, and the best and prettiest from our own country. Every color as well as solid black and pure white.

35c a yard for 40-inch English Fancy Mohairs—black and white, blue and white, brown and white—60c quality.

55c a yard for 50 and 54-inch all-wool Manish Suitings—$1.25 quality.

55c a yard for 44-inch imported black French Serge—$1.00 quality.

$1.50 to $2.50 Values for 65c the Yard.

54-inch Cloth Zibeline, plain and frosted effects.

48-inch Camel's Hair Novelties.

46-inch Mohair Mistral Etamine.

54-inch extra heavy Oxford Coating Cloths.

48-inch Imported Camel's Hair Panama Cloth.

48-inch Illuminated Scotch Mixtures.

48 to 54-inch satin finished Zibeline.

$2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 Values for $1.00 the Yard.

54-inch fine West of England Tweeds.

54-inch all-wool Scotch Mixtures.

54-inch Mannish Tailor Suitings.

54-inch Panne Camel's Hair Mixtures.

54-inch English Chevron Striped Worsteds.

54-inch striped Camel's Hair Suitings.

54-inch all-wool English Tourist Cloth.

44-inch French Wire Voile.

44-inch silk and wool Eolienne.

46-inch fine Chiffon Voile.

48-inch Camel's Hair Novelties.

Clearance Prices for Gloves.

We place on sale today a lot of women's 2-clasp Kid Gloves in white, black and colors—the goods are slightly soiled from handling during the holidays. Regular prices $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 the pair—today they will sell for 65c the pair.

A lot of misses' Kid Gloves—small sizes only—regular 75c gloves for 25c a pair.

A lot of women's and children's Golf Gloves—slightly mussed—35c and 50c qualities for 18c a pair—3 pairs for a half dollar.

Annual Underprice Sale of Sheets, Bolsters, Pillow Cases, Bedspreads, Longcloths, Cambrics Begins Today, West Basement.

This is one of the sales we prepared for many weeks in advance, and is a sale wherein housewives can purchase these goods (just new from the factory) for very much less than regular prices—the prices being made low enough to induce the buying of a season's complete outfit. Herewith we present some quotations, which we think will be found unequaled anywhere for the class of goods offered.

Muslin Sheets.

1,200 Muslin Sheets—size 81x90 inches—seamless—worth 65c, for the low price of (each)..... 50c

Standard Muslin Sheets in different sizes will be on sale for the following underprices:

63x90 inches—regular price 70c—our special price today..... 55c

72x90 inches—regular price 75c—our special price today..... 60c

81x90 inches—regular price 80c—our special price today..... 65c

Standard Muslin Pillow Cases—for as low prices as one could ask to be quoted—

42x36 inches—regular price 20c—our special price today (each)..... 12½c

45x36 inches—regular price 22½c—our special price today (each)..... 15c

Standard Muslin Bolster Cases for these very small prices—

42x76½ inches—regular price 40c—our special price today (each)..... 25c

45x76½ inches—regular price 45c—our special price today (each)..... 30c

J. H. Co. Blue Label Sheets.

These sheets, which bear our name, are made for us especially and they are 3½ inches longer than regular size sheets. Further, they are made of an extra quality of standard muslin. The underprices are as follows—

63x33½ inches—regular price 80c—special price in this sale (each)..... 65c

72x93 inches—regular price 85c—special price in this sale (each)..... 70c

72x99 inches—regular price 87½c—special price in this sale (each)..... 75c

81x93½ inches—regular price 95c—special price in this sale (each)..... 80c

81x99 inches—regular price 97½c—special price in this sale (each)..... 85c

90x99 inches—regular price $1.00—special price in this sale (each)..... 90c

90x108 inches—regular price $1.15—special price in this sale (each)..... $1.00

Hemstitched sheets in the same quality and sizes 10c advance on each sheet.

J. H. Co. Blue Label Pillow Cases.

42x38½ inches—regular price 30c—special price in this sale (each)..... 17c

45x38½ inches—regular price 35c—special price in this sale (each)..... 22c

J. H. Co. Blue Label Bolster Cases.

42x81 inches—regular price 60c—special price in this sale (each)..... 35c

45x81 inches—regular price 70c—special price in this sale (each)..... 45c

Same quality Bolster Cases, hemstitched, 10c each, extra.....

We have a splendid new line of Wamsutta, New Bedford and Percale Sheets, Pillow Cases and Bolster Cases which will be offered for proportionately low prices.

Bedspreads.

500 White Crochet Bed Spreads, double bed size, Marseilles patterns, worth $1.15, will be sold today for (each)..... 88c

500 White Crochet Bed Spreads, double bed size, Marseilles patterns, extra grade of yarn, worth $1.25, will be sold today for (each)..... 98c

500 Pique Bed Spreads, a light weight crochet spread, worth $1.35, will be sold today for (each)..... $1.00

500 Crochet Bed Spreads for brass beds, the corners being cut and spreads fringed—Marseilles patterns, worth $2.00, will be sold for (each)..... $1.50

250 White Marseilles Bed Spreads—large size, worth $1.75—will be sold today for (each)..... $1.35

200 White Marseilles Bed Spreads—extra nice patterns—worth $2.25, will be sold today for (each)..... $1.85

500 White Satin Spreads, large size, handsome patterns—worth $2.25, will be sold today for (each)..... $1.75

1,000 Imported Bed Spreads will be sold at these reductions: At $3.75 from $5.00; at $5.75 from $7.50; at $7.50 from $10; at $9.00 from $12.00; at $11.25 from $15.00.

Longcloths and Cambric.

J. H. Co.'s special No. 4 Longcloth—put up in 12-yard pieces—worth $1.25, will be sold for, the piece..... 95c

J. H. Co.'s special No. 1 Longcloth—put up in 12-yard pieces—worth $1.75, will be sold for, the piece..... $1.40

J. H. Co.'s special No. 5 Longcloth—put up in 12-yard pieces—worth $2.00, will be sold for, the piece..... $1.50

10,000 yards soft finished Longcloth, 36 inches wide, worth 11c, will be sold for, a yard..... 8½c

10,000 yards sheer, soft finished Longcloth, worth 15c a yard, will be sold for, a yard..... 12½c

10,000 yards of fine Cambric with the finish of nainsook—36 inches wide—worth and selling for regularly 15c a yard, will be sold today for, a yard..... 12½c

10,000 yards Lonsdale Cambric—a splendid material, 36 inches wide—always selling for 12½c, will be sold today for, a yard..... 10c

The Clearance Prices on Fashionable Waists.

Notwithstanding that we sold hundreds of waists yesterday those who come today need not fear any disapointment, as we have a very good variety to show on the second day of this clearance event. Cotton, silk, velvet and chiffon. All in perfect condition, though sizes are broken.

$3.00 cotton or wool Waists for $1.50.

$3.50 and $4.00 cotton or wool Waists for $2.50.

$5.00 and $7.50 cotton or wool waists for $3.50.

$7.50 to $15.00 wool Waists for $5.00.

$15.00 to $25.00 wool Waists for $7.50.

A lot of very fine Waists—former prices $10.00 and up to $15.00—of velvet, chiffon or fancy silk—tastefully trimmed, black, white and colors for, each..... $7.50

A lot of very dressy Waists—former prices $15.00 to $25.00—of lace, chiffon or taffeta—elaborately trimmed—some of them copies of French models, for, each..... $10.00

A lot of our most elegant Waists—former prices $25.00 and up to $60.00—some of the handsomest we have ever shown—for, each, $30.00 and these down to..... $12.50

Hurt Books for Half Prices.

We use the term "hurt" commercially. Not one book out of a hundred will be found hurt to any serious extent—but unless they are perfect we do not care to put them on our invoice sheet for 1905.

Therefore today select from a special lot of $1.08 copyright books and pay just 54c. We name a few titles.

The Maids of Paradise, by Robert W. Chambers.

Barnasch of the Guard, by Henry Seton Merriman.

The Long Night, by Stanley J. Weyman.

The Adventures of Gerard, by A. Conan Doyle.

Audrey, by Mary Johnston.

The Fortunes of Fifi, by Molly Elliot Seawell.

All of our popular fiction which sells regularly for 45c per volume may be had today for 30c per volume.

Standard Authors in Sets.

Attractively bound in cloth, printed on good paper with clear type, published to sell for $10.00 on sale today for $5.00 the set, including the works of

Oliver Wendell Holmes—3 volumes.
James Russell Lowell—6 volumes.
Nathaniel Hawthorne—3 volumes.
Thomas de Quincey—12 volumes.
Harriet Beecher Stowe—6 volumes.
Hans Christian Anderson—6 volumes.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week, as well as the special telegraph and cable news of the New York Herald, and in addition has private wires to its bureaus in New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

TERMS:

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Rates by mail within the United States and Canada, outside of the City of Pittsburgh:
Daily Edition at the rate of $3.00 per year.
Sunday Edition, $2.50 per year.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per month, 50 cents.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per year, $5.00.

Anyone unable to purchase a copy of The Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Wednesday, January 4, 1905.

The decision of the United States supreme court that packages of liquor sent to prohibition towns in Iowa cannot be confiscated without interfering with the rights of interstate commerce is similar to other opinions of that body. About 20 years ago the court allowed liquor to enter Vermont in this form in the much litigated case of the dealer, driven out of the state, who attempted to quench its thirst from a storehouse on the border by using the express companies as messengers. Vermont was then a prohibition state, but Iowa has local option, a majority of her towns refusing to license liquor selling.

The interviews with prominent congressmen obtained by the Washington correspondent of The Gazette show that the movement for the canalization of the Ohio with a nine-foot channel rests upon a substantial basis and that there is good ground for confidence in the eventual consummation of the project. Great as its importance is regarded to be it probably exceeds in importance anything that we can now imagine, for the probability is that the effect of the construction of the isthmian canal upon the trade of the whole Mississippi valley is beyond all present power of conception.

Another deadlock is predicted when the Delaware legislature attempts to elect a senator January 17, for Addicks will lack five votes on the first ballot and probably lose two more afterward. If both sides remain determined it is possible that no successor to Dr. Ball will be chosen. His colleague, Senator Allee, hopes to be re-elected two years hence, but if he remains loyal to Addicks he cannot expect any help from regular Republicans. Furthermore, it is said that he has alienated several Addicks men in the legislature by his distribution of patronage and that this dissatisfaction will ultimately find expression. There seems to be an opportunity for a political Moses to rescue the state from a demoralized condition. A thorough reaction must precede any regeneration of the state which has so long suffered through unscrupulous ambition.

While the world is being thrilled with the story of the capture of Port Arthur after its heroic defense by Gen. Stoessel, has anyone thought to inquire the whereabouts of Admiral Alexieff? Less than a year ago he was the most conspicuous Russian figure in Manchuria. It was to him that Japan humbly conveyed her communications concerning Russian occupation of Manchuria, for it was announced that with him was the power to declare war or promote peace. He flitted from Vladivostok to Port Arthur and back again, and after inspecting the fleet and fortifications he declared them impregnable. It was on these representations that the czar was persuaded that his navy could easily repulse any attack from a fifth-class power like Japan. From the day when Japanese torpedo attacks dispelled this serenity Alexieff's power has waned. First he was made a civil governor, while the army was intrusted to Kuropatkin and the navy to Makaroff. When the Japanese approached Port Arthur they reached for the train of the escaping Alexieff, who just managed to escape the folds of the armies encircling the city. Then the czar took pity on him and called him home, where he honored him with empty title while he deprived him of power.

The perfect harmony with which the legislature effected its organization was in marked contrast with the factional strife of a number of years preceding the last election of Senator Quay. The party is now free from any dissension endangering its unity, and the peril to which it is now exposed comes from the very magnitude of its victory. The Democratic representation has dwindled into a corporal's guard and the Republican majority is so great as to be almost embarrassing. The situation will call for careful leadership, for as Gov. Pennypacker observes, "with great majorities come great responsibilities." A good step has already been taken in the decision to adjourn April 13, which will provide a legislative session of 100 days. Senator Knox was duly nominated and he will receive the compliment of being elected by an extraordinary majority, while the senatorial compliment the Democrats will bestow upon J. K. P. Hall will be of an unusually attenuated character. The legislature acted judiciously in adjourning to January 17, and this will convene the houses again in time for the senatorial election, which is the first business of the working session, and in the meantime the committee appointments can be made and the legislature put in a position to proceed with the public business. The action taken by the senate in honor of Senator Quay's memory was a fitting tribute and the memorial services which will be arranged in pursuance of the resolution will be a distinguished event in the history of the commonwealth.

The Governor's Message.

Gov. Pennypacker's message to the legislature abounds with important recommendations, and perusal of it must impress the reader with a deep sense of the painstaking care and intelligent consideration which the governor devotes to the affairs of the commonwealth. The general condition of those affairs is such as to afford abundant cause for gratification. The intense political activities of Pennsylvania frequently furnish material which adepts in scandal turn to the prejudice of the commonwealth, but applying the sound rule that by their fruits shall ye know them the actual condition of public affairs demonstrates that the substance of good government exists in abundant measure. Pennsylvania may challenge any other state to show a better record as regard practical results.

The message deals with many topics upon which it offers judicious recommendations which the legislature will do well to adopt. Among these we are glad to note one whose importance has been frequently urged by The Gazette—the establishment of a state constabulary. The governor gives strong reasons in condemnation of the practice of allowing corporations to exercise the police power, and he asks the legislature to consider whether the time has not arrived to resume this function. He proposes that the governor be authorized to appoint a constabulary of sufficient force, say ten in each county, to be used wherever needed in the state to repress disorder. Such a measure would be one of sound economy and would be taking a step in the right direction to check the outlawry which is becoming rampant in the country districts and of which Allegheny county is having a deplorable experience.

A feature of the message which will attract particular attention in this section of the state is the unqualified approval expressed for the Greater Pittsburgh movement. The governor emphatically declares that "not only the people of the locality, but those of the whole commonwealth are interested, and they should be aided by all necessary legislation." So strong an indorsement should encourage the promoters of the movement to feel confident that the needful legislation will be obtained. Another feature of special interest here is the declaration that the present apportionment is unjust to Allegheny and other counties which have not the representation to which they are entitled. Appreciation of and sympathy with the interests of Western Pennsylvania is very marked in Gov. Pennypacker's attitude, and these feelings are cordially reciprocated by the people of Western Pennsylvania in their esteem for him.

Among the recommendations which will attract general attention is the one suggesting the appointment of an expert commission to revise the laws in regard to corporations. In that connection he touches upon a matter of lively public concern when he urges that there ought to be a reasonable time limit in every charter. These are matters in which the people are keenly interested and due regard for public opinion will prompt legislative action. Germane to this matter is the warning the governor gives against allowing water rights to be appropriated by corporations. The suggestion of limitations upon corporate exercise of the right of eminent domain also belongs to the same subject of public control over corporate activities. The requirement of special permission based upon the merits of the particular case embodies a principle of jurisprudence which is in common operation in other countries.

The comments of the governor upon the outrageous abuse of the freedom of the press that has marked the rise of yellow journalism will evoke a sympathetic response from all citizens who hold the view that the function of the press is to act as a medium of intelligence and not as an instrument of slander and defamation. The governor is entirely correct in the assumption that reputable papers will have no objection to any remedy, however drastic, which will correct this evil which threatens to destroy the influence of the press and to discredit it as a social institution. The governor proposes to treat the newspaper scold like the common scold whose tongue is the instrument of disturbance, and which is subject to abatement as a public nuisance. It is certainly the case that the edge of the law needs sharpening before it can deal effectively with this pest.

Abuses of the Fee System.

The Washington (Pa.) Observer publishes an interesting communication upon abuses of the fee system, to which The Gazette recently called attention. The Observer's correspondent, in describing how the game is worked, gives this instance:

John Doe, aged 20 years, and a person of known intemperate habits, on a Sunday purchases a pint of whisky from Richard Roe and Samuel Smith. A constable, vigilant not only in the discharge of his duty, but in the earning of fees for himself, covers the fact and goes before a justice of the peace who is also not averse to taking all the fees he can legally earn to prosecute the said Richard Roe. In place of making one complaint against the defendant for violating the Brooks law in four particulars by the one act, and having him tried on one indictment containing four counts and having costs taxed on one complaint, one warrant, one return, one subpoena and one indictment, he makes four separate complaints against the defendant, one for selling liquor without a license, one for selling liquor on Sunday, one for furnishing liquor to a minor, and one for furnishing liquor to a person of known intemperate habits. This is followed up with the issuance of four warrants, four subpoenas, four hearings, four transcripts to court and four indictments and four trials in court (if the defendant does not consent that the cases shall be tried together). In many other ways and cases can this same multiplication of cases occur.

In order to stop this abuse the correspondent gives the draft of an act which he holds will remedy this matter. This act makes it unlawful to duplicate charges growing out of one transaction, and would probably have some effect in checking such practices, but we doubt whether the remedy goes deep enough. Moreover, there may be times when it would be quite proper and to the public advantage to base several charges upon the same transaction. The administration of petty courts needs reformation, and a good remedy to apply is one that has already been applied elsewhere to advantage. This method is to provide for police magistrates to be designated by the governor and paid a salary, all fees accruing in such courts to be turned into the county treasury. The law should then provide that all writs issued by justices of the peace in criminal cases should be returnable before a police magistrate, who, having no interest in the fees, would decide the case upon its merits.

If it be objected that this would take away from local magistrates a good deal of their present fees, we say so much the better. The office of justice of the peace should be one of honor and dignity rather than of emolument. Influences tending to make such offices leeches upon the community cannot be too strongly counteracted. A sensible police magistrate located in the county town could dispose of a great volume of petty criminal business at a great saving of trouble and expense. The introduction of such a system along with the establishment of a state constabulary would make a great improvement in the order and security of life in the country districts.

A Hopeless Undertaking.

It was to have been expected that the fall of Port Arthur should have elicited from Russian sources renewed expressions of determination to prosecute the war until Japan is defeated. It is now declared that Port Arthur is to be assailed by land and sea until it is regained by Russia, and that no terms of peace are to be considered save such as shall be imposed upon Japan by victorious Russia.

To meet defeat with a stout heart is the proper spirit for a great nation to show, but such professions cannot possibly hide the desperate plight of Russia. It is a sarcastic commentary upon the value of this braggadocio about defeating Japan that the first piece of news in that connection is an admission that the Baltic squadron will make no further attempt to reach the scene of action. The attack upon Port Arthur by sea and land is therefore postponed to some indefinite period in the future, when Russia will have built a new navy. Meanwhile Japan will not be sleeping, and before the Russians can attack Port Arthur it will be necessary to crush the Japanese navy and obtain control of the seas.

If Gen. Kuropatkin found it impossible to make headway against the Japanese armies in Manchuria before, how much less able is he now when the Japanese have possession of Port Arthur and the army engaged in the siege are now released for service elsewhere? And if he could not hold his ground when occupying fortified positions, what show has he of dislodging the Japanese from positions now fortified to the limit of military art and supported by elaborately devised communications. As the Japanese front has advanced the railway builder and the military engineer have been busy in the rear, and the whole country between the Yalu river and the Gulf of Liau-Tung is now traversed by parallel lines of defense. Korea also is a series of fortified lines of defense, supplied with railway communications insuring prompt reinforcements and fresh supplies as fast as needed. The naval and military problems confronting Russia are quite insoluble with the resources at her control. Even such a perfect military machine as that directed by the German empire would find the task of crushing Japan quite impracticable under these conditions.

Not only is it impossible for Russia to cope with the military problems of carrying on a great war 5,000 miles from base, but the internal condition of the country is liable to paralyze its power. The nation is plainly in revolt against the war, and if it is to be continued Russia will have to maintain sufficient military force to hold down her own people while she attacks the Japanese. Under such circumstances there is but one thing for sensible statesmanship to do, and that is to end the war on the best terms possible as soon as possible. This is known to be the opinion of M. Witte, the czar's ablest adviser, who appears to have been restored to his favor and confidence. If the czar had harkened to the advice of M. Witte, Count Lamsdorff and Gen. Kuropatkin the war would not have taken place. Despite the bellicose declarations now being made it is probable that a peace policy will prevail.

Preventing Pneumonia.

The increase in the number of pneumonia cases has led to the appointment of a commission to study its prevalence in New York city and report on the means that should be devised for its control. As compared with consumption, which has been slowly decreasing, pneumonia has increased by bounds, until in such a city as New York it has nearly doubled in 30 years. Similar progress is noticeable in Chicago as well as other large cities. While the cause of pneumonia is not as specifically defined as that of typhoid fever, which can only follow the introduction of germs into the alimentary canal, it is recognized as a disease that may be communicated, hence it is classed by some boards of health as one that is "notifiable."

As in case of most maladies, pneumonia finds lodging in a debilitated system which has not the power to resist its inroads. But another cause beside physical derangement lies in the overheated rooms of our cities, where humidity is lacking. When we pass out of doors we enter an atmosphere where the humidity averages about 70 per cent, when it might have been as low as 30 in the house or office. This sudden change is a shock to the mucous membranes and induces pneumonia. Thus it is argued that a room where the temperature stands at 65 degrees and the humidity at 66 per cent is safer and more comfortable than one where the temperature is 72 degrees and the humidity 25 per cent. Experts claim that attention to this one question of moist air in buildings will do much to reduce the prevalence of pneumonia.

Prophet Dowie insists that he has the divine inflatus. We do not know exactly what this is, but we are glad it is not a common possession.

Chairman Taggart of the national Democrat committee positively refuses to do all the "scapegoat" business of the late campaign.

There may be expected to appear quite a revival of that fine old line, "What a fall was this, my countrymen."

The recent break in the drought came just in time for the fellows who wanted to get on the water wagon.

Japan's happy New Year festivities will will doubtless extend themselves into February.

At least the Hon. James K. Polk Hall may be assigned to the "also ran" class.

Talked of in Gotham

By FRANK A. PARKER.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish gave a dinner beautiful, rather than a dinner sensational, at her home, No. 25 East Seventy-eighth street, tonight. She had 90 guests, and the dinner preceded the ball given by James Henry Smith at his new Fifth avenue home, which he purchased from the William C. Whitney estate. There have been a hundred odd rumors about the strange and unusual features Mrs. Fish planned for her dinner tonight. It was said she intended to outdo the money dinner which made her much talked about on two continents, and the mouse cotillion, which all but broke up in a rout when the favors, small white mice, were allowed to go scampering over the ball room floor. Tonight the banquet room of the big square house at Madison avenue and Seventy-eighth street was decorated as the "Elysian fields." The walls were completely hidden behind bowers of plants and foliage, and there were singing birds distributed throughout the mass of shrubbery. Most of the plants used in the simulation of the forest glade were of the tropical varieties, including fruit-bearing banana and orange trees, so cleverly placed that the pots and jars holding them were entirely out of sight, and the plants appeared as though springing from the greensward itself. The general effect was that of a table set in a tropical glade while servitors appeared from mysterious recesses of the forests, bearing viands from southern gardens. Herons, doves, robins and even peacocks were freed within the banquet room.

East Side Wants Long School Day.

The East Side Civic club has sent a protest to the board of education against the proposed reduction of the school day from five hours to three and a half. The members of the club are lining up their forces to fight the suggested curtailment to the last ditch. The protest says:

"The proposed reduction of the school day from five hours to three and one-half (more or less), in the lower grades meets with the unqualified disapproval of the East Side Civic club. We believe this would be a false step in any part of our great cosmopolitan city, but especially so in the district we represent—the district which, more, perhaps, than any other, by its perpetual demand for relief from the makeshift part-time system, has given rise to the radical proposition against which we now protest.

"In such a cosmopolitan region as ours, we insist that the present five-hour day be retained, for the proper nurture of our children. The objector says—our schools are not nurseries. We reply that they are, and in greater degree ought to be something more than places, where more bookish instruction is given."

Relics of Colonial Days.

While excavating under the floor of the Aquarium at the Battery workmen have found recently several bones from a human skeleton and cannon balls of various sizes, some of which are fitted with staples, and may have been used as chain-shots. The Aquarium was erected as a fort in 1807 by the United States government, and was named "Southwest Battery." Five years later, in 1812, its name was changed to Castle Clinton, and in 1822 it was ceded by the United States government to the state of New York. Two years later the city of New York leased the building as an amusement place, and it was known as Castle Garden. It was here that Jenny Lind made her first appearance in this country. The garden sealed 6,000 persons, and 10,000 could get within its doors. The immigration authorities took charge of the building in 1855 and remained there until it has been occupied by the Aquarium since 1896.

Firemen Aided by Seltzer.

Seltzer on the side as an antidote for the fumes of burning sulphur is responsible for the physical activity of a number of Brooklyn firemen today. The fire fighters were called out last night to combat a blaze in the Frederick Scholes refining plant. It is used for the reduction of mineral sulphur to commercial forms, and when the men first carried in lines of hose they came out staggering and nearly overcome with the powerful fumes. Chief Burns then divided the men into relays, each squad being permitted to remain but a few minutes in the burning building. As each relay emerged, they were marshalled in front of Chaplain Hendel of the fire department, who sprayed them with seltzer from the siphons he had gathered. After a facial shower, the men got a drink of the water and the reviving effect was instantaneous.

Potatoes Give Quick Alarm.

Harry Brown will think twice before he again purloins electric alarm clocks. Besides, he doesn't need them, having no occupation and no particular place to be awakened. Harry is locked in the Adams street police station, Brooklyn, on a charge of stealing two of these invaluable rest disturbers from the store of the Broklyn Novelty Company. Early this morning Policeman Cornelius Cassidy saw Brown, whose attire was not in strict accordance with the latest styles, shuffling off down the street with a bag in his hand. Cassidy approached the man with the bag and asked him what he had in it. "Potatoes," came the reply, but at that moment one of the "potatoes" began ringing with great violence and persistence. His arrest quickly followed.

Fog Cause of Bridge Congestion.

The fog today caused a congestion on the new Williamsburg bridge, the first since last fall. Vehicular traffic was shifted from the ferries at the foot of Broadway, Williamsburg, to the bridge structure. While the fog was heaviest none of the boats on the Forty-second street, Twenty-third street or Roosevelt street line was operated and a boat on the Grand street line only at long intervals. The trolley cars crossing the bridge were jammed, and on account of the density of the fog, and in order to avoid collisions the cars ran at a snail's pace. The "bridge local" service cars running from plaza to plaza were crowded from front to rear and policemen were necessary on the Williamsburg side to maintain order. Many persons who were unable to ride crossed the bridge on foot. The fog also kept several ocean liners out of the harbor today.

Dr. Parkhurst Says Lid is Off.

That the "lid" is not on, but on the contrary, so far off as not to be discernible, is the assertion made in a letter received today by Police Commissioner McAdoo from the Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst and signed by him in his capacity as president of the Society for the Prevention of Crime. The letter also bears the signatures of the entire executive committee of the society, and states in terms emphatic and unmistakable that in two precincts police conditions are intolerable, and makes the direct charge that the police either are powerless to check the full sway of crime that reigns or else are opposed to doing so. "Conditions throughout the entire police department," says the letter, "are such as to furnish foundation for the assertion that the 'lid' not only is not on, but is so far off as to be completely out of sight."

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

Waldorf-Astoria.
J. F. Byers, J. E. Barnes, J. R. Barnes.

Imperial.
S. Sussman, C. R. Cunningham, C. Sprecher, O. B. Hatchcock, J. S. Van Alen, H. L. Krensler.

Hotel Astor.
H. H. Jamneene.

Manhattan.
G. L. Ennis, Miss R. Card, M. B. Simpson, J. P. Coleman.

Fifth Avenue.
T. B. Rice, W. C. Corlin, D. L. Wright.

Grand Union.
H. L. Farmenter, Miss O. T. Creese.

St. Denis.
A. F. Bish.

Wellington.
C. C. Hassett.

Albert.
G. W. Becker, H. Belbringer.

Astor House
I. Robinson, P. M. Rigler.

Sinclair.
W. C. Russell, Mrs. H. Allen.

Bellecaire.
A. E. Seegall, Mrs. Seegall.

Victoria.
E. B. Fox.

Navarre.
H. C. Allen.

New Amsterdam.
E. Edsall.

Royal Arms.
J. W. Wright.

Hoffman.
L. A. Lanigan, E. Guggenheim.

Holland.
W. K. Conlay, Miss Lapsley.

The Quiet Observer.

By ERASMUS WILSON.

Let others drink, in foaming glasses,
To English maids and Scottish lasses;
Or toast the midnight fire with flashes
From 'neath long silken southern lashes—
Which fire the heart, but to consume it,
And light up life but to entomb it—
I drink to Maura Gillavara,
The red-haired girl of Connemara.

Where is he that can behold her
Red locks sweep her classic shoulder—
Like sacrificial flame, earth spurning,
Upon Love's altar grandly burning—
Her red cheek o'er white neck glowing,
The red rose o'er the white rose blowing—
That will not drink to Gillavara,
The red-haired girl of Connemara?

Love guards those pearly gates of blisses,
Where blush the wine-red clustered kisses;
Her eyes, of liquid amber, woo you
Unto her feet, and there subdue you;
Heaven hath so clothed her in honor,
That Rudeness dare not look upon her—
Such is Maura Gillavara,
The red-haired girl of Connemara.

For this—for I can only bring her
The homage of a rustic singer,
Whose theme is all his number's sweetness—
The sunbeams flash, the sunbeam's fleetness—
I turn, like some adoring Bonnacht,
Unto the grand old hills of Connaught,
And drink to Maura Gillavara,
The red-haired girl of Connemara!

—Michael Scanlan.

The red-haired girl of Connemara is all right, don't you think?

Of course she is. Did you ever know a red-haired girl that wasn't?

Jesters and jokesmiths are forever taking liberties with her the same as they do with stove pipes, mothers-in-law and haystacks, but she is smiling yet, and can even give her raven-tressed sisters the laugh when the old maid question is broached.

Among the old maids on your list of acquaintances, how many are red-haired?

* * * * *

Do you like red hair?

If not, why not. Give a reason for your dislike for it.

You need not make your reasons known, but express them to yourself just for your own satisfaction, as well as for your own benefit.

To believe a thing, and to act upon it without having good and sufficient reasons for your belief is much the same as being governed by superstition. In fact it is practically the same, for superstition is a belief in things for the existence of which there is no reasonable proof.

You will probably find, when you come to think it over, that your reasons for not liking red hair are merely women's reasons—you don't like it just because you don't like it.

Fortunately some do like it, and like it so well that they prefer red-haired partners on excursions, at picnics and at the marriage altar.

Of course, there are some red-haired people who are bad, and when they are bad they are sure enough bad. But this is the exception that proves the rule that when they are good they are good sure enough. Not too good, but good enough for any black-haired or tow-headed creature extant.

It is true that red-haired folks are warm-blooded, virile and full of snap, but that is rather commendable than otherwise.

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Have you ever had a red-haired sweetheart? If not you have missed something worth while.

There are sweethearts and sweethearts, but none like the red-haired variety—not exactly like it. Not that they are more stylish, dignified and uppish, but that they are more heartsome and more wholesome, so to speak.

The red-haired girl is spiritually different from her dark-haired and blonde sisters and that is why she is red-haired.

You see, it is spiritual quality that gives physical expression to the individual. This is the rule, and the exceptions thereto are almost invariably due to the individual not having been born right; that is, not having properly mated parents or those so heavily possessed of defects that they gave them as legacies to their children.

It is the transmission of physical defects that is causing degeneration of the race.

Stock raisers would not permit this to go on, but people are different from cattle, sheep, horses, dogs and chickens, quite different, if we may judge by the steady improvement of the former and the decline of the latter.

Our educators have gone to great extremes in mind development, and to a like extreme in neglecting the development of the spiritual and physical parts of the great whole which we call man.

It is most singular, amazingly so, that such important, vitally important, parts of man should be so persistently neglected.

* * * * *

"Look at the fingers of the girl you fancy, young man," says Madame de Thebes.

"Are they pointed?

"If they are, think twice before you ask her to be your wife. If her fingers are pointed she will be capricious, clever, but not domestic. The details of housekeeping will be repugnant to her.

"Are her fingers spatulated? If so, she will be a good housekeeper, but nothing else. If you want a companion, do not marry her.

"There will not be a grain of dust on your furniture, but there will not be a drop of poetry in your life. You will find everything in order—apple pie order—and no beauty.

"Nothing but domesticity will interest your wife. If that's what you want marry the woman with the spatulated fingers.

"Besides her housekeeping she will be interested in bargains; she will run to the other end of the town to buy something for eight cents that she may have in her own neighborhood for nine. She walks quickly, seeing nothing, never noticing or enjoying for a minute the beauties of nature. She prefers a potato field to a garden of roses.

"Now, study this woman well. She is absolutely practical and will make you an excellent wife if you want a housekeeper and not a companion.

"Has the one you love square fingers?

"If so, she will make a good wife. She will be orderly, even tempered, serious, faithful. But is that all you ask? She may be a trifle too firm; she will not be indulgent to your faults; she will not be endowed with any of the charm that makes life all smiles and sunshine.

"What is the right woman, then—the best wife?

"Ah, choose one with fingers that round like a cone.

"She will be kind, gay, tender, charitable, witty; she will have a sense of harmony, of the beautiful, of the poetic; she will have the sort of imagination that invests duty with charm. She will have a taste for everything except mathematics. She will understand how to make a man comfortable. She will know how to look after your house and make the best artistic use of very little.

"Look now that she has good head and life and heart lines and you have the ideal wife.

"Do not marry a pretty hand. See that it has qualities."

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From the old books we get the following sayings which may interest you just now while the year is young and you are thinking seriously concerning your life, past, present and future:

A January bride will be a prudent housekeeper and very good tempered.

A February bride will be a humane and affectionate wife and tender mother.

A March bride will be a frivolous chatterbox, somewhat given to quarrelling.

An April bride will be inconstant, not very intelligent, but fairly good looking.

A May bride will be handsome, amiable and likely to be happy.

A June bride will be impetuous and generous.

A July bride will be handsome and smart, but a trifle quick tempered.

An August bride will be amiable and practical.

A September bride will be discreet, affable and much liked.

An October bride will be pretty, coquettish, loving, but jealous.

A November bride will be liberal, kind, but of a wild disposition.

A December bride will be well proportioned, fond of novelty, entertaining, but extravagant.

Mamma—What's the matter with the baby?

Papa—He was playing around the piano and he fell and bumped his head on one of the pedals.

Mamma—Poor little dear! Is he badly hurt?

Papa—Oh, not. Fortunately it was the soft pedal.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Fall of Port Arthur

Its Significance Discussed.

Russia Reaps Her Sowing.

The fruit of a hemisphere is in the hands of the Japanese. So far, they have won an honorable and a magnificent victory, an achievement which is or very soon will be epoch-making in its effect. When they took Port Arthur some years ago from China, occupied it and proceeded to enjoy the fruits of their well won victory, it was snatched from them by the civilized bullies of Europe. Individuals can be ingorious and contemptible, but nations can outdo them; and if Russia is now bitterly expiating her share of the infamy that was then visited upon Japan she is only reaping as she has sown and as she richly deserves. We need hardly observe that that chapter in history will never be repeated, not even if all the powers in Europe sought to participate in it. We hope now for peace, and a lasting peace. There has been nothing in Russia's conduct of the war by sea or by land, not even excepting Stoessel's glorious resistance at Port Arthur, which leads us to believe that her further resistance to the arms of Japan can be seriously or usefully protracted. There must be an end, and it were better, perhaps, that the end came to Manchuria than to St. Petersburg or Moscow. If there is delay the end will come to the most first, and then indeed Russia's sins will have found her out and she will be her fate.—New York Sun.

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More Than Ten Years at Troy.

If any of the Japanese thought when their armies swept across the peninsula of the Dragon's Sword that they were about to repeat their exploit of 1894, when they took the fortress from the Chinese in a single day, they were speedily undeceived. We thought we had seen a desperate resistance at Vicksburg, but Vicksburg surrendered in six weeks, while Port Arthur held out for seven months after Dalny was occupied by the Japanese. In the fury of attack and defense the belligerent of Port Arthur ranks among the most memorable sieges of history. Indeed, in one respect it stands alone. Never before were such formidable engines of destruction let loose in the attack and defense of a besieged town. Seven months at Port Arthur, with shells from long-range guns falling over the city and harbor night and day, meant more than 10 years at Troy. In the end it became a battle largely underground—a fight of human moles, a contest of mines and counter-mines. The manner of the Japanese advance may be criticised as prodigal of human life. Such criticism is hardly justified. The loss of life on the assailants' side has been large, though in this matter exaggeration is easy; but it has not been nearly so great as might easily have been caused by camp disease had the besiegers adopted the more patient method of "starving out" the fort. The result thus accomplished compares favorably with the siege of Sevastopol, which fell in 20 months to an army of English, French, Piedmontese and Turkish troops less intelligently led, and dying in camp like flies of zymotic diseases.—New York World.

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Honors Are Equal.

In point of honors, the two armies may be regarded as equal. The Russian defense and the Japanese attack were both heroic, in a high degree. The victors have won with distinction, and the vanquished in their defeat have gained great renown. As for prestige, that is another thing. It is a tremendous blow to Russia to see the flag of the Rising Sun replace the cross of St. Andrew, or the black, two-headed eagle of Byzantium, upon the walls of the fortress which was supposed to be impregnable, and which was to be for all time the outpost of Slavic dominion and domination in the far east. It is a mighty triumph for Japan a second time to raise her flag above Port Arthur and to take that place from the very power that nine years ago made her relinquish it when she had taken it from China. What next? The circumstances already mentioned warrant the settlement of this event to serve as the turning point of the war. Each belligerent has amply vindicated its "honor." Why prolong the struggle? Japan has redeemed Korea and all southern Manchuria from Russian possession. It is scarcely to be supposed that she has any idea of proceeding to remote inland conquests. It would surely seem to be Russia's policy for her to do so. On the other hand, Russia can have little hope of winning back what she has lost. If she could not hold Port Arthur, she cannot hope to retain it.—New York Tribune.

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The Ledger Knew Its Possibilities.

Months ago, when the Japanese were first catching glimpses over the hillside of the roofs of Port Arthur, confident dispatches were filling such newspapers as would print them with news of the fall of this fortress. It is not too much to say that daily from May until September the capture of the city was generally looked for—and the expectation was not allowed to go ungratified by the obliging if irrepressible press. Close study of the intelligence that reached the office of the Public Ledger did not allow its editors to entertain the prevailing view; on the contrary, from the outset they felt that the task before the assailants of Port Arthur was bound to be one of the most heroic and long-continuing ever waged by contending armies. As the impregnability of the country, the nature of the defenses and the spirit of the garrison became known, eight months was agreed upon by those here particularly charged with the building of the war news as a period during which the fortress might be expected to hold out. In point of fact it did hold out just eight months. It was May 5 and 6 that saw the landing on the Liaotung peninsula of the army of investment; it was 9 o'clock on Sunday night, January 1, when Gen. Nogi received from Stoessel a notification of surrender.—Philadelphia Ledger.

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Siege Gave Kuropatkin a Chance.

Port Arthur had accomplished its full task. By its long resistance it had served to disarrange Japanese plans of campaign and it had given Kuropatkin the time he so greatly needed for the creation of an army. If Port Arthur had surrendered three months ago it would have been a real disaster to the Russian cause. Now its surrender is not so much a disaster as a symbol of past disasters. Hereafter, however, the world will never be able to talk of an "impregnable" fortress. The fate of Port Arthur has proved conclusively that the strongest of defensive positions can be taken if sufficient investment is possible and if the besiegers have sufficient time and courage. The impossibility of taking Port Arthur from a power that controls the sea does not contradict this assertion, since under such conditions Port Arthur would really be the base for an army which could operate on equal terms in the field against the investing army.—Chicago Record-Herald.

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Japan a Great Military Power.

From beginning to end this remarkable siege, ranking with the longest in history and by reason of the greater destructiveness of modern guns, one of the most costly in proportion to the numbers engaged, has been a stupendous performance on the part of the Japanese, demonstrating most effectively their great ability as tacticians, as marshals, as engineers, as artillerists and as sailors. Whatever may be the military effect upon the Russian campaign, the capture of Port Arthur will stand as a complete proof to the world that Japan is a great military power.—Philadelphia Star.

IT IS TO SMILE.

Beggar—Kind sir, could you help a victim of the trusts? I am starving!

Citizen—How are the trusts responsible?

Beggar—They shut down the factory where my wife had a job, sir!—Puck.

"I really believe you married me simply because I have money," complained the heiress, who was stingy as she was plain.

"No," replied her husband, candidly, "I married you because I thought you'd let me have it."—Philadelphia Press.

"Pop!"

"Yes, my son."

"They have schools for making civil engineers, don't they?"

"Yes, my son."

"Well, pop, why don't they have 'em for making civil conductors?"—Yonkers Statesman.

"Did you find a husband during your stay at the winter resort?"

"Yes, plenty of 'em. The trouble was that there were no single men."—Cleveland Leader.

A Salem (Mass.) woman was married one day, played the next and was arrested on the third. Oh, the wicked!—New York Herald.

PROMISES MADE BY THE MAYOR

As Head of Citizens Party He Tells Controller Larkin Some Things.

A SOFFEL ADHERENT SPEAKS

From now until after the municipal election, the city administration is to be run on economical and reform lines. This was the tale poured into Controller Larkin's ears yesterday, by Mayor Hays, after the mayor and other Citizens party leaders had held a meeting in the Third avenue headquarters, when the mayor took active hold of the city chairmanship to which he has been appointed. Among those present besides the mayor were James W. Clark, L. S. Levin, Andrew Fulton, William Shore, Jr., and Robert Mawhinney, all city officials and employes.

These Citizens party leaders agreed that a pledge of reformation ought to be given to the public, but Fulton is said to have disagreed when some one suggested that they might make a beginning and carry out Hays' pledge, given before he was elected, that the compensation of the delinquent tax collector should be cut in half. The suggestion made Delinquent Tax Collector Fulton ill again, and after call at Controller Larkin's office he straightaway took a train for Cambridge Springs to drink oblivion in the famous waters.

At the close of the meeting in headquarters Mayor Hays said that it was held to begin the preliminary campaign work. Then he uttered a reflection to the effect that municipal office was all vanity, and that he would rather hold a $2,500 place in some private business than a any city position. During the conference of the leaders plans for the campaign and the question of securing money for expenses were talked over.

After the mayor and Director James W. Clark had been closeted with Controller Larkin for some time they departed with beaming faces. Mr. Larkin said he and the mayor had gone over plans for an economical administration of the city government, and he was delighted to find that the mayor not only agreed with him, but had economical plans of his own for the city. The mayor, he said, was in favor of doing all he could to save the the taxpayers money. When asked how such talk agreed with the mayor's action in signing franchise grabs which gave the city no compensation, and his consistent failure to propose a reduction of the emoluments of Andrew Fulton, the controller was discreetly silent. In fact, Mr. Larkin would not even tell what these surprising plans of the mayor are. Fulton later said he was for Larkin for re-election because certain Republicans are against him.

The Citizen leaders are waiting anxiously for Murry A. Verner's return. Verner got the most benefit out of the reform movement, in securing the Grant boulevard franchises; these were worth money and it is expected that Verner will put some of it into Larkin's campaign.

C. Elmer Bown, chairman of the Republican association of the Thirty-second ward, defends the Soffels. In a communication sent to The Gazette he states many Republicans are in favor of nominating Jacob Soffel, Sr., for re-election as alderman; that a "faction in control" of the ward committee, the committee of which he is chairman, is opposed to Alderman Soffel, and that as "men who have participated in primaries know, all the facilities which such control offers for turning a majority of the popular vote into a minority on the tally sheet," no one need be surprised that the Soffels demanded additional precautions. Bown confirms the statement in The Gazette that the Soffels demanded that there should be no challenging, for he says one of the provisions of the proposed agreement was that the names of known Democrats were to be marked on the poll books to be used by both factions, which means that none but those whose names were thus marked should be challenged. Bown states that the fear of some Republicans that there is an agreement between the Soffels and the Democrats is ridiculous. The only inference from the refusal to accept this agreement, Bown states, is "that the faction in control (of the Republican ward committee) did not wish to hold the primary in a way that would insure a complete and accurate expression of opinion."

It remains to be seen how this edifying statement from the chairman of an organization concerning the majority of his colleagues will be received by them.

Chairman Bown did not explain what interest Jacob Soffel Jr., the alderman's nephew, has in saying who shall or who shall not vote at Republican primaries, considering that said younger Soffel is one of the signers of the Orphans' party "patent."

BURGESS IS APPOINTED.

Leetsdale Borough Councilmen Petition Court to Confirm the Election of R. A. Nagel.

In quarter sessions court yesterday a petition was presented by William Sohn, William Bauman, E. B. Hamilton and Lawrence N. Davis, councilmen of Leetsdale borough, asking that R. A. Nagel be appointed burgess of the borough. The request was granted.

On December 13, 1904, an election was held in the newly-made borough and Nagel was elected burgess. Since then the question has been raised as to whether the election of a burgess at that time was legal and to make sure, the court was asked to make the appointment. Nagel will be burgess until March, 1906.

The borough of Edgeworth, which was incorporated at the same time, took similar action regarding its burgess.

CLARK AND HELMOLD TALK TO BIGELOW ABOUT METERS

Appear in Behalf of Alderman Walker's Company—Westinghouse Concern Favored by Director.

There is a lively rivalry for the contract to supply the city with 5,000 meters, at $60,000, for which bids were opened yesterday morning by Mayor Hays and Director Bigelow. There is a dispute as to which is the lowest bidder.

The Thompson Meter Company, in which Alderman J. D. Walker of the East End, and other local men, have an interest, claim to have presented the lowest bids for the various sizes of meters, but Director Bigelow asserts that the lowest bids were presented by the Pittsburgh Meter Company, of which George Westinghouse is the president. This company manufactures its meters at the Westinghouse plant in East Pittsburgh.

Director James W. Clark and Councilman C. W. Helmold called on Director Bigelow yesterday afternoon in behalf of Alderman Walker's interests but it is believed that the contract will go to the Westinghouse concern. The bids will be tabulated and the contract awarded tomorrow morning.

BREWERY OWNERS MEET.

Stockholders of 14 Corporations Consider a Syndicate Offer.

Stockholders of 14 breweries located at scattered points in Allegheny and adjacent counties met yesterday to vote on the proposition of disposing of their stock to the syndicate which is forming a new brewery combination.

Full information as to the results of the deal will probably be received today. It was the general expectation yesterday that the offers would be accepted.

Cannot Prove Graft Charges.

The Homestead councilmanic committee, appointed to investigate graft charges made against members of council, reported to council last night that although they suspected grafting had been going on, they could not find a case against anyone. They declared that charges of grafting in connection with ordinances favoring the Pennsylvania and Union railroads were groundless.

HOW BIGELOW CONQUERS SNOW

Director Was Cheerful While the Traction Sweepers Piled Up the Drifts.

TWO HUNDRED TONS REMOVED

"The snow king cannot conquer Pittsburgh."

Director E. M. Bigelow of the department of public works spoke with confidence, notwithstanding the Pittsburgh Railways Company had several big sweepers at work hurling tons of snow and dust upon the city's streets and sidewalks. He had heard complaints which were lodged against the traction people, but was cheerful withal. He pushed the button and got a report of the progress of the bureau of highways and sewers in the cleaning of the downtown streets of yesterday's heavy soot-stained fall of the "beautiful." He glanced out of the window of his private office and estimated the number of flakes that were falling to the square foot in a given time.

"An inch every two hours," he calculated. "If this lasts all day the city would be snowbound if it were not for our faithful white wings. Pittsburgh is an impregnable fortress against the assaults of the snow-laden blizzard."

The director took a flower that had been sent in from the Schenley park conservatory, held it to his lips and sniffed it with an esthetic sniff. Then he shoved the blossom into his buttonhole and once again looked out of the window where the straggling flakes were swirled earthward with each renewing blast of the icy wind.

"When a blizzard strikes New York 27,000 men are mustered with shovels," said the director. "They take it seriously down there, and the thoroughfares are no cleaner than those of Pittsburgh, and the work requires even a longer time."

Supt. Edwin G. Nicewaner of the bureau of highways and sewers looked like a school boy yesterday as he sat at his desk with a little black slate before him. Now and then the pencil screeched as the superintendent added figures to the numbers on his slate that looked like an intricate problem in algebraic equations.

"Five hundred and thirty-two men are at work over the whole city," he said. "The system in vogue here enables us to clear the streets of all the snow in the shortest possible time with this force. If we are forced to hire extra men, you can bet the drifts will be level with the windows. Fifteen teams are carting it away and half a day sufficed for the burden of the work."

Yesterday's snow was comparatively light, but during the day over 200 tons was hauled away. Four machine sweepers downtown cleared the roadways, and in all parts of the city 24 were at work. All these facts were set forth accordingly on the superintendent's slate.

OBJECTORS TO GET HEARING.

Ordinance for Widening Webster Avenue Is Laid Over.

Objectors to the relocation and widening of Webster avenue, from Mercer to Fulton streets, succeeded yesterday, in the public works committee, in having the matter laid over until the next meeting in order to hear owners of abutting property in the street. The committee affirmatively recommended ordinances for the grading, paving and curbing of Cordelia, Sandusky, Alger, Omega and Laplace streets, and Wellesley, Winterburn and Hazelwood avenues; for sewers in Cliff, Waldron and Tilburry streets; opening Omega and Meridian streets and Hamilton avenue, from Fifth to Penn.

The committee on surveys recommended the following ordinances: Establishing the grades of Phillips, Crombie, Nicholson, Tilburry, Waldron, Alderson streets and Tyson alley; locating Mission street, relocating Boundary street, authorizing a contract for the regrading of the approach to the South Twenty-second street bridge, from Wharton to Carson street.

TWO SLAV GIRLS ATTEMPT SUICIDE IN HOMESTEAD

Because of quarrels, Annie Bartole, aged 19, of Seventh avenue, and Annie Yeskes, aged 18, of Fourth avenue, Homestead, attempted to take their lives at their homes yesterday by drinking poison. The Bartole girl took carbolic acid and laudanum after quarreling with a young man, and the Yeskes girl swallowed a glass of water in which she had dissolved brimstone from matches. The girls, who are Slavs, were found shortly after making the attempt on their lives and physicians administered antidotes. Both will recover.

KRAKAUER PIANOS

Beautiful
Durable
Artistic
Superb Tone
Guaranteed
Thousands
In Use

Mellor's
C. C. Mellor Co. Ltd.
319 5th Ave.

Sole depot for Steinway, Weber, Krakauer, Krell-French and Chauncey Pianos, the Pianola piano player and the Regina Music Boxes.

GOLD COINS MINTED BROKE ALL RECORDS

Uncle Sam's Quaker City Money Factory Turned Out "Shiners" Amounting to $129,144,420.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3.—The largest production of gold coins in the history of the Philadelphia mint was that of the calendar year just closed. The total number minted was 6,906,957, with a value of $129,144,428. The value of silver coins stamped last year was $8,142,230 95, a decrease of a little more than $2,000,000 under 1903.

The base coins produced amounted to $1,683,529 39 against $2,251,281 18. The total number of pieces of all kinds minted for home use was 119,701,118 with a value of $138,970,248 88 as against a value of but $21,232,266 68 for 1903.

Of the foreign coins struck off, Panama received balboas amounting to $2,-071,013 85; Venezuela got $183,355 56 in two-bolivar pieces. Costa Rica receipted for $100,000 in 50 centime pieces, while the Philippines received $79,704 30 in pesos and centavos of different denominations. In all there were stamped 53,-309,063 pieces valued at $12,436,243 69 in American subsidiary coin. These figures, including the domestic issue, show a total output greatly in excess of former years.

The work of destroying the dies is now in progress.

WANTS TO TURN BACK SOUVENIR DOLLARS

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 3.—The board of directors of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company today decided the federal government be advised the exposition company wishes to turn back for melting and reminting 190,000 of the 250,000 gold souvenir dollars coined for the world's fair. Only 40,000 have been sold.

KEYSTONE BANK WILL GET NATIONAL CHARTER

Stockholders Vote Unanimously in Favor of Proposition and Change Will Be Made.

The stockholders of the Keystone Bank of Pittsburgh voted unanimously in favor of the change recommended by the board to convert the institution into a national bank. Of the 5,000 shares of capital stock 4,895 voted yesterday.

This change will be made as soon as the proper authority is granted by William B. Ridgeley, comptroller of the currency. The change will not affect the management of the bank as to personnel, nor will it affect the bank's assets. The business will simply be continued as the "Keystone National Bank of Pittsburgh."

The annual meeting of the bank will be held this year on January 17. Hereafter the meeting will take place on the second Tuesday of January, the time prescribed for all national bank annual meetings.

As a national bank the Keystone will possess the distinction when it starts business of being on the honor roll of national banks, with a surplus exceeding capital. The company's statement at the close of business, November 21, showed: capital $500,000; surplus, $550,000; undivided profits, $254,342, and deposits, $2,883,629 01. The officers are George M. Laughlin, president; W. H. Nimick, vice president; A. S. Beymer, cashier, and Edward E. McCoy, assistant cashier.

Cut by Flying Glass.

John Huffman of Federal street was cut about the head by flying glass due to a collision between a Knoxville and Carson street car at the south end of the Smithfield street bridge yesterday afternoon. He was taken to the Homeopathic hospital. The collision caused trifling damage.

NEW YORK EXCITED OVER CRITIC'S DEFEAT

Lemare and Foerster Quoted in Statements Published in New York Dailies Last Week.

PITTSBURGH'S IMPORTANCE IN MUSICAL AFFAIRS RECOGNIZED

Angelus Controversy Interests John Wanamaker and Causes Further Discussion.

That Pittsburgh's sayings and doings in artistic and musical matters are taking on great weight in the eyes of the world outside, has been evidenced often recently.

This recognition of Pittsburgh's attainments follows naturally the accomplishments of her superb orchestra under the baton of such a master as Paur. The splendid recitals given in Carnegie hall each week by the foremost English organist, Lemare, have added much to the glory and renown of this smoky old burg.

For some weeks past various allusions have appeared in the New York papers bearing on the controversy started by "Cyrano de Bergerac," a local writer who denounced mechanical piano players. The S. Hamilton Company of Hamilton hall, Wood street (who represent the Angelus orchestral piano player), lost no time in denouncing "Cyrano," or rather his statements, and told him that neither he nor any competent musician he could bring with him, could tell the difference between hand-played and Angelus-played music.

As already published, the critic submitted the names of several of our best-known musical authorities, and upon the invitation of the S. Hamilton Company this committee met to test the Angelus.

How that test proved the falsity of the critic's sweeping assertions; how perfectly it established the truth of the claims made for the Angelus, has before been published, and confirmed, together by the printed statements of the two most prominent musicians present that day.

As evidence of the great importance this famous controversy and the disputed questions it settled, it is noted that all the principal dailies of New York on last Friday, December 30, contained announcements (occupying almost quarter pages) by the great house of John Wanamaker, who represents the Angelus in that city.

The article is headed as "Another Great Victory for the Angelus," and proceeds to give dates and names and other data covering the controversy and its outcome in Pittsburgh. It quotes Mr. Lemare's statement that the "Angelus possesses artistic possibilities limited only by the temperament and knowledge of the player." Think of it!

They also mention Mr. Foerster's unequivocal statements that in the music played that day "he had not been able to tell the hand-played from the Angelus-played music."

The New York writer goes on to say that,

"It is thus shown again as it has been so often shown before, that the Angelus is in a class by itself. Criticism which may be upheld against ALL other piano players have no bearing whatever on the possibilities of this marvelous and almost human piano playing device.

"The marvelous PHRASING LEVER is the key to the whole situation and it is a feature possessed by no other piano player.

"Those who desire truly artistic effects can never be satisfied with any other piano player after they once realize and understand the marvelous possibilities of the Angelus."

Thus New York again testifies to the importance of Pittsburgh. Not only does the former city realize the enormous commercial resources of the Iron city, but without hesitation quotes her musical authorities, as establishing beyond all question the artistic standing of what has come to be recognized as the greatest boon the world has known in a musical way.

When one stops to consider the vast possibilities locked up in the dainty Angelus cabinet which, when rolled before the piano, instantly makes available the melody and harmony of all the world; when one remembers that it is so simple that a child may operate it, so complete that a great musician finds delight and profit in its use, so limitless in endurance, in power, in delicacy, in range of compositions played—in everything that makes for good music—when one remembers these things, it is not difficult to say, "The Angelus is the greatest boon the musical world has known."

Since the recent controversy began the S. Hamilton Company have been kept busy mailing booklets and answering inquiries, and the Angelus parlors in Hamilton hall, Wood street, are filled every hour of the day by salesmen demonstrating to interested visitors the wonderful completeness—and simplicity—of this modern wonder, the Angelus orchestral piano player.

They act like Exercise.

Cascarets -for the Bowels

Ten Cents All Druggists

Try Liquozone first. Let us buy for you the first bottle----a 50c bottle. Then let the results decide about using it afterwards.

We never ask a person to buy Liquozone. And we publish no testimonials, no evidence of cures. We simply ask the sick to try it—try it at our expense. Let the product itself show what it can do. In one year we have spent over one million dollars to announce and fulfill this offer.

There are millions of people using Liquozone today. Your own neighbors and friends are among them. They are using it not because of our claims, not because of other people's cures. They are using it because they tried it, and found that it did what medicine could not do. And you will use it, also, when you let us prove what it can do for you.

Not Medicine.

Liquozone is not made by compounding drugs, nor is there any alcohol in it. Its virtues are derived solely from gas—largely oxygen gas—by a process requiring immense apparatus and 14 days' time. This process has, for more than 20 years, been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research.

The result is a liquid that does what oxygen does. It is a nerve food and blood food—the most helpful thing in the world to you. Its effects are exhilarating, vitalizing, purifying. Yet it is a germicide so certain that we publish on every bottle an offer of $1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. The reason is that germs are vegetables; and Liquozone—like an excess of oxygen—is deadly to vegetal matter.

There lies the great value of Liquozone. It is the only way known to kill germs in the body without killing the tissues, too. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. Medicine is almost helpless in any germ disease. It is this fact that gives Liquozone its worth to humanity. And that worth is so great that, after testing the product for two years, through physicians and hospitals, we paid $100,000 for the American rights.

Germ Diseases.

These are the known germ diseases. All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help Nature overcome the germs and such results are indirect and uncertain. Liquozone attacks the germs, wherever they are. And when the germs which cause a disease are destroyed, the disease must end, and forever. That is inevitable.

Asthma	Hay Fever—Influenza
Abscess—Anaemia	Kidney Diseases
Bronchitis	La Grippe
Bright's Disease	Liver Troubles
Bowel Troubles	Malaria—Neuralgia
Coughs—Colds	Many Heart Troubles
Consumption	Piles—Pneumonia
Colic—Croup	Pleurisy—Quinsy
Constipation	Rheumatism
Catarrh—Cancer	Scrofula
Dysentery—Diarrhea	Skin Diseases
Dandruff—Dropsy	Stomach Troubles
Dyspepsia	Throat Troubles
Eczema—Erysipelas	Tuberculosis
Fevers—Gall Stones	Tumors—Ulcers
Goitre—Gout	Women's Diseases

All disease that begin with fever—all inflammation—all catarrh—all contagious diseases—all the results of impure or poisoned blood.

In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing what no drugs can do.

50c Bottle Free.

If you need Liquozone, and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on a local druggist for a full-size bottle, and we will pay the druggist ourselves for it. This is our free gift, made to convince you; to show you what Liquozone is, and what it can do. In justice to yourself, please accept it today, for it places you under no obligation whatever.

Liquozone costs 50c and $1.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

for this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blank and mail it to The Liquozone Company, 458-464 Wabash ave., Chicago.

My disease is.....

I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a 50c bottle free I will take it.

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Name.....

Give full address—write plainly.

Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquozone will be gladly supplied for a test.

Always Remember the Full Name Laxative Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

Away from the snow and the slush! Trade it for the glorious sunshine of California! Four months there is like adding four years to your life. It's real living, not mere existence, in California. The trip is easily and quickly made by the through train service of the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The Overland Limited leaves Union Passenger Station, Chicago, 6:05 p. m. Arrives San Francisco 6:20 p. m., the third day; Los Angeles 8:55 the next morning. The California Express, leaving Chicago at 10:25 p. m. carries both standard and tourist sleepers. Berth rate in the former, $14; in the latter, $7.

A fifty-six page book descriptive of California sent to any address for six cents postage.

TICKETS AND INFORMATION

ROOM D, PARK BLDG., PITTSBURGH.

RAILROADS.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

(Eastern Standard Time.)

Leave Station, Smithfield and Water Sts.

LINES WEST.	Depart.	Arrive.
Cumberland Accom.	* 4:30 am	* 10:20 pm
Connells. & Mt. Pleasant.	† 6:30 am	†10:00 am
Wash., Balt. & N. York.	* 8:00 am	* 7:45 pm
Conn'v, Un'tn & Fairm't.	* 8:00 am	* 7:45 pm
West Newton Accom.	† 9:15 am	† 3:30 am
Cumb., Wash. & Balt.	* 1:00 pm	* 5:45 pm
Conn., Un'tn, Morgant'n.	† 1:30 pm	†10:00 am
Connells. & Mt. Pleasant.	† 3:35 pm	* 5:00 pm
Connellsville Accom.	* 4:00 pm	† 5:05 pm
Morgantown, Clarksburg and Weston	† 5:00 pm	†12:55 pm
Philadelphia & New York (Duquesne Limited)	* 6:30 pm	* 9:00 am
West Newton Accom.	† 6:40 pm	† 7:30 pm
Washg., Balt. & Phila.	* 9:00 pm	* 7:15 am
LINES WEST VIA WHEELING.		
Columbus & Cincin. Exp.	12:05 am	
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac.	* 7:00 am	* 7:45 am
Col., Cin. & St. L. Exp.	* 9:30 am	* 7:35 am
Wheeling Express	* 1:05 pm	* 6:50 pm
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheeling	* 4:25 pm	* 4:05 pm
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac.	* 6:05 pm	* 8:45 am
Col., Cin. & St. L. Exp.	* 8:50 pm	* 7:05 pm
LINES WEST VIA AKRON.		
Cleve., Akron & Youngst.	* 7:50 am	* 8:15 pm
Chicago & Cleveland	* 4:50 pm	* 3:15 pm
Chicago Limited	* 9:05 pm	* 7:40 am
(Leave Allegheny.)		
Butler	† 7:00 am	† 8:00 am
Butler	† 7:30 am	† 7:25 pm
Butler, Foxburg	† 8:15 am	† 5:10 pm
Butler and Erie	* 8:15 am	† 6:35 pm
Butler	†10:40 am	† 9:40 pm
Butler and Kirk	† 1:15 pm	† 1:40 pm
Ellwood City	† 1:15 pm	† 6:30 pm
Butler, Charlon & Greenv.	† 3:00 pm	†10:25 am
Butler, Ellw'd. N. Castle.	† 5:20 pm	† 5:40 am
Butler	* 6:15 pm	* 5:10 pm
Ellwood, New Castle	† 6:15 pm	† 6:40 am
Butler	*11:30 pm	* 7:25 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R.

CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 27, 1904.

CENTRAL TIME.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago & Cleve. "Flyer"	* 7:00 am	* 3:43 pm
Cleveland "Flyer"	* 9:00 am	* 6:20 pm
Youngst'n & Cleve. Mail	* 8:00 am	* 4:10 pm
Buffalo and Erie Express	† 8:30 am	† 7:15 pm
Buffalo and Eastern Exp.	†12:05 pm	† 7:15 pm
Lake Chautauqua Fast Line	*12:25 pm	* 6:30 am
Buffalo and Erie Express	† 3:00 pm	† 9:45 pm
Cleveland and Chicago Ex.	† 3:30 pm	*12:00 pm
Boston Special	† 5:00 pm	* 6:30 pm
Cleve. & Detroit "Flyer"	* 6:15 pm	*11:15 am
Chicago Limited	* 9:15 pm	* 6:30 pm
Buffalo and Cleveland Ex.	*10:00 pm	* 6:05 pm
Youngstown Accom.	† 5:30 am	† 9:00 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 8:40 am	† 9:35 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 3:00 pm	† 6:05 pm
New Castle Accom.	†11:55 am	† 4:15 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 3:30 pm	†12:15 am
New Castle Express	† 4:20 pm	† 7:30 am
New Castle Express	† 6:20 pm	† 1:10 pm
Beaver Falls Express	† 9:25 pm	† 6:05 am
Brownsville Accom.	† 8:10 am	† 6:45 am
Brownsville & N. Haven	† 8:00 am	† 9:00 am
McKeesp't & Brownsville	†11:00 am	† 2:00 pm
Brownsville & N. Haven	† 3:30 pm	† 4:50 pm
Brownsville & N. Haven	† 5:20 pm	† 8:45 pm

F., C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Bradley and Beechmont, 10:30 a. m., 10:00 p. m.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

‖Note—Daily train (Sunday, Youngstown only).

City ticket office, 357 Fifth ave., Park bldg.

J. B. YOHE, Gen. Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen. Pass. Agent. Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Trains leave on Eastern Standard Time.

From Union Station, Pittsburgh.

FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Keystone Express, daily	3:00 a. m.
Manhattan Limited, daily, for North	8:35 a. m.
Philadelphia and New York	7:15 a. m.
The Pennsylvania Limited, daily	7:50 a. m.
New York Limited, daily	12:01 p. m.
Atlantic Express, daily	4:00 p. m.
Mail Line Express, daily	12:45 p. m.
Day Express, daily	12:01 p. m.
Mail Express, daily	12:45 p. m.
Chicago Mail, daily for Baltimore and Washington	4:50 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily for Philadelphia and New York	4:55 p. m.
New York Express, daily, for Philadelphia and New York	7:40 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily	8:00 p. m.
New York Special, daily, for New York only	10:00 p. m.
Philadelphia Special, daily, Sleeping cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. No coaches	10:00 p. m.

For Butler and Allegheny, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. daily.

For Oil City, 6.22, 9.00 a. m., 1.30, 5.05 and 11.00 p. m., week-days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m., 5.05 and 11.00 p. m.

For Titusville and Corry, 9.00 a. m. and 11.00 p. m. daily. For Titusville only, 1.30 p. m. week-days.

For Dubois, 6.22, 9.00 a. m., 1.30 and 5.05 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m. and 5.05 p. m.

For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, all-rail route), 8.00 a. m., 7.40 and 11.00 p. m. daily. "The Pennsylvania Limited," and "New York Limited," 1.35 p. m. week-days.

For Connellsville and Uniontown, 8.15, 9.25 a. m., 12.30 and 5.07 p. m. week-days. 8.00 a. m. and 4.55 p. m. Sundays.

For Brownsville and Uniontown, 10.53 a. m., 4.75 p. m. week-days, and 4.55 p. m. Sundays. For Brownsville only, 8.05, 8.53 a. m., 1.05, 3.55, 6.45 and 11.35 p. m. week-days. 7.00, 9.35 a. m. and 1.05, 5.00 and 9.40 p. m. Sundays. For West Brownsville, 8.05 a. m. and 1.05 and 5.25 p. m. week-days. For Dravosburg, West Elizabeth, Monongahela City and Belle Vernon, 8.05, 8.20, 10.53 a. m., 1.05, 3.55, 4.53, 5.20 to Monongahela City, 6.45 and 11.35 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7.00, 9.35 a. m. and 1.05, 5.00 and 9.40 p. m.

FROM ALLEGHENY.

For Butler, 6.50, 8.25, 10.25 a. m., 3.10 and 6.10 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7.00 a. m., 3.30 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check Baggage from Hotels and Residences. Time Cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Offices—No. 360 Fifth Avenue, corner Fourth Avenue and Try Street, and Union Station.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager.

GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

Pittsburgh Union Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis		
Fort Wayne and Chicago		
Toledo and Toledo		
Columbus, Louisville, St. Louis		
Columbus and Cincinnati		
Cleveland and Buffalo		
Wellsville and Salamanca		
Akron and Cleveland		
New Castle and Erie		
New Castle and Cleveland		
Youngstown and Ashtabula		
Ohio Valley Express		
Salem and Alliance		
Fort Wayne and Chicago		
Wellsville and Jamestown		
Akron and Cleveland		
Mercer and Oil City		
Steubenville and Toronto		
Cincinnati, Indianapolis		
Cincinnati and Louisville		
Columbus and Cincinnati		
Beaver Falls and New Castle		
Akron and Cleveland		
Mansfield and Orrville		
Toledo and Chicago		
Jamestown and New Castle		
Jamestown and New Castle		
Youngstown and Ashtabula		
The Cleveland Express		
The Toledo Special		
Columbus and Chicago		
Youngstown and Ashtabula		
Cleveland and Buffalo		
Akron and Cleveland		
New Castle and Erie		
Oil City and Corry		
Kinsman and Youngstown		
Akron and Cleveland		
The Cherokee Express		
Wellsville and Yellow Creek		
Wellsville and Bradford		
The Chicago Express		
Columbus and Indianapolis		
The St. Louis Limited		
Cincinnati, Indianapolis		
Cincinnati and Louisville		
Beaver Falls and New Castle		
Akron and Cleveland		

Leave for Wheeling, 9.30 a.m., 4.20 p.m., 12.40 a.m., 12.30 p.m., 11.45 p.m., 10.30 p.m., 10.00 p.m.

Leave for Steubenville, 9.30 a.m., 12.40 p.m., 10.30 p.m.

Leave for Connellsville, 8.40 a.m., 12.30 p.m., 4.20 p.m.

Leave Allegheny for Butler and Allegheny, 10.10 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 6.00 p.m.

*Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sundays only.

WABASH

TRAINS LEAVE WABASH STATION DAILY. Corner Liberty Ave. and Ferry St.

Central Time.	Depart.	Arrive.
Toledo and St. Louis	9:00 am	7:15 pm
Bridgeville and Hickory	10:30 am	1:30 pm
St. Louis and Kansas City	1:00 pm	5:20 pm
Bridgeville and Hickory	4:30 pm	1:30 pm
Chicago and St. Louis	7:00 pm	6:25 am

Pullman Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair Cars on through trains.

Full information regarding rates, etc., cheerfully furnished at City Ticket Office, 359 Fifth ave., or Ticket Office, Wabash Station.

WEST SIDE BELT.

Local trains leave Whitaker Station, Pittsburgh, on Central time, at 6:30, 8:00, 9:10 a.m., 2:05 p.m., 4:40 p.m. Trains arrive Pittsburgh 6:00 a.m., 7:35 a.m., 9:15 a.m., 4:15 p.m.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.

Trains leave B. & O. Depot, Allegheny (Eastern Standard Time), for Conneaut, Girard, Meadville and Conneaut Lake as follows: 8 a.m. and 1:15 p.m. for Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Kiskiminetas Junction, 8:00 a.m. and 1:15 p.m. for Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Kiskiminetas Junction, 8:00 a.m. and 1:15 p.m. for Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Kiskiminetas Junction, 8:00 a.m. and 1:15 p.m. All trains daily except Sunday. W. D. CALLOCK, G. P. A., Pittsburgh, Pa.

HAND SAPOLIO

is especially valuable during the summer season, when outdoor occupations and sports are most in order.

GRASS STAINS, MUD STAINS and CALLOUS SPOTS

yield to it, and it is particularly agreeable when used in the bath after violent exercise.

ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS

MANUFACTURERS.

OLIVER Iron & Steel Company,

ESTABLISHED 1862.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Soft Welding Steel and Iron,

Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements.

Telegraph and Telephone Pole Supplies.

General Offices at SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS, PITTSBURGH.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIXON—TONIGHT 8:15, MAT. SATURDAY. CHARLES FROHMAN presents WILLIAM GILLETTE in his admirable comedies.

NEXT WEEK SEATS READY TOMORROW. The Supreme Success of Modern Times. WIZARD OF OZ With MONTGOMERY & STONE.

DUQUESNE "Special Price Matinee" Today, Thurs. and Sat. Last Mat. Seats 25c and 50c. "THE STRUGGLERS."

NEXT WEEK—SEATS READY. MISS BOB WHITE

Bijou Mat. Mon., Wed. and Sat. Reserved Seats 25 & 50c. THE GREAT AUTOMOBILE MYSTERY. NEXT WEEK—SEAT SALE NOW. THOMAS E. SHEA

THE ALVIN THEATER. NEW ALVIN Week Com. Mon. Mat. Jan. 16. Matinee every day. Best reserved seats 25c and 50c. The supreme spectacle, "AROUND THE WORLD IN 80 DAYS." 100 people on the stage. Opening Miss Amelia Stanhope.

Grand CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE 1:30 TO 10:45 P. M. THIS WEEK THE GREAT STADONI. RICE & CADY. Matinees—Lancaster Co. 15—GREAT ACTS—25.

EMPIRE UP-TOWN Boulevard by Collins Ave. All Car Lines. This Week, Matinee Today, 2:15. WHY HE DIVORCED HER. Mats. Wednesday & Saturday. Next Week, TWO LITTLE WAIFS.

GAYETY—Matinee Today. DAVID HARUM. Evs. 25c, 50c, 75c, $1. Mats. 25c, 50c. Next Week—CORK SOUTHERN BELLES.

HARRY W. WILLIAMS' ACADEMY OF MUSIC. THE WORLD-BEATERS WITH BURLESQUERS.

DUQUESNE GARDEN Now Its Every Session. SKATING—APT. ATTENDANTS. International Hockey Tri. Sat.—CAHADET.

BISHOP CANEVIN MEETS COUNCIL

He Names Successor to Father John Hickey, Rector of St. Thomas' Church.

PROVISIONS OF HICKEY WILL

Yesterday, for the first time as bishop of the Pittsburgh Roman Catholic diocese, Bishop Canevin met his councillors in regular monthly meeting. For a year or more, ever since the disability of the late Bishop Phelan, Bishop Canevin met regularly with the council, but he presided in the name of Bishop Phelan and all his acts were done in that prelate's name. Yesterday he conducted the deliberations by his own authority.

Two important positions in the diocese were to be filled by the bishop, one the rectorship of St. Thomas' parish in Braddock, the other the rectorship of Epiphany church, of which the bishop himself is rector. The late Father John Hickey, whose will was filed yesterday in the county register's office, was rector of St. Thomas.

The rectors of St. Thomas' and the Epiphany are not irremovable, and the bishop may appoint whom he pleases, without a concursus, or competitive examination. Yesterday the bishop named the rector of St. Thomas' and also chose the priest who will succeed to the parish vacated by the priest thus promoted, but until the man whom he chose for St. Thomas' has signified his acceptance of the appointment, the names of neither will be made public. All the members of the bishop's council are sworn to silence regarding the proceedings in the council chamber, and only the bishop is authorized to make anything public. It is believed by many Catholics that Bishop Canevin chose his own successor as rector of Epiphany, but it is very probable that he will continue to serve as rector until the cathedral is opened for services, which is expected to be on Easter day.

Several priests have been mentioned for the two rectorships, among them Fathers Henry McHugh and John Gallagher.

Father Hickey, who died on December 12, was, for a parish priest, quite wealthy. He owned two farms in Butler county and had some ready money. He was nearly 70 years old and could have been worth much more had he not given away a good deal in charity. It is recalled that one legacy of $20,000 was left him by a former parishioner, he gave to a hospital for consumptives, which he established on the farm left him by his father and which is managed by the Sisters of the Third Order of St. Francis. That farm, with all the buildings, he has left by will to the sisters who are living there.

To the St. Paul's orphan asylum at Idlewood he leaves a farm of 78 acres in Butler county, subject to the reservation of all the income and profits from the oil and gas leases, which are bequeathed to William J. Hickey, a brother, for his natural life. At his death they revert to the asylum. The following bequests were made: To William J. Hickey, $1,000; to Mary Cody, a niece, who is an actress, $1,000; to the Little Sisters of the Poor, $500; to St. Joseph's Protectory, $200; to the Capuchin monastery at Herman station, $200 for masses. The remainder of the estate is given in equal shares to the Ursuline academy, Mercy hospital and the East End hospital, all in Pittsburgh. The Rev. P. E. Maher of Braddock and John P. Grace of Crafton are named as executors.

IS A PLEASING PROGRAM.

Much Interest Being Manifested in the Pittsburgh Orchestra's Offering for This Week.

One of the most delightful programs offered in the 10 years history of the Pittsburgh orchestra, is that announced for next Friday evening and Saturday afternoon, when Shakespeare's "A Midsummer Night's Dream" will be read by George Riddle of Cambridge, Mass., and the entire incidental music of Meudelssohn will be played. Very rarely in any city, and only once before in Pittsburgh, has this program been offered.

Mr. Paur on two or three occasions during his five years in Boston, gave the work in conjunction with Mr. Riddle in the Boston Symphony series, and while Mr. Riddle has read the play to Mendelssohn's music in many cities in this country and abroad, it is well known that he values Mr. Paur's interpretation of the music, which is so closely allied with the spoken text, beyond that of any other living conductor.

The orchestra has become very enthusiastic in the private rehearsals of the music and a thoroughly delightful performance is assured. There are 14 musical numbers including the familiar overture, the rondo—with its lovely English horn solo—the scherzo and the wedding march. There are also two choral numbers for women's voices and preparation of these has been entrusted to James Stephen Martin, who has organized from the very best amateur sources of the city a chorus of 54 singers and Mr. Martin has also selected Miss Ruth Hay and Miss Katharine Ellis for short solo parts.

"The Wizard of Oz."

An enthusiastic welcome awaits "The Wizard of Oz," that most unqualified modern success, at the Nixon theater next week. "The Wizard" attains the highest standard of fairy spectacle from a scenic viewpoint, while its originality of humor has a freshness and charm that are all its own. Seldom has anything so clever and novel as the Tin Woodman and Scarecrow of Montgomery and Stone been seen by playgoers.

The Death Roll.

Samuel Scott.

Samuel Scott, aged 72, a prominent farmer of Elizabeth township, near Elizabeth, Pa., died yesterday at his home. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Eliza Manown Scott, and five children: Mary M., and Stella D., of Donora; Anna M., at home, and S. A. Scott and Attorney Frederick W. Scott of Duquesne. Attorney Scott is a member of the Pittsburgh bar. Mr. Scott was a lifelong member of the United Presbyterian church. Funeral services will be held at his late home at 2 p. m. tomorrow, and interment will be made at Round Hill cemetery.

George Paul Fehrmann.

George Paul Fehrmann, aged 50, teacher of the First German Evangelican Lutheran church school, Sharpsburg, died of pneumonia yesterday at his home, 115 Twenty-first street, Sharpsburg. His death was unexpected. He is survived by his widow and seven children.

Obituary Notes.

William Hay Urling, aged 19, died yesterday morning at the home of his parents, 1724 Irwin avenue, Allegheny.

Samuel Scott, aged 72 years, is dead at his home in Elizabeth township, near Elizabeth. He was married to Eliza J. Manown in 1861 and is survived by six children. He was a member of the United Presbyterian church.

William H. Baldwin, Jr., president of the Long Island railroad, is dead at his home in Locust Valley, L. I. Mr. Baldwin had been ill for several months. Since last September, when he was removed to his home from a hospital, there was little hope for his recovery.

David Fox, 90 years old, is dead at his home in East Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, from the infirmities of age. Mr. Fox was one of the most prominent farmers of Westmoreland county. He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Philip R. Darr of Tarr and Mrs. William Stoner of Alverton.

Mrs. Mary Magdalena Krauss, aged 78, widow of George Krauss, is dead. She was born in Weidenberg, Bavaria, and settled in Lawrenceville in 1853. One child, Mrs. H. G. Kimmich, wife of the treasurer and general manager of the Old Dominion Brewing and Ice Company, of Newport News, Va., survives.

Mrs. Mary Wilson, wife of A. Wylie Wilson, is dead at Indianapolis, Ind., aged 60 years. Her maiden name was Steep, and she was a native of Washington, Pa., where she spent half of her life. Her father was the late John Steep, formerly one of the leading business men of Washington. Her husband is prominently engaged in business in Indianapolis.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

BRIGHT PROSPECTS FOR THE CHANNEL

Rivers and Harbors Committee's Report Seems to Assure the Project's Success.

MEANS MUCH FOR PITTSBURGH

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU.
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.

The exclusive announcement by The Gazette that the committee on rivers and harbors has decided to report favorably an appropriation for a survey of the lower part of the Ohio river to ascertain the cost of canalizing the stream with a nine-foot channel, is received with interest by Pittsburgh congressmen. Representative John Dalzell says the consummation of the great Ohio river improvement is a pretty certain thing of the future. Representative Henry Kirke Porter declares it the best piece of news he has received for a long time. They will do all in their power to have the bill enacted.

Mr. Porter added: "The news is of tremendous importance to Pittsburgh and the Ohio valley. President Roosevelt has stated in words that cannot be misinterpreted that he is heartily in sympathy with the project to canalize the Ohio river its entire length with ample depth.

"Last winter in a conversation with the president on the subject he said: 'What you want is the improvement of the Ohio river so that Pittsburgh will command the situation, and control its commerce of that stream, is it not?'

"'Pittsburgh does not want the improvement of the Ohio river from any selfish motive,' I told the president. 'We want the improvement because we believe it will be of immense benefit to all the states which border on the river, and as they are benefited, we know Pittsburgh will be benefited.'

Needs Business-Like Survey.

"I told the president the first thing we need is a survey of the river its entire length so we can have a reliable estimate of what it will cost to build the necessary locks and dams; that the project should be approached in a broad, business-like and scientific manner. Estimates of the cost now range from $40,000,000 to $100,000,000. Such divergence is simply ridiculous from a business point of view. We should know approximately what the expense is going to be. President Roosevelt agreed this was the proper way to inaugurate the project.

"The importance of this improvement has been minimized by thinking simply of the tonnage the Ohio river carries. We must never lose sight of the fact that that tonnage is insignificant in comparison with what it would be if we could have regular traffic on the river throughout the year, except when closed by ice. And of vastly greater importance to every shipping point the whole length of the river than the acual freight rate imposed, is the fact that every railroad rate would be regulated and determined by such facilities on the river.

"This is of much greater importance than the river tonnage itself. It would be far better than giving any interstate commission the power to regulate rates, or any other artificial regulation by legislation. Give back to the people this natural water course which it has lost by reason of denuding the land of its forests, and we can easily get along with the minimum of legislation.

First Link in the Chain.

"With an appropriation for a survey of the river from the mouth of the Big Miami to Cairo, we will have this great work under way, for this is necessarily the first step. And if the rivers and harbors committee give us the $382,000 necessary to extend the Pittsburgh harbor down to lock No. 6, with a nine-foot depth of channel, we will be fortunate indeed, for that in itself is an improvement of very great importance. It also will be the first link in the chain that is to be eventually an open channel nine feet deep from Pittsburgh to New Orleans."

Representative Dalzell said: "We have secured an extension of the Pittsburgh harbor to Davis Island dam. We have secured a survey of the river down to the mouth of the Big Miami and, although it is on a basis of a six-foot channel, it seems to me entirely feasible to estimate from it, with approximate accuracy, the additional cost of a nine-foot channel. Should a rivers and harbors bill be reported and provision made in it for the extension of the Pittsburgh harbor to the mouth of the Beaver and a survey of the lower river from the mouth of the Big Miami to Cairo, it would seem as though the nine-foot channel to Cairo was a pretty certain thing in the future.

"The necessity for it has been largely increased by the prospect of the Panama canal. I believe, without having examined the subject specially, that New Orleans is now the greatest export city of the country, after New York. But it is very likely that, with the improvement of the Ohio river and the completion of the Panama canal, New Orleans will be the first exporting city of the country."

Said Representative Capell L. Weems of Steubenville, O.: "I know the people of my district do not favor a policy of building up a navy at the expense of the rivers and harbors improvements. I am convinced the inauguration of the work of canalizing the Ohio river will be one of the most notable achievements of this administration." L. W. STRAYER.

Lumbermen Gave a Banquet.

The annual meeting of the order of Hoo-Hoo's which is composed of lumbermen was held last evening at the Colonial hotel. Four candidates were initiated into the order, after which all present enjoyed a bountiful repast. About 75 were present.

MR. MERCHANT! LISTEN!

If you can increase your profits largely for 1905 without increasing your investments or expense, would you be interested?

UNDOUBTEDLY!

Well, then, just write us about our system of

SELLING CARPETS BY SAMPLE

You carry no stock—run no risk—sell before you buy—have no remnants—

CURTAINS, RUGS, LINOLEUMS

The same way.

You require no extra room—any storekeeper can add largely to his profits. Write or call.

GROETZINGER CARPET CO.
627-629 Penn Ave.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

ALLEGHENY NEEDS FIRE PROTECTION

National Board of Underwriters Severely Criticises Fire and Water Bureaus.

EQUIPMENT IS INADEQUATE

Allegheny city is woefully lacking in its water and fire bureaus, according to the report made by a committee of the National Board of Fire Underwriters. This committee of 20 has been engaged in the past year in visiting large cities for the purpose of ascertaining their fire-fighting facilities. In a pamphlet the deficiencies of the North Side are set forth in detail. Of the fire department it is said:

The fire department, with its 10 engines of moderate capacity, can handle ordinary fires when the weather conditions are not unfavorable but it is entirely too small to guarantee reliable protection in windy weather, particularly if two serious fires should be simultaneously in progress. The management seems to utilize its inadequate force of men and apparatus to good advantage, but it is apparently hampered by politics as well as by the geographical difficulties of the city.

The report speaks highly of Chief John K. Hunter and advises he be furnished with more men and increased apparatus, so that the city may have ample fire protection. Politics, it is said, is largely responsible for a certain lack of discipline and a failure to come up to the requirements in fire drills.

Some severe criticisms are made on the equipment for water supply and distribution. It is pointed out that an additional reservoir is needed and should be constructed as near as possible to the base of the distributing system. New engines and new boilers for the River avenue pumping station and a thorough cleaning out of the intakes to this station are recommended. Fireproof floors and a roof for the Montrose pumping station and standard fireproof doors at all openings in walls at all pumping stations, are recommended.

It is suggested the manufacturing district along the river front be protected by a pipe at least 20 inches in diameter extending from Ohio and Sycamore streets to Locust street, and having large connections with the present arteries. The abolition of all 4-inch hydrant pipes, and the substitution of 8-inch pipes is recommended. In regard to the consumption of water, the report reads:

That steps should be taken at once to reduce the enormous per capita consumption by the extended use of meters in service or by rigid inspection.

Braddock Elks at Home.

The members of Braddock lodge No. 883, B. P. O. E., will hold a social session in their lodge rooms this evening.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday:

Elmer E. Smith	Carrollton
Agnes C. Mains	Mustard
Arthur C. Callender	Valley Camp
Alice Hourigan	New Kensington
Hugh E. McEowen	Middletown
Edna A. Palmer	Glen Osborne
William F. Bartels, Jr.	Pittsburgh
Anna Owen	East Liverpool, O.
John Keller	Carrick
Sybella Hack	Carrick
Walter W. Mooney	Pittsburgh
Jennie E. Barnes	Pittsburgh
Paul S. L. Johnson	Allegheny
Emma E. McCloud	Allegheny
Thomas Richards	Pittsburgh
Lulu Wheeler	Pittsburgh
Lewis W. George	Blairsville
Anna M. Bell	Livermore
Leo A. McMullen	Bellevue
Mathilda Keiser	Allegheny
Joseph Madison	Pittsburgh
Annie B. Norris	Pittsburgh
Carl Pelican	Creighton
Barbara Mack	Brackenridge
A. F. Allen	Ford City
Martha S. Boie	Pittsburgh
Harry Horvitz	Pittsburgh
Bessie Zoher	Pittsburgh
Henry Pfamkuck	Lower St. Clair township
Elizabeth Franz	Lower St. Clair township

DIED.

ALBRIGHT—On Tuesday, January 3, 1905, at Wilkinsburg, Pa., MRS. RALPH ALBRIGHT, formerly Miss Corinne Peterson.

Funeral services at 500 South avenue, Thursday at 10 a. m. Interment private. (McKeesport papers please copy.)

BOALE—In Philadelphia on January 3, 1905, ANNA MARY, daughter of James D. and the late Sarah Armstrong Boale. Notice of funeral later.

BUERKLE—On Monday, January 2, 1905, at her residence in Sewickley Heights, MARY, widow of E. A. Buerkle, aged 75 years. Requiem high mass at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning at the Church of Assumption, Jackson street, Bellevue, Pa. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

COLLINS—On Monday, January 2, 1905, at 5:45 a. m., STEPHEN, husband of Dehlia Collins (nee Nee), aged 43 years. Funeral from his late residence, 363 Spahr street, East End, today at 8:30 a. m. High mass of requiem at Sacred Heart Roman Catholic church, Center avenue, at 9 o'clock. Friends of the family and members of Branch 34, C. M. B. A., are respectfully invited to attend.

GORBY—On Tuesday, January 3, 1905, at 9:45 o'clock p. m., at the family home, 108 Carroll street, Allegheny, CLARA D., relict of James Gorby, aged 74 years. Notice of funeral later.

HARE—At the family residence, No. 70 Marion street, on Tuesday, January 3, 1905, at 5:15 p. m., JOHANA SULLIVAN, wife of John Hare. Notice of funeral later. (Philadelphia papers please copy.)

HAYES—On Sunday, January 1, 1905, at 8:30 o'clock p. m., JAMES, son of John and Elizabeth Hayes. Funeral from his late residence, 19 Joe street, Mt. Washington, today at 8:30 o'clock a. m. Requiem mass at St. Marys of the Mount church at 9 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

JOHNSTON—On Monday, January 2, 1905, at 6:45 p. m., MARIA (nee Lynn), widow of Matthew Johnston, in her 74th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 34 North Oakland square, Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Friends of the family respectfully invited to attend. Interment private, Woodlawn cemetery. [Greensburg, Mt. Pleasant, Connellsville and Uniontown (Pa.) papers please copy.]

JONES—Suddenly, on Tuesday, January 3, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., MARY H., wife of Thomas T. Jones, in her 71st year. Funeral services at the family residence, 212 Main street, on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

KLINE—On Monday, January 2, 1905, at 7:05 o'clock a. m., Mrs. ELIZABETH C. KLINE (nee Lynch), beloved wife of W. H. Kline, in her 38th year. Funeral from her late residence, 16 Butler street, Millvale, Pa., today at 2 o'clock p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

KRAUSS—At Newport News, Va., on Monday, January 2, 1905, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. H. G. Kimmich, MARY MAGDALENA, widow of George Krauss, aged 78 years. Funeral services on Thursday, January 5, at 3 p. m., in the German Lutheran church (the Rev. Henry Holliger), Forty-fourth street, below Butler street. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MAUCH—On Sunday, January 1, 1905, at 3 o'clock p. m., at his residence, 1607 Carson street, South Side, JOHN P. MAUCH, aged 35 years. Funeral from his late residence on Wednesday at 9 a. m. Requiem mass at St. John's church, South Fourteenth street, at 9:30 a. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

REIS—At New Castle, Pa., on January 1, 1905, HENRY REIS, in the 77th year of his age. Funeral at Union depot on Wednesday, January 4, 1905, on arrival of train at 11:30 a. m.

SCOTT—On Tuesday, January 3, 1905, at 7:30 a. m., SAMUEL SCOTT, in his 73d year. Funeral services at his house, Elizabeth township, near Elizabeth, Pa., on Thursday, January 5, 1905, at 2 o'clock. Interment in Round Hill cemetery. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

URLING—On Tuesday, at 2 a. m., January 3, 1905, at the residence of his parents, 1724 Irwin avenue, Allegheny, WILLIAM HAY URLING, in the 20th year of his age. Notice of funeral later.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Court 2222. 250 Fifth Avenue.

JAMES M. FULLERTON,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR.
Tel. 1153 Grant.
121 EIGHTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.

PLAN TO SAVE NATION'S TREES

Forest Congress Opens Well-Attened Initial Session at Washington.

SECRETARY WILSON PRESIDES

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Over 500 delegates were present in National Rifles armory today, when Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson, president of the American Forest congress, the first of its kind held in this country, called that body to order. The meeting is under the auspices of the American Forestry association, and will be continued throughout the week. Immediately after assembling, Secretary Wilson welcomed the delegates and delivered an address. He spoke of the importance of forestry preservation to the people of the entire nation, to the farmer, the stock-raiser, the publishers of newspapers, in fact persons in every walk of life are affected in some way. He referred to the fact that President Roosevelt had declared that the preservation of forests was our most important internal problem.

Representative Lacey of Iowa, chairman of the house committee on public lands, briefly addressed the convention, saying that the question under discussion was one with which the committee had long been struggling. He declared that the movement for the protection of the forests had been late, but not too late for the government to take hold. There was no nation in the world so extravagant and such a spendthrift of its national resources, he said, as the United States. The forests he declared had been destroyed with a wantonness that looked almost like malignity. Their preservation he said, meant the preservation of the creatures that abound in them, and this is a work not to be neglected.

Andrew White, commissioner of crown lands, of Canada, explained the system in vogue in Canada of managing the forests. He said that it had been his aim to do everything to educate the people to conserve the forests not only from the standpoint of beauty, but of commerce as well. In her forests, Canada, he added, had a valuable asset and she was taking care of it and not giving it away.

Other brief speeches were made by Dr. Edward Everett Hale, Professor Filbert Roth, University of Michigan; Dr. C. A. Schenck, forester of the Baltimore estate, North Carolina, and E. S. Gosney, president of the Arizona Wool Growers' association, after which the congress adjourned for the day.

Indigestion?

I Offer All Stomach Sufferers a Full Dollar's Worth of My Remedy Free to Try

I can afford to offer a full dollar's worth free because mine is no ordinary remedy. Ordinary remedies treat symptoms. My remedy treats the causes that produce the symptoms. Symptom treatment must be kept up forever—as long as the cause is there. My treatment may be stopped as soon as it has removed the cause, for that is always the end of trouble.

Stomach trouble is not really a sickness, but a symptom. It is a symptom that a certain set of nerves is ailing. Not the voluntary nerves that enable you to walk and talk and act—but the automatic stomach nerves over which your mind has no control.

I have not room here to explain how these tender, tiny nerves control and operate the stomach. How worry breaks them down and causes indigestion. How nausea wears them out and causes dyspepsia. How neglect may bring on kidney, heart and other troubles through sympathy. I have not room to explain how these nerves may be reached and strengthened and vitalized and made well by a remedy I spent thirty years in perfecting—now known by Druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. I have not room to explain how this remedy, by removing the cause, puts a certain end to indigestion, belching, heartburn, insomnia, nervousness, dyspepsia. All of these things are fully explained in the book I will send you when you write.

In more than a million homes my remedy is known. It has cured stomach troubles not once, but repeatedly—over and over again. Yet you may not have heard of it—or hearing, may have delayed or doubted. So I make this offer to you, a stranger, that every possible excuse for doubt may be removed. Send me no money—make me no promise—take no risk. Simply write and ask. If you have not tried my remedy, I will send you an order on your druggist for a full dollar bottle—not a sample, but the regular standard bottle he keeps constantly on his shelves. The druggist will require no conditions. He will accept my order as cheerfully as though your dollar laid before him. He will send the bill to me.

Will you accept this opportunity to learn at my expense absolutely, how to be rid forever of all forms of stomach trouble—to be rid not only of the trouble, but of the very cause which produced it? Write today.

For a free order for a full dollar bottle you must address Dr. Shoop, Box 6568, Racine, Wis. State which book you want.

Book 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book 2 on the Heart.
Book 3 on the Kidneys.
Book 4 for Women.
Book 5 for Men.
Book 6 on Rheumatism.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

Fragrant and Pure HASSAN Cork Tip Cigarettes in packages of 10 for 5¢

Many men, without stopping to think, will say: "Oh, I don't believe it possible to put up a good Turkish cigarette for five cts. for 10." We don't want you to take our word for it. Just buy one box. We know you'll enjoy the delicious Oriental aroma and fragrance. We know you will say after having smoked the ten Hassan's "I don't see how it's possible to put up that cigarette for 5 cts. a box." You don't have to see how it's done. Just smoke and enjoy all you can.

DRESS GOODS
JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE

Of Imported Novelties, Scotch and English Cheviots, Black and Colored Broadcloths, plain and figured Mohairs, Crepe de Paris, Storm Serges, Veilings, Henriettas, Plaids, etc., at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Also remnants of Black and Colored Dress Goods at about One-Half former prices.

FURS REDUCED.

Ladies' Sable Fox Scarfs—with large brush tails at $6.00, $8.50 and $10.00, reduced from $9, $12 and $15.

Isabella Fox Scarfs—with 2 large brush tails, at $5.00, $6.50 and $9.00, reduced from $7.50, $9 and $12.50.

Siberian Squirrel Scarfs—Made of extra fine skins, at $5.50, $8.50 and $12.00, reduced from $9, $13 and $18.

Children's Fur Sets—In Gray Opossum, Sable Coney, Angora, Chinchilla and Squirrel; Flat Pillow Muffs with cord and tassel, 75c to $5.50 per set; former value $1.25 to $10.

Reduced Prices on Ladies', Gents' and Children's Warm Winter Underwear.

H. J. LYNCH, 438-440 Market Street.

"We Never Follow the Fashion—the Fashion Follows Us."

REMOVAL

Owing to our removal April first to Penn avenue (ground floor location, between Sixth street and Jos. Horne's stores,), we are offering our fine stock of Diamonds, other precious stones, Jewelry, Watches and Silverware at 20% discount for cash.

A. M. ANDREWS COMPANY
JEWELERS
SECOND FLOOR, FARMERS BANK BUILDING
WE CLOSE AT 5:30.

CHARLES H. LLOYD,
TAILOR.
505 Market Street. Second Floor.

B. & B.
emptying the shelves

MILLINERY All the Trimmed Hats—Pattern Hats, Gainsboros, Handsome Turbans, Round Hats and Bonnets sacrificed.

$25 and $30 ones, $15—$18 and $20 ones, $10—$12.50 and $15 ones, $8.50—$10 ones, $5—$7.50 ones, $3.

ALL THE READY TO WEAR HATS IN THREE LOTS AT THREE PRICES—$1.00, $1.50 and $2.00—less than half.

All the children's Velvet and Silk Poke Bonnets, all colors, at about one-third of price, $3.50.

ALL THE CHILDREN'S TRIMMED HATS IN MILLINERY ROOM SORTED INTO TWO LOTS AT ABOUT A THIRD OF WHAT THEY WERE—$1.00 AND $2.00.

Women's and Children's Beaver Flats, Colonials and Turbans, all colors, that were $5, for $2 each.

WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S UNTRIMMED FRENCH FELTS, BLACK AND COLORS, THIS SEASON'S LATEST SHAPES, ONE-THIRD PRICES, 50c AND 75c.

Handsome Dollar French Roses, three in a bunch, light and dark, pink and salmon, 50c.

SHADED VELVET ROSES, THREE IN A BUNCH, AND HANDSOME LARGE LINEN ROSES, TWO IN A BUNCH, ALL THE NEW SHADINGS, 50c ones, 25c.

Shaded Violets with foliage, 10c.

DOLLAR VELVET GERANIUMS IN TWO SHADES OF RED, 50c.

This is to be a thorough emptying of the Millinery Room, as the prices when the goods are seen will show.

LINENS Annual January Sale of Linens starts today—it's to be a big one, because earnest and inviting—with the force that proves its merit.

Cream Table Damask, 60 inches wide, 40c.

SILVER BLEACHED TABLE DAMASK, TWO YARDS WIDE, 65c.

Fine heavy full bleached Scotch and Irish Damask, two yards wide, $1.00.

RICH DOUBLE DAMASK, $1.50 a yard.

Special Silver Napkins, 50c a dozen.

20-INCH NAPKINS, 85c.

Genuine Brown's Shamrock Napkins, $2.50.

HEMMED HUCK TOWELS, 10c.

Hemstitched Huck Towels, 23 inches wide, 25c.

BLANKETS Fifty pairs fine 11 quarter Cotton Warp $4.50 Blankets, $3.50 a Pair.

Fifty pairs extra fine 12-quarter all-wool $6 Blankets, $5 a pair.

A HUNDRED EXTRA FINE $2.50 COTTON COMFORTS WITH PRINTED FINE CAMBRIC COVERS, $2.00.

Fine Dollar Down Comforts, $4.25.

FINE SILK COVERED $22.50 AND $25 DOWN COMFORTS, $18.00.

Wool filled Comforts covered with finest silkoline, $3.

CHOICE SILKOLINE COVERED COTTON COMFORTS, 85c.

Choicest patterns, $1.00 and $1.25.

DRESS GOODS Broken lines $1.25 to $1.50 Plain Solid Color Zibelines and Camel's Hair, 75c.

Navy, Myrtle, Rose, light and medium Tan, Cardinal and Cadet Blue.

LOT FINE $2 CHIFFON DRESS CREPES, 75c—FRENCH GRAY, LIGHT MAUVE, RESEDA, NAVY AND BROWN.

Lot extra good and pretty dark American Dress Goods—double width, 20c—best everyday wear proposition in the United States.

GREATEST SHELF EMPTYING SALE 56-INCH NEAT MIXED WOOLENS AT 35c AND 50c EVER IN THE STORE'S HISTORY.

London Tailorings—$2.50 and $3.00 goods at two prices, $1 and $1.50.

Lot 45c and 50c DARK, ALL-WOOL DRESS GOODS, 25c.

FRENCH FLANNELS Lot 75c French Flannels—Persian palm leaf printings, 25c.

30,000 YARDS WOVEN STRIPE AND CHECK FLANNELETTES AT THREE PRICES, 4 1-2c, 6 1-4c AND 7 1-2c—THAT WILL DEMONSTRATE WE'RE EMPTYING SHELVES AND CASES.

FUR COATS $150.00 Persian Lamb Coats—plain, or trimmed with chinchilla or blended marten, $75.00.

$175.00 and $185.00 Persian Lamb Coats, $135.00.

$375.00 PERSIAN COAT AND $400.00 FANCY BROADTAIL COAT, $150.00 each.

$135.00 Squirrel Coat, $75.00.

$25.00 NEARSEAL COATS, $18.50.

$35.00 ONES, $28.50.

$37.50 NEARSEAL COATS, $33.00.

Nearseal Coats, Beaver, Mink or Dyed Squirrel trimmed, that were $45 and $50, for $35.00.

CLOTHING Men's $25.00 Winter "Belt" Overcoats, $18.50.

Men's $30.00 English Frock Walking Suits, $20.00.

BOYS' $7.50 AND $8.50 RUSSIAN OVERCOATS, $5.00.

Boys' $7.50 and $8.50 Russian Blouse Suits, $5.00.

KEEPING THE ADVERTISING EXPENSE DOWN AND TAKING IT OFF THE PRICES.

All departments selling surplus—all emptying shelves.

BOGGS & BUHL,
ALLEGHENY, PA.

NO MONEY TO BUY NEW SCHOOL SITE

Omitted from Estimates of Appropriation for Education This Year.

INCREASE IS ONLY $20,000

No appropriations for the purchase of a new high school site or the erection of a high school building is asked in the estimates of expenses for this year which were compiled last night by the finance committee of the central board of education. The estimates aggregate $1,095,000, or only $20,000 in excess of the appropriation for education last year. To this amount, however, will be added $55,000 balance from last year's appropriation, making a total of $1,150,000 for this year.

Although councils will be requested to increase the total appropriation only $20,000, the estimates provide for an increased expenditure of $100,000 to meet the advance in teachers' salaries recently granted by the central board. The item for salaries is raised from $840,000 to $940,000, and this sum is 89 per cent of the entire appropriation. An increase of $8,000 is given the industrial schools, $2,000 to the kindergartens, $1,500 to summer playgrounds, and $300 to athletic sports.

A cut was made of $15,000 in the item for permanent improvements; of $1,800 for repairs to the South Side High school building, and $17,500 to pay for the South Side High school site, the debt having been cancelled.

High School Cut Out.

The two items in last year's schedule—$100,000 for the purchase of a site and $150,000 to erect a building for the new Central High school—were omitted. This leaves the proposed new high school unprovided for, unless the advocates of the various sites should amend the report at the meeting of the central board next Tuesday night and have these amounts inserted. Last year these two amounts were included in the estimates, but were stricken out by councils. The report adopted last night will be submitted to the central board Tuesday night and will be transmitted to councils so that an appropriation for education may be included in the annual appropriation bill.

The following is the schedule, as compared with that of last year:

General Expenses.

	1904.	1905.
Salaries of officers and clerks	$ 11,160	$ 11,280
Books, stationery and printing	1,540	1,580
Incidentals	1,200	1,600
Teachers' salaries	840,000	940,000
Music	3,000	3,200
Books and supplies	50,000	50,000
Truant officers	10,000	11,250
Evening schools	1,000	1,000
Industrial schools	12,000	20,000
Kindergartens	30,000	35,000
Commencement exercises	110	200
Baths and recreation grounds	3,500	5,000
Athletic sports, High school	900	1,200
Final payment South Side property	17,500	.....

Central Building.

Repairs	$ 2,000	$ 2,000
Fuel	1,000	1,000
Books, stationery and printing	1,000	1,200
Janitor's services	2,500	2,500
Light	350	350
Supplies	1,400	1,400
Apparatus	300	300
Library	100	.....
Water	190	190
Furniture	1,000	1,000
Permanent improvements	60,000	35,000

Fifth Avenue Building.

Salaries	$ 3,600	$ 3,600
Fuel	1,000	1,000
Light	800	1,200
Housecleaning	4,000	5,000
Repairs	3,000	3,000
Supplies	1,000	1,000
Water	300	300

Normal Department.

Library	$ 100	$ 100
Books, stationery and printing	500	500
Supplies	500	500
Apparatus	400	400

Commercial Department.

Supplies	$ 200	$ 200
Books, stationery and printing	1,000	1,000
Apparatus	500	500

South Side Building.

Janitor's salary	$ 1,100	$ 1,100
Fuel	400	500
Light	250	300
Supplies	400	500
Library	100	100
Apparatus	100	100
Books, stationery and printing	250	250
Repairs	3,000	1,600
Housecleaning	1,200	1,200
Water	200	400
Totals	$1,075,000	$1,150,000
Less amount on hand Feb. 1, 1905		55,000
Amount to be appropriated		$1,095,000

Sub-District Taxes.

The estimates of the sub-districts in the city for the local school tax have all been made. They are as follows:

Ward.	Sub-District.	Amount.	Millage.
1	Duquesne	$5,000	¾
2	South	12,500	¾
3	Grant	16,000	1-8
4	North	12,000	1-3
5	Hancock	10,000	2
6	Forbes	20,000	2½
7	Franklin	20,000	3
9	Ralston	10,000	9-10
11	Morehead	26,026	4
12	O'Hara	10,000	1½
12	Springdale	5,000	2 1-5
13	Minersville	18,594	7
14	Oakland	45,114	2 6-100
15	Lawrence	4,000	7-10
16	Howard	22,000	2 4-5
17	Washington	12,500	1½
18	Mt. Albion	23,000	3½
19	Highland	55,000	2½
20	Liberty	30,000	1
21	Lincoln	49,800	6
21	Homewood	28,000	4 1-5
22	Clifton	54,000	4 3-10
23	Sterrett	41,000	5½
23	Peebles	54,000	5½
24	Wickersham	3,000	½
25	Morse	16,366	2
26	Humboldt	7,400	1 4-5
27	St. Clair	15,000	5
28	Birmingham	5,155	1½
29	Bedford	4,500	1½
30	Knox	3,500	1 3-5
31	Allen	9,000	5
32	Mt. Washington	11,500	3½
33	Monongahela	1,373	¾
34	Riverside	5,000	2 4-5
35	Luckey	8,500	6
36	Thad Stevens	6,761	4
37	Brushton	21,000	6½
38	Beltzhoover	8,200	8

The total amount to be raised for the maintenance of the sub-district schools by special levy is $740,289. Adding the general estimates to those of the sub-districts makes a total of $1,809,289 that Pittsburgh proposes to spend this year on education.

TAX RATE HIGHER.

Money Needed for Allegheny Schools Provided for by One-Mill Increase.

The Allegheny board of school controllers last night decided that the school tax for the year shall be 4½ mills, an increase of 1 mill over the present rate. This is made necessary because of an increase of $45,000 to the payroll and a deficit of $66,340 35. The board recommended that councils appropriate $25,000 for the interest and principal of the high school bonds. The estimate for the ensuing year for all the schools is $486,000, which includes the deficit and the salary increase.

Dr. J. N. Lear of the Seventh ward started some excitement by asking that a committee be appointed to investigate certain charges of immorality in the schools, and principally in the Seventh ward. President David B. Oliver entertained a motion by A. C. Latimer that such a committee be appointed and the motion carried. A sensation is promised, according to the statements of certain members of the Seventh ward board.

Mechanical Engineers Meet.

The mechanical section of the Engineers' society elected last evening its officers for the ensuing year. They are: Chairman, H. H. Anderson; vice chairman, W. H. Baltzell; secretary, H. D. Jarnes; directors, L. C. Moore and J. L. Kindworth. Two papers were read, one by Samuel Diescher, created of "Bending Stresses in Wire Ropes," and the other by L. C. Moore, was on "Use and Abuse of Wire Ropes."

BISHOP UNWILLING TO MAKE ANY STATEMENT

Prelate Talbot Feels That Events Have Justified His Course With Dr. Irvine.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

SUNBURY, PA., Jan. 3.—Col. Clement, of counsel for Bishop Talbot, returned from Wilkesbarre tonight, where he conferred with the other counsel of the bishop. In regard to the public statement promised, Col. Clement said:

"Bishop Talbot deeply regrets that the peace of the church should be disturbed by the reopening of this long settled controversy. He feels he will be completely justified in his course with regard to Irvine from beginning to end. He deems it inexpedient to make any further statement."

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3.—The report that J. Frederick Jenkinson, one of the counsel for the Rev. Dr. I. N. W. Irvine, in his case against Bishop Ethelbert Talbot, had gone to St. Louis for the purpose of withdrawing the presentment and asking permission of Bishop Tuttle to make a new presentment proves to have been erroneous. Mr. Jenkinson declines to give any information regarding the presenters other than saying that Herbert Noble, senior counsel, was out of the city and most of the others directly interested in the case could not be found.

One of the presenters, however, who asked that his name be withheld, stated that it was not the intention to withdraw the document filed with Bishop Tuttle, but that additional charges would be filed against Bishop Talbot. Mr. Noble has given up his hotel apartments and his present quarters are unknown.

BALANCE IN SINKING FUNDS AT END OF YEAR

Bonds Held by Commission Amounts to $5,838,138—Over $1,000,000 in Securities Redeemed.

The annual report of the city sinking funds, as prepared by Assistant Controller Morrow, was approved by the sinking fund commission and made public yesterday. The report shows a substantial cash balance in the various sinking funds of the city at the end of the year. It shows that during the year 1904, $1,001,024 69 was received, which was added to a balance of $338,542 18 left over from 1903. There was disbursed $1,141,348 34, leaving a balance of $288,-616 43.

Interest on investments netted $234,-078 28, and bonds were purchased amounting to $341,160. In addition bonds amounting to $795,400, held outside the commission, were paid and $177,300, held by the commission, were paid and cancelled. Bonds held at the beginning of the year were $5,724,588 14, and on December 31 they amounted to $5,838,138 14.

DUQUESNE BRANCH LIBRARY.

Readers of Clairton Getting Benefit of Carnegie's Donations.

The Carnegie library at Duquesne has established a branch at Clairton. Four hundred volumes of the latest works of fiction, together with the usual standard reference books and scientific publications have been furnished to the reading public of Clairton and the Rev. N. W. Clark, pastor of the Cumberland Presbyterian church is the librarian. Reading rooms will be established in the public school building after April 1. Until that time the Union Trust Company of Clairton will give accommodations to the library.

The new library was secured through the good offices of the Clairton club. The library committee includes Frank Bulmer, H. C. Carroll and William Connelly.

OLD SOLDIERS ENTERTAIN.

Abe Patterson Post Has Annual Installation of Officers and Entertainment.

Abe Patterson post No. 88, Grand Army of the Republic, last night held its annual installation of officers. The affair was held in headquarters in East Diamond street and was attended by hundreds of friends of the old soldiers. The Woman's auxiliary provided an excellent supper as is their usual custom, and a clever musical program was rendered.

The officers for this year are: Commander, W. W. Renkin; senior vice commander, Edward J. Kolb; junior vice commander, Robert Hickenbotham; quartermaster, William D. McDowell; surgeon, Dr. W. W. Cole; chaplain, Samuel Scott; adjutant, S. J. Brauff; officer of the day, Montgomery Cooke; officer of the guard, John Hoedel. The supper committee was composed of Mrs. M. A. Richey, Mrs. W. J. Sterling, Mrs. James Cochran, Mrs. H. C. C. Ohmler, Mrs. William Hunter, Mrs. A. N. Burns, Mrs. H. Peoples, Mrs. George Walker, Mrs. W. W. Renkin and Mrs. Brown.

HOBNOBBED WITH ENEMY.

Russian and Japanese Outpost Officers Sought and Obtained Permission to Visit Together.

MUKDEN, Jan. 3.—Some Japanese and Russian officers had a friendly parley between the lines yesterday. The meeting was the result of correspondence between two outpost commanders, begun in a spirit of banter, both finally securing permission from their respective commanders for the meeting which lasted two hours.

The officers drank each other's health. The conversation, by agreement, did not touch on the war. Immediately after the meeting was ended, the artillery opened fire on both sides.

Italians Waylaid Mail Carrier.

William Zimmerman, a rural free delivery mail carrier, of Sharpsburg, was badly cut in a fight with three Italians, who attempted to take his mail bags from him in the Kittanning road. Near Crawfords Corners Zimmerman's horse fell and as he was getting out of his rig the Italians sprang from the roadside with drawn knives. Zimmerman fought them off till he was knocked unconscious. The highwaymen were frightened away by the appearance of a wagon in the road.

A Year's Coal Shipments.

CHARLEROI, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The shipment of coal through lock No. 4 for the year ending December 31, 1904, was as follows: January, 2,529,000; February, 6,257,000; March, 18,815,000; April, 14,914,000; May, 14,914,000; June, 18,332,000; July, 8,566,000; August, 7,566,000; September, 8,250,000; October, 14,420,000; November, 12,215,000; December, 13,474,000, making a total of 136,005,000 bushels, which is equal to about 554 acres.

Wales Case Is Put Over.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Jan. 3.—The case of A. D. Wales of this city against John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, for $200,000 for settling the anthracite coal strike, was put over the term in supreme court here today with the consent of both parties.

Hello Employes Entertained.

The Bell Telephone Company gave a dinner to its office employes yesterday at the Hotel Henry. About 3 were present. Several interesting addresses were delivered, the subjects of which pertained to the improvement of the telephone system.

Money to Loan.

If you desire to borrow money on improved business or residence property in Allegheny county, see Manager of Mortgage Department of the Safe Deposit and Trust Company, Fourth avenue and Wood street.

EXPO'S SEASON WAS GOOD ONE

Despite Unfavorable Conditions Attendance Was Large and Exhibits Paid Well.

ANNUAL MEETING IS HELD

President Francis J. Torrance's report to the life managers of the Western Pennsylvania Exposition society, read at the annual meeting of the society yesterday at the chamber of commerce, showed that despite adverse circumstances of weather, etc., the 16th exposition was a success. Its figures do not total as large amounts as those of 1903, but they still show that a great deal of interest is taken in the "Expo" by the people of this district. That this interest represents value to the concessionaires is shown by the latter's willingness to pay $35,000 for their space.

In his report President Torrance calls attention to the unfavorable weather, of which so much was not experienced during any previous exposition period, and also the closing of the Point bridge. Continuing, he says:

Not so Good as 1903.

While it has always been customary to make comparative figures by taking the year just previous, it is scarcely a just comparison and when we compare the receipts of 1904's exposition with that of some former years, we do not make at all such a bad showing. Our receipts for 1904, from all sources, were $110,687 38, nearly $70,000 of which was from cash admissions. Our receipts from concessions for exposition No. 16 were $34,869 87, a falling off of over $5,000 from the previous year. In taking these figures it must be considered that we were competing, or rather to more modestly put it, we were in competition with the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, and many of the concessionaires whom we might have had, went to St. Louis. However, I consider that $35,-000 in concessions, which amount is practically a net gain and costs us little or nothing, is a very substantial sum, and is a very substantial indorsement of the worth of your exposition. When concessionaires will pay $35,000 to $40,000 for the privilege of exhibiting their wares, selling their goods or for placing with us their several attractions, it is surely a favorable commentary on the standing of Pittsburgh's annual exposition.

The total receipts of the sixteenth annual exposition were $110,687 38, and the entire expense amounted to $55,814 27, leaving a net profit of $54,873 11. These figures of course, as compared with exposition No. 15 (1903), the most profitable exposition in our history, are disappointing because they show a falling off of over $22,000. The total attendance for 1903 was 510,448; for 1904, 422,604, practically 90,000 less of an attendance. So, by comparing these figures with your receipts you will readily see where the shortage comes.

Bonds Still Unmarketed.

Mr. Torrance again called attention to the lack of public interest in the society's bonds, and the inability of the management to find a market for them. He states that the society has demonstrated its ability to meet the charges, beyond question, and that the bringing of the people here means much to the business of the city. He thanks the banks of Pittsburgh for their willingness to care for the society's finances since the fire of three years ago and for helping in other ways.

Mr. Torrance states that the outlook for this year's exposition is excellent and that some of the most instructive and costly exhibits of the St. Louis exhibition will be brought here. The exhibit made by the chamber of commerce has been loaned by Dr. W. J. Holland, director of the Carnegie museum. In closing, he states:

It is my pleasure to again publicly acknowledge the unselfish devotion of my associate directors, the assistance of the various railroads entering Pittsburgh, the Pittsburgh Railways Company, and also the very able and effective work of our general manager, Mr. Fitzpatrick.

Tale Told by Figures.

The report of Treasurer A. P. Burchfield shows a total attendance of 422,604. The cash admissions aggregated $69,331 97, and railroad admissions, $6,485 54, a total of $75,817 51 for admissions. To this is added $34,869 87 for concessions, bringing the total receipts to $110,687 38.

The expenses aggregated $55,814 27, leaving a net profit of $54,873 11. The expenses were as follows: Printing, $343 33; fuel, $829 25; stationery, $142 95; traveling, $193 51; supplies, $256 38; repairs, $1,-207 97; sundries, $2,379 13; light, $1,120 65; payroll, $8,134 06; advertising, $8,522 5-; music, $30,049 23.

The trial balance for 1904 follows:

ASSETS.

Construction	$257,205 93
Reconstruction	581,819 56
Accounts receivable	4,188 52
Cash in banks	16,349 72
	$859,563 73

LIABILITIES.

Loan fund	$99,254 60
Life managers	118,816 86
Donations	7,415 07
Bonds	7,000 00
Profits and loss	201,564 42
Bills payable	389,166 87
Accounts payable	16,354 01
	$859,563 73

Following is the profit and loss account for 1904:

Salary	$5,852 72
Insurance	7,519 84
Interest and discount	23,265 54
Expenses	745 39
Flood	4,612 22
Sundries	508 00
Balance Dec. 19, 1904	201,564 42
	$245,968 43
Balance Dec. 21, 1903	$190,165 22
Rent	830 00
Exposition No. 16	54,873 11
Sundries	40 10
	$245,908 43

Directors are Re-Elected.

At the conclusion of the reading of the president's and treasurer's reports the election for directors for the coming year was held, and resulted in the choice of the former directors, as follows: Francis J. Torrance, H. J. Heinz, D. C. Ripley, A. P. Burchfield, A. M. Jenkinson, H. Buhl, Jr., Robert Pitcairn, J. M. Schoonmaker, M. Rosenbaum, J. D. Callery, Charles Donnelly, Emil Winter, Morris Baer, J. B. Finley and W. A. Shaw.

Cheaper Gas for Kittanning.

KITTANNING, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The Union Gas Company, said to be headed by John N. Pew of Pittsburgh, made formal application to the town council last night for a franchise to enter this borough for the purpose of furnishing heat and light. This is the outcome of the cry of Kittanning people for 15-cent gas. President John Wick of the council said he had been assured that the new company would sell gas at a 15-cent rate.

Japanese Ships Off Java.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 3.—A dispatch from Batavia says two Japanese cruisers are cruising off Java and a flotilla of Japanese torpedo boat destroyers are north of Borneo. A Dutch naval force, it is added, is cruising on the western shores of the archipelago.

Adam Schreiber Dying.

Adam Schreiber, the Allegheny hotel keeper, is in a critical condition at his hotel in West Diamond street, and the attending physicians have little hope of his recovery. Mr. Schreiber suffered a stroke of apoplexy on Monday evening while eating dinner and has been unconscious since.

No Quarrel in Haidin's Saloon.

Savo Haidin, proprietor of a McKeesport saloon and a brother of Dusan Haiden, who was murdered on Saturday night, says no quarrel occurred in his place, and that Bozo Tatalovitz, who is accused of the crime, did not come to the barroom before the fatal fight.

HERRICK FACES FIGHT FOR A RENOMINATION

Harding's Candidacy to Reopen Factional Sores in Ohio Republican Politics.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The announcement of Lieutenant Governor Harding that he will accept the gubernatorial nomination next year has reopened the factional fight in Ohio and it is now known that there will be an organized fight upon the part of the friends of Senator Foraker to prevent the re-nomination of Gov. Herrick. As the matter now stands it will be Dick, Herrick and Cox against Foraker. Today Senator Foraker made public the following statement:

"If he has decided to respond favorably to this demand, Lieut.-Gov. Harding will make a most strong candidate. He is popular and his popularity is the kind that has stood the test of his public life and cast, has not only stood this test, but increased with the increase of public responsibility upon him. It is certain that the party, if it should nominate him, would neither risk defeat at the polls because of his candidacy, nor be threatened two years hence with disaster because of his administration."

It is stated that Gov. Herrick before the Republican opening of last fall at Warren, asked Senator Foraker to indorse his renomination, to take a public stand in favor of it from the platform at Warren. Senator Foraker then replied to Gov. Herrick that he could not do this. He gave to Gov. Herrick as his reason his opinion that the governor could not be re-elected if renominated.

IDENTIFIED DEAD MAN.

Name of Morgue Subject, Already Buried, is Now Known.

Detectives Demmel and McDonald yesterday succeeded in having the effects identified of Rafael Zekonis, who was buried in the Potters' field December 24 as an unknown. Zekonis was found frozen at the foot of Twenty-third street December 10. The frost marred his features so that his friends could not identify him. Later Leonard Nezgada, a friend of the dead man, sought the detectives to ascertain the whereabouts of the missing man. The officers made a search of the workhouse and jail and then the morgue. The effects of the unidentified were examined and Nezgada recognized the watch and note book of Zekonis. The body will not be disinterred.

George Shaski, a laborer employed on the construction of the extension to the Carnegie institute buildings, Schenley park, died at the St. Joseph's hospital yesterday at noon from injuries received while at work yesterday morning. Several wooden blocks falling 40 feet struck his skull. He was 32 years old and lived at No. 4341 Forbes street.

Charge Preacher With Larceny.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The Rev. Dr. Carlos Martyn, at one time pastor of the Bloomingdale Reformed church, and later pastor of the First Reformed church of Newark, N. J., was arrested today on a charge of grand larceny in connection with the tangled affairs of the defunct Abbey Press, of which he was at one time president. Dr. Martyn's successor as president of the company was indicted by the grand jury last week on a similar charge.

Alleges Police Were Brutal.

Hearings were held last night in the cases of assault and battery preferred by Leonard Schmidt and John Smith against Policeman Milford Brown of Allegheny. The suits grew out of the trouble the police raised at the Democratic meeting last Tuesday night in the Thirteenth ward. It was alleged that Brown acted brutally and handled the defendants very roughly. Alderman Bolster reserved his decision in both cases until tomorrow afternoon.

First of the Year Fur Sale

Bargains of more than ordinary note in the fur department this week—
Only room for a hint here—

Sable Squirrel Ties, $6.50.
Muffs to match, $12.00.
Natural Squirrel Ties, $8.50.
Muffs to match, $12.
Mink Collars, $16.
Chinchilla Collars, $18 to $150.
Muffs to match, $30 to $75.
Ermine Collars, $35 up.
Ermine Muffs, $55 to $100.
$500 Mink Coats at $356.
Russian Pony Coats, $100.

Fur-lined Cloth Coats in stock or to order at clearance sale prices.

Splendid stock of Russian and Hudson Bay Sables, Baum Marten and other fashionable furs.

No old stock—all this season's manufacture and all genuine fur.

Millinery at Half

All the handsome winter hats and toques—A rare opportunity—Half Price—

PAULSON BROS. CO.,
515 Wood Street.

When you think of insurance think of this oldest and strongest Home Company.

WESTERN INSURANCE CO.
501-5 Arrott Building.

Distillery [Square Bottle] Bottling

Mount Vernon Rye.

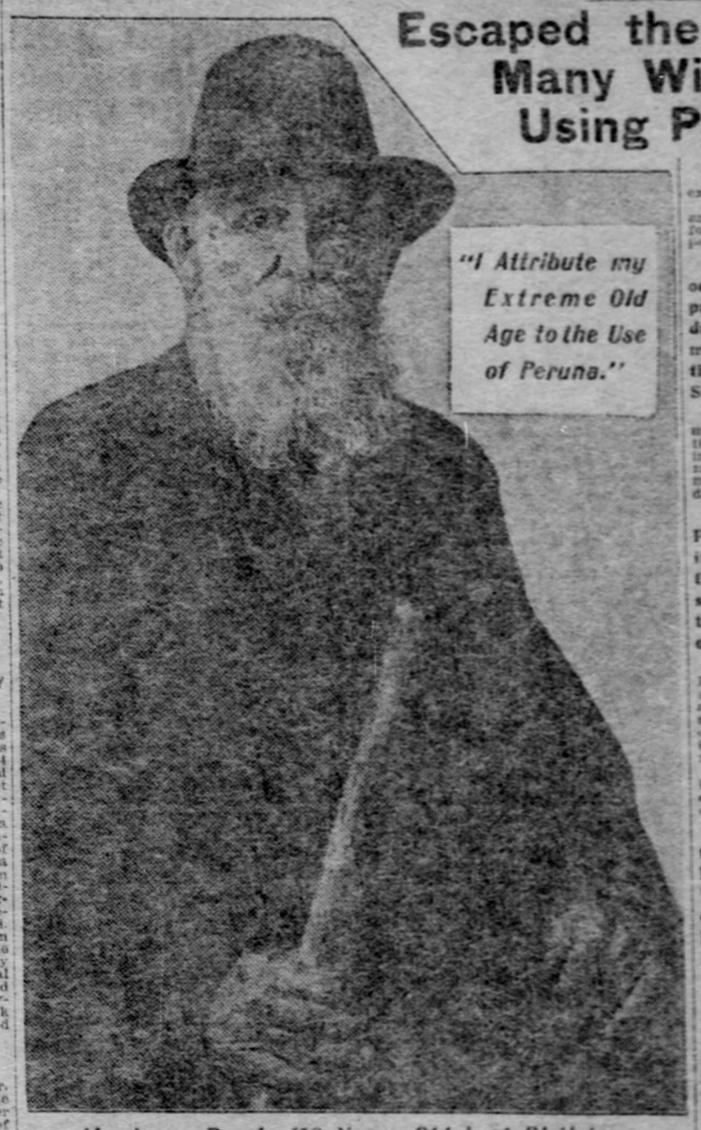
A Straight Whisky.
Highest Priced. Highest Grade.
Drink It Because It Is PURE!

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

GEO. B. BARRETT CO.
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE JEWELERS.
Everything for Retail Jewelers.
Especially
Diamonds and Watches
347 FIFTH AVENUE, Second Floor. OPEN EVENINGS.

THE OLDEST MAN IN AMERICA

Escaped the Terrors of Many Winters By Using Pe-ru-na.



"I Attribute my Extreme Old Age to the Use of Peruna."

Mr. Isaac Brock, 116 Years Old Last Birthday.

ISAAC BROCK, a citizen of McLennan county, Texas, has lived for 116 years. For many years he resided at Bosque Falls, 18 miles west of Waco, but now lives with his son-in-law at Valley Mills, Texas.

A short time ago, by request, Uncle Isaac came to Waco and sat for his picture. In his hand he held a stick cut from the grave of General Andrew Jackson, which has been carried by him ever since. Mr. Brock is a dignified old gentleman, showing few signs of decrepitude. His family Bible is still preserved, and it shows that the date of his birth was written 116 years ago.

Surely a few words from this remarkable old gentleman, who has had 116 years' experience to draw from, would be interesting as well as profitable. A lengthy biographical sketch is given of this remarkable old man in the Waco Times-Herald, December 4, 1898. A still more pretentious biography of this, the oldest living man, illustrated with a double column portrait, was given the readers of the Dallas Morning News, dated December 11, 1898, and also the Chicago Times-Herald of the same date. This centenarian is an ardent friend of Peruna, having used it many years.

Born before the United States was formed.
Saw 22 Presidents elected.
Pe-ru-na has protected him from all sudden changes.
Veteran of four wars.
Shod a horse when 99 years old.
Always conquered the grip with Pe-ru-na.
Witness in a land suit at the age of 110 years.
Believes Pe-ru-na the greatest remedy of the age for catarrhal troubles.

In speaking of his good health at extreme old age, Mr. Brock says:

"After a man has lived in the world as long as I have, he ought to have found out a great many things by experience. I think I have done so.

"One of the things I have found out to my entire satisfaction is the proper thing for ailments that are due directly to the effects of the climate. For 116 years I have withstood the changeable climate of the United States.

"I have always been a very healthy man, but, of course, subject to the afflictions which are due to sudden changes in the climate and temperature. During my long life I have known a great many remedies for coughs, colds and diarrhea.

"As for Dr. Hartman's remedy, Peruna, I have found it to be the best, if not the only, reliable remedy for these affections. It has been my standby for many years, and I attribute my good health and extreme old age to this remedy.

"It exactly meets all my requirements. It protects me from the evil effects of sudden changes. It keeps me in good appetite; it gives me strength; it keeps my blood in good circulation. I have come to rely upon it almost entirely for the many little things for which I need medicine.

"When epidemics of la grippe first began to make their appearance in this country I was a sufferer from the disease.

"I had several long sieges with the grip. At first I did not know that Peruna was a remedy for this disease. When I heard that la grippe was epidemic catarrh, I tried Peruna for la grippe and found it to be just the thing."

In a letter dated January 31, 1900, Mr. Brock writes:

"I am well and feeling as well as I have for years. The only thing that bothers me is my sight. If I could see better I could walk all over the farm, and it would do me good. I would not be without Peruna."

Yours truly,
Isaac Brock.

When old age comes, it brings with it catarrhal disease. Systemic catarrh is almost universal in old people.

This explains why Peruna has become so indispensable to old people. Peruna is their safeguard. It is the only remedy yet devised that entirely meets these cases.

Pe-ru-na Contains No Narcotics.

One reason why Peruna has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotics of any kind. Peruna is perfectly harmless. It can be used any length of time without acquiring a drug habit. Peruna does not produce temporary results. It is permanent in its effect.

It has no bad effect upon the system, and gradually eliminates catarrh by removing the cause of catarrh. There are a multitude of homes where Peruna has been used off and on for twenty years. Such a thing could not be possible if Peruna contained any drugs of a narcotic nature.

BIGGEST VALUES **HORNE-STEWART Co** LOWEST PRICES

January Clearance Bargains

Our annual January clearance sale started off briskly enough yesterday—and judging from the first day's business it is destined to be the biggest sale in the store's history. We have plenty of salespeople to wait on customers promptly and have made every provision possible to facilitate shopping—But let us offer just one suggestion: You will find the early hours of the morning the best for shopping.

Money-saving opportunities in every department—Just a hint here—

Women's Suits Reduced

The high standard of merit of our **Cloaks** and **Suits** is so well known that these prices will be appreciated—

Broadcloth Suits, $85 ones, reduced to $65.00
Broadcloth Suits, $75 ones, reduced to.. 60.00
Broadcloth Suits, $65 ones, reduced to.. 45.00
Velvet Suits, $75.00 ones, reduced to.. 60.00
Velvet Suits, $60.00 ones, reduced to.. 45.00
Cheviot Suits, $55.00 ones, reduced to. 40.00
Cheviot Suits, $40.00 ones, reduced to. 30.00
Cheviot Suits, $25.00 ones, reduced to. 16.50

Some handsome Silk Lined Dresses, suitable for Calling and Afternoon wear.

$125.00 Black Camel's Hair Cloth Gown, now $75.00
$75.00 Black Camel's Hair Cloth Gown, now 50.00
$140.00 Red Camel's Hair Cloth Gown, now 75.00
$100.00 Green Camel's Hair Cloth Gown, now 50.00
$50.00 Brown Camel's Hair Cloth Gown, now 25.00
$235.00 Handsome Velvet Dinner Dress now 100.00
$135.00 Handsome Velvet Dinner Dress, now 75.00
$350.00 Handsome Lace Evening Gowns, now 100.00
$120.00 Crepe de Chine Gowns, now.. 60.00
$85.00 Voile Gown, now 50.00
$148.00 Silk Poplin Gown, now..... 75.00

Long Coats (full length), Black, Tan and Brown.

$45.00 and $50.00 Coats for $20.00
$25.00 and $30.00 Coats for 10.00

Children's Suits and Coats

Dainty little wool dresses for children, sizes 2 to 3 years—regular $3 value, now marked $1

Girls' cashmere and serge dresses, size 8 to 12 years—$7.50 value, now..... $2.50

Girls' Peter Thompson dresses, black, blue and brown, sizes 8 to 14 years—$11 to $18 values, clearance prices..... $5 to $8

Misses' Coat Suits that were $15, now marked $5.00

Misses' Coats, in a number of shades, made with cape and lined — regular $10 coats—clearance price..... $6.50

Misses' $9 to $10 Tourist Coats now marked $6.50

One big table of children's coats—all marked ONE-THIRD OFF.

Millinery at Half Price

Beautiful Pattern Hats and Bonnets. Smart Ready-to-Wear Hats, as well as a big line of Children's Hats, Bonnets and Skating Caps—marked at half price. This is really the greatest millinery opportunity of the season.

Women's Silk Petticoats

A little lot of good $6 to $8 Silk Petticoats—blue, brown, tan and black, marked down to $3.75 each.

233-235 FIFTH AVENUE

MUTINY PREVAILS AMONG PAYROLL

Wyman Administration Courts Defeat With Excessive Assessment of City Employes.

MACHINE CANDIDATES QUIT

The 2 per cent assessment levied on all city employes in Allegheny threatens to disrupt Mayor Wyman's political machine. The payrolls were delivered to Controller Brown yesterday and during the next few days warrants will be issued to the 1,300 men in the departments.

The advent of another payday has revived the bitterness created when the green book was started on its campaign mission last month. The amount demanded by the administration for use in its war against the Republican party is twice as much as was ever asked before by those in power on the North Side. Coming, as it does, so close to the holiday season, when the men needed all the money they could get, it has increased the sharpness of the rebellion. A city employe, speaking to a Gazette reporter yesterday, said:

"I have been assessed $22 and paid $11 of it last month. I could ill afford to give up the money, because I have a family and at this time of the year a man needs all the money he can get. Had that first assessment been all I would not have cared, for I guess a man ought to help keep in power those who are keeping him in work, but when it comes to such demands as they are making on us, I think it is time to call a halt. It's just this way with me now—if I pay the other $9, as I am expected, I shall have to borrow it, and I won't do that. I am going to refuse, and if there is trouble I'm going to the mayor and tell him how I'm fixed. Then, if he sees me, I think there will be some people about the hall who will be sorrier than I will."

Sentiment Is Widespread.

This sentiment seems to be prevalent throughout the city. It can be heard in the engine houses, police stations and among the men in the highways and sewers bureau. Those who know say that when election day comes Wyman will find that 8 out of 10 of the payrollers will vote against him.

It was reported yesterday that William A. Ford had decided not to become a candidate for select council in the Second ward against Francis J. Torrance. It was for this proposed big fight, it was said, that the administration was raising money, and the payroll is wondering now where their money is going. Mr. Ford was asked about the report and said:

"I cannot say for a day or two whether or not I shall be a candidate. Mr. Torrance and I are good friends and I should not like to fight him. There are a great many people urging me to, and I am in a state of indecision. I shall make a definite statement before the week ends."

John R. Henricks has decided that he will not oppose John C. Oliver for the latter's seat in select from the Eleventh ward. Henricks had the promise of the machine support, but has decided to remain in the common branch of councils if he can be re-elected. Dr. P. H. Fredericks, who was to be Wyman's candidate for select in the Fifth ward against Thomas McBride, Republican, has announced that he will not run, and it looks as though McBride would be unopposed.

Looks Bad for Wyman.

With these three select council aspirants of Wyman's quitting simultaneously, there has been started on the North Side a report that the administration sees defeat ahead in the wards mentioned, and has decided that it would be useless to spend money there.

The fight against John Hock in the Thirteenth ward is to be kept up, and the payroll will likely learn that its money will be dumped in there in the interests of Justus Schroedel. The latter was a Republican prior to the inception of the Citizens party, and is now trying to force himself upon the Democrats of the ward, with the aid of Wyman and the payroll. Hock is a Democrat and was elected on the Democratic ticket six years ago. The Thirteenth ward is a Democratic ward. The Republicans of the ward have indorsed Hock. So far Schroedel has got on no ticket, and the indications are that in the end he will not run at all unless he makes an independent fight with the administration's aid.

The Democratic city committee will meet in common council chamber on Friday night to adopt rules to govern the party on the North Side. The rules submitted by James McKay last Friday night will be adopted without change.

The Republicans of Allegheny have announced the following suggestion meetings and chairmen:

Third ward, Third ward school, meets next Monday at 8 p. m., chairman, R. M. Kopp; Fourth ward, No. 1 school, meets next Monday at 7:30 p. m., chairman, William Soul; Fifth ward, Fifth ward school, Friday at 7:30 p. m., chairman, Thomas M. Henry; Seventh ward, Seventh ward school, Thursday, chairman, William Muehlbronner; Eleventh ward, Eleventh ward school, Thursday, chairman, Clark Workman; Fifteenth ward, Hall Grove school, meets next Monday, chairman, O. Devecta.

YOUNG GIRL ACCUSED OF SINGULAR CONDUCT

Bought Rat Biscuit for Food for Aged Relatives—She Wanted Their Property.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WELLSVILLE, O., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Little Mary Mane, an Italian, aged about 15 years, asked her grandfather, James McCullough, aged about 65 years, for money to buy some tooth powder today, and with the money she purchased poison rat biscuit, which she wanted to give the aged couple as food, thinking their death would result. Timely interference of the police saved the lives of both. The child told a neighbor, and it was from this source the police received their information that she wanted to get possession of the house the old couple lived in and also the money that was in the home.

The girl is said to have declared she wanted the property and money of her relatives, and saw no other way to get it. She will not be prosecuted.

NICHOLS DIES IN TIBET.

News Confirmatory of Expiration of the American Explorer Received In New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—United States Minister Conger today cabled from Pekin to the Christian Herald in this city, confirmation of the death of Francis H. Nichols, the American explorer and correspondent in Tibet. Mr. Conger states he received the news from the Tibetan city, Gyantee, Sunday, announcing Nichols died December 29 of pneumonia, and was buried there.

Nichols was a native of Evanston, Ill. He served as a newspaper correspondent in the Spanish-American war, later went to China, and then started for Tibet with a few Chinese. He intended to study the customs of the country and finally penetrate to Lassa, the "forbidden city."

New Church for Charleroi.

WASHINGTON, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The First Cumberland Presbyterian church of Charleroi has been organized and the certificate of incorporation filed in the local courts. The trustees of the new church, which has already built a handsome church edifice, are William Parks, Cary Piper, William E. Gwynn, Henry F. Lowstuter, Solomon C. Spears and Oliver M. Wise.

Arrivals at Pittsburgh Hotels.

Monongahela House—Q. T. Kenney, Scottdale; T. A. Fisher, Punxsutawney; J. C. Davis, East Liverpool; A. J. McClain, Wheeling.

Duquesne—Julian H. Kendig, McDonald; S. M. Robinson, Parker; W. P. Kinzer, Canton; W. H. Tope, Alliance.

Henry—J. A. DuKosan, Washington; E. W. Webster, Dubois; M. R. Jacobs, Brownsville; P. D. Frauer, Mercer; T. H. Burke, Canal Dover; R. L. Ambrey, Latrobe.

Colonial—E. T. Neff, Indiana; A. Wilson, Zanesville; E. Swell, California; M. B. Cox, Canton; A. Burtz, Milton.

Seventh Avenue—M. Swenson, Wheeling; J. D. Keyser, Johnstown; W. C. Stephens, Clearfield; J. S. Patterson, Waynesburg; C. E. Clark, Youngstown.

Andrus—S. W. Jones, Meyersdale; F. D. Jones, Latrobe; M. O. Sullivan, Johnstown; E. E. Simpson, Greensburg.

Newell's—S. W. Jones, Altoona.

BATTLESHIP IS STILL SUPREME

Navy Department Learns This Lesson from War in the Far East.

TORPEDO NOT BIG SUCCESS

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—How absolute is the supremacy of the battleship in naval warfare and how completely its superiority over all other types of war vessels has been demonstrated in the war in the far east, is told in an official statement issued at the navy department today, which is likely to arouse international interest, because of its frankness, and because it was prepared by a member of the general board, of which Admiral Dewey is president, and represents the views of that board as well as the secretary of the navy.

In the opinion of high officials of the government, the sentiment which has gained some credence in this country, to the effect that the value of battleships has been discredited by the results in the far east is one which will prove a menace unless it is corrected, and the report is issued for this reason. It says in part:

"In the brisk inauguration of hostilities by the Japanese torpedo boat flotilla, during the night of February 8, they did undoubtedly deliver a telling blow by disabling three Russian battleships. The temporary crippling of that force affected the conduct of operations not only during the beginning but throughout the entire first phase of the war; the Japanese having by that stroke won the mastery of the sea, were able to land troops at the Yalu and later at Niuchwang, instead of at the far south of the Korean peninsula.

Mastery Due to Battleships.

"This mastery was due to their having the preponderating force of battleships which alone enabled them to blockade the Russian fleet. No more eloquent tribute to the pre-eminent value of battleships is to be found than this one circumstance, that the small margin of superiority thus obtained saved the army hundreds of miles of precarious and weary land transport of men and supplies, enabling them to strike swiftly, hard and continuously upon a weaker enemy before he could be reinforced. The action of February 9 was a surprise far excelling the usual elements of a surprise attack. Although the Russian destroyers in Port Arthur numbered 24, or eight more than all in the United States navy, not one has scored a hit so far during the war.

"Scores of other torpedo attacks have been delivered by the Japanese, but nearly all met with complete lack of success, although made as usual under the cover of darkness and against an enemy at anchor and whose position was known. On one occasion, after a soul-stirring night, that of June 23, the Russian ships being in the outer roadstead, 42 torpedoes were picked up in the morning, having missed their marks.

Not Badly Hurt By Torpedoes.

"In a few other cases hits were scored which laid the victims up for a few days, after which they returned to service. But the fact remains, that not a Russian has been sunk by a torpedo until just recently, when the Sevastopol succumbed to the incessant attacks, she being compelled to lie helplessly anchored outside of the harbor, entirely exposed and with many of her guns landed to aid in the shore defenses. Probably a low estimate of the number of torpedoes fired against her would be 150. The Japanese suffered severely in the attacks and lost two destroyers and some of the smaller torpedo boats.

"Day attacks by torpedo boats have never been regarded as worth attempting. Several incidents of this war have been illustrative of their impotency in daylight.

"The overshadowing importance of the battleship is nowhere more appreciated than in Japan. Had they had at the outset 12 or even 10, battleships instead of six, the Russian fleet would have been destroyed on August 10—the supreme incentive to holding out at Port Arthur being thus removed, that fortress would probably have fallen, the war correspondingly advanced and thousands of lives and millions of treasure saved.

Would Gladly Have Back Ships.

"Threatened now by the Russian second Pacific fleet it is safe to say that they would gladly recover at several times their cost the Hatsuse and the Yashima, for well do they know that the loss of the command of the sea would mean the end of the campaign in Manchuria.

"In summing up the lessons of this war one cannot do so more accurately and felicitously than was done by Lord Selborne, first lord of the British admiralty, in the following words: 'The lessons from the war in the far east are the importance of personnel, the necessity of having a margin of strength and the fact that without battleships no power can hold or win command of the sea.'"

MISERLY FIREMAN'S HOME WAS A TREASURE HOUSE

Relatives Find Gold, Silver and Moth-Eaten Bills Hidden in All Sorts of Receptacles.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

BURLINGTON, N. J., Jan. 3.—Denying with almost his last breath before his death, last Wednesday, that he had any wealth other than the home in which he lived, and the spacious grounds that surrounded his residence, Firman Dubel's estate, it is estimated, will amount to between $300,000 and $500,000.

Since his death, relatives have inaugurated a search of the Dubel premises which has resulted in finding over $9,000 in gold, silver and moth-eaten paper bills stored in dusty recesses and out-of-the-way nooks, laid between the leaves of books, or hidden beneath carpets.

A peck measure, found in a rubbish room, contained $1,700, and a cigar box held $2,500 in gold. A thin book contained between 38 consecutive leaves 38 $100 bills.

NEARLY EQUALS DEBTS.

Schedules of Encaustic Metal Company Are Filed by Its Attorney.

Schedules showing debts of $44,757 50, and assets of $42,130 46 were filed yesterday by the attorney for the Encaustic Metal Company of Versailles in the involuntary bankruptcy proceedings in the United States circuit court.

The principal claims of unsecured creditors are: Merchandise, Berger Manufacturing Company, Canton, O., $4,606 09; four promissory notes, W. J. Patterson, Pittsburgh, $6,868; note, Mortgage Banking Company, Pittsburgh, $3,701 65. The principal assets are the grounds, building and machinery at Versailles valued at $24,240 95 and two patents estimated as worth $11,834 31 and stock valued at $1,700.

Novels Get Boy Into Trouble.

AKRON, O., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Martin Halloran, a 16-year-old boy, is in prison because of his love for cheap novels. He was arrested this morning charged with petit larceny, and later he pleaded guilty. Young Halloran, according to his own story, had been in the habit of reading 5-cent tales, and when he could no longer purchase the books he loved he stole a dozen from a book store. He will be sentenced tomorrow.

Suspected of Tobacco Theft.

Frank Blake of 2825 Edwards alley and Peter Healy of Larkin alley were arrested on the South Side yesterday as suspicious characters. Blake was attempting to dispose of two boxes of tobacco which the police believe was stolen.

Lockhart's Condition Unchanged.

At the home of Charles Lockhart, 608 North Highland avenue, East End, it was stated last night that there has been no change in his condition for some days. Mr. Lockhart, who is aged 85, has been in a critical condition for about two weeks.

MORTON'S POOL PLAN REFUSED BY PRESIDENT

Secretary's Scheme to Legalize Railroad Pooling Not to Be Treated as Corollary to Bill to Abolish Rebates.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—President Roosevelt definitely and finally today refused to have the proposition to legalize pooling, which has been urged by Mr. Morton, the secretary of the navy, involved in any way with his suggestion to have the interstate commerce commission empowered to fix rates.

He desires to have the scheme to increase the powers of the commission to rest by itself, and he will have nothing to do with the railroad campaign to have congress authorize the pooling of traffic.

This is the most important development that has occurred during the agitation of the question that followed the annual message of the president. The railroads are divided into two classes. One class would be willing to accept the additional authority for the interstate commerce commission if it could have pooling legalized in the same bill. Another class wants pooling, and no increase in authority for the interstate commerce commission, and is now fighting the president. To the former class Secretary Morton belongs, and the action of the president in declaring against having his suggestion treated as a corollary to permission to the railroads to pool is taken to mean that the railroads need ask nothing so long as they are in opposition to a bill which means, in the opinion of the president, the wiping out of rebates.

The president is still determined to do all consistent with his position to have something accomplished at this session of congress. He finds that Senator Colom of Illinois and Representative Hepburn of Iowa think that public opinion will force action by this congress. If nothing is done, it is promised that the next annual message of the president will be much stronger on the subject than was that of last December.

ARBITRATOR WAS BEATEN.

Thomas O'Neil Had an Arm Broken While He Was Trying to Settle a Family Dispute.

Edward Frank and Maggie Clark of the rear of 15 Shingiss street became engaged in a quarrel while thawing out a water pipe yesterday afternoon. The woman picked up a brick and threatened to strike Frank with it.

"If you throw that brick at me I will kill you," said Frank, warningly.

Thomas O'Neil of 17 Shingiss street heard this remark and went to the woman's assistance. As a result the man and woman turned their wrath on O'Neil and he was taken to the Homeopathic hospital with a broken arm and a badly lacerated face. His assailants were taken to the Central station on charges of disorderly conduct.

Will Apply for Pardon.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Dr. J. R. Haun of Edenburg, this county, convicted and sentenced in March, 1903, to two years' imprisonment for conspiring to perform criminal malpractice, will apply to Gov. Pennypacker for a pardon.

ROBBERY THE MOTIVE.

Prosecution Outlines Its Case in the Trial of Suspected Murderer Tucker.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., Jan. 3.—District Attorney George A. Sanderson today outlined the case which the state will attempt to establish in the prosecution of Charles L. Tucker for the murder of Mabel Page, who was killed at her home in Weston on March 31, 1904.

The attorney said robbery was the motive and announced that the commonwealth will attempt to prove that a knife owned by Tucker inflicted the wounds on Miss Page. He also stated that the commonwealth will try to prove that Tucker wrote the name "J. L. Morton, Charlestown, Mass.," on a piece of paper found in a room in the Page home.

Aged Farmer Drops Dead.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Jonathan Woif, a prosperous farmer and leading citizen of Harrison county, dropped dead this morning from heart failure at his home, three miles south of this city, while feeding stock at the barnyard. He was 70 years old, and is survived by his widow and 10 children. He served through the Civil war as a soldier in the confederate army.

MAY DO LITTLE ELSE THAN PASS SUPPLIES

Congressional Leaders Predict Not Much New Legislation Will Be Accomplished.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Congress will reassemble at noon tomorrow after the holiday recess, and will remain in session until March 4, when the present legislative body will go out of existence.

Leaders in both branches predict there will be little accomplished outside of the annual supply bills. These are now well advanced and will be taken up at once. There is a contest in the senate over taking up either the pure food bill or the statehood bill, but the latter is likely to get the right of way. It provides for the admission of two states, by combining Arizona and New Mexico in one, and Oklahoma and Indian territory in another.

Much interest centers in this year's naval appropriation bill, as it remains to be seen whether the spirit of economy in congress will cut down the authorizations for new ships so much desired by President Roosevelt and his administration. The house committee is preparing the bill, but has not yet taken up the construction section for consideration.

Damage Suit Against Wabash.

WASHINGTON, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—John W. Dosman and others of Washington today began a suit for $7,000 against the Wabash Railroad Company for damages caused by the building of the Wabash road over the Braden farm in Cross Creek township. The jury in the case left today on a 60-mile trip to inspect the railroad and if possible ascertain the amount of damages, the Wabash company paying the expenses of the trip.

Wants Blockade Runners Punished.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The Standard learns from an authoritative source that Japan intends to propose an alteration of the rules of war affecting blockade runners. Japan insists that captains and crews should be treated as belligerents and severely punished. Japan, the Standard says, will ask for a conference to discuss the question.

Seeks Position in Legislature.

WASHINGTON, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—James T. Heffman of Speers, this county, has received the indorsement of three Washington county members of the state legislature for the position of assistant sergeant-at-arms of the lower house of the legislature. He is one of the leading Republicans in the county and it is believed will secure the place.

PRESIDENT'S SALARY IS ENOUGH, SAYS PERKINS

Rochester Congressman Objects to Any Increase, but Cabinet Officers Require More.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 3.—Congressman James Breck Perkins, representing the Twenty-second district, said today:

"The Stewart bill has no more chance of being passed than would a bill making Roosevelt president for life.

"The president gets enough. He receives a cash salary of $50,000 and other allowances amounting in value to about $50,000 more. As I understand it he gets his servants, horses, carriages and has his house and other things furnished him. Of course he pays for his own clothes, and for his entertaining.

"There is one class of men who are decidedly underpaid. They are the cabinet members. They get $8,000 a year and that is all there is to it. They have to put all their time on the work while a congressman puts in but half of his time. The cabinet members should receive at least $75,000."

CIVIL SERVICE SYSTEM FOR THE PORTO RICANS

This Government Will Seek to Institute One Similar to That in Operation in the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—A civil service system, similar to that in operation in the Philippines, is expected to be instituted shortly in Porto Rico. Civil Service Commissioner Cooley will leave New York next Saturday for Porto Rico, where he probably will remain a month consulting the local authorities on the subject.

The plan, which is subject to the provision of whatever legislation the Porto Ricans may decide to enact, contemplates placing under civil service all places in the insular government, this system to be entirely independent of the civil service commission of this government, except that the latter may be drawn on in rare cases where a place demands certain technical qualifications not easily found in Porto Rico.

Big Sale of Coal Lands.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Another sale of Fayette county coal has been consummated, the Connellsville Central Coke Company purchasing 50 acres of coal and 63 acres of surface in Menallen township for $55,000. The coal underlies the Oliver B. Jeffries and Jacob B. Graham farms.

WALTER PROMISES MANY REFORMS TO CITIZENS

If Elected Mayor of Harrisburg Will Inaugurate Many New Ideas, He Says.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, PA., Jan. 3.—Christian P. Walter, who recently announced his candidacy for mayor on a platform pledging himself to contribute $1,000 annually out of the salary of the office if elected to the Civic club for the purchase of useful Christmas gifts for poor deserving children of Harrisburg, issued a lengthy statement today pledging himself to numerous reforms if he becomes mayor.

He advocates a single tax rate system, a five cent round-trip fare on the city trolley lines at the noon hour and the working people going and coming, a municipal airport by the city of the Harrisburg Athletic club, free the embankment of first class ball sports, the extension of Capitol park and more liberal treatment of the local trolley companies.

He also states the mayor should be free from corporate interests and should work at least nine hours a day for city, suggests the city should not attempt to collect fees for corporation privileges.

Mill Superintendent Retires.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Thomas Purnell, for the past three years general superintendent of the Republic Iron and Steel Company in this district, retired today. He is one of the best-known men in this country, and is rumored he will become connected with some of the big local plants outside of the United States Steel and Republic plants.

Pioneer Celebrates Anniversary.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The 93d birthday of Allen Dillner, whose father was the first white man in Greene county and whose grandfather heard the cannon at the Battle of Gen. Braddock in 1755, was observed New Year's day at his home in Dunbar township, Greene county, near the Fayette county line. He has spent all of his life within three miles of his present home.

Assault Finally Ends Fatally.

CONNELLSVILLE, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—By the death last night of John Fletcher of Coalhaut, another murder is added to the criminal record of Fayette county. Fletcher was assaulted by two unknown men on September 30 and left for dead. The next morning he was found wandering in a field near his home. Fletcher never regained his right mind and was unable to give an account of the deed.

30 per cent possibilities

The man from Harrisburg who bought a $20 suit of us yesterday, saved enough money on our 30% proposition to pay his railroad fare both ways.

Think what you can save on our 30% with only a street car fare to pay—and not even that if you are within walking distance of "The Big Store."

KAUFMANN'S
"THE BIG STORE"

Keep your feet dry

Better a shoe bill than a doctor's bill—especially if the shoe bill be a little one.

Men's $3 shoes at 2.10 Women's $2.50 shoes at 2.10
Men's $5 shoes at 3.75 Women's $4 shoes at 3.00

These are the four foremost bargain features in our shoe section this week.

KING COTTON'S CARNIVAL

Let the women who dote on fine undermuslins reveal in the delights of these dainty garments.

Corset covers

Women's corset covers—perfect fitting, cambric or muslin, lace or embroidery trimmed, V shape or high neck.....5c

Cambric corset covers—low neck, French style, trimmed with rows of lace insertion and lace edging.....19c

Nainsook corset covers—low neck, French style, trimmed with rows of lace insertion down front, beading, ribbon and lace ruffle, at.....50c

Nainsook corset covers—French style, trimmed with rows of lace inserting, medallion embroidery, ribbon and beading.....1.00

Finer corset covers up to 6.50.

Petticoats

Women's petticoats of good quality muslin, deep flounce with lace inserting or embroidery ruffle.....50c

Women's petticoats—deep cambric flounce, prettily trimmed with lace and embroidery, extra dust ruffle.....1.50

Women's petticoats—deep flounce of tucked lawn, insertion of fine lace; others embroidery trimmed, extra dust ruffle

1.98 to 10.00

Corsets—10,000 pairs of celebrated R. & G. P. N., and American Lady corsets on special sale today at

25c, 50c, 69c, 1.00

Chemise

Women's chemise—short and skirt length, trimmed with "embroidery or hemstitched ruffle, at.....50c

Women's chemise—fine nainsook, skirt length, yoke or lace inserting, lace trimmed ruffle on skirt.....1.00

Petticoats

a very special offer of black and colored mercerized sateen and moreen petticoats, lined and unlined; some with deep flounces and trimmed with ruffles or accordion pleated, at

50c, 75c, 98c and 1.50

Night gowns

Women's muslin night gowns—high neck trimmed with cluster tucks and cambric ruffle....25c

Muslin night gowns—Empire style, trimmed with embroidery—embroidery revers—lace beading and ribbon trimmed.....50c

Cambric night gowns—Empire style, trimmed with three rows of embroidery, insertion, hemstitched tucks, embroidery beading, etc.....75c

Finer nightgowns $1.25 to $15.00.

Drawers

Women's drawers—good quality muslin, deep cambric ruffle, hemstitched yoke band.....11c

Women's drawers—cambric and muslin, plain or umbrella style; ruffles, hemstitched or tucked; lace or embroidery trimmed.25c

Women's nainsook drawers—deep ruffle of blind embroidery, edged with lace or deep embroidery ruffle.....50c

Finer drawers up to 7.50.

For children

Children's drawers—well made of Masonville muslin, all sizes, special in this sale.....10c

Night Gowns—for girls or boys, made of best quality muslin, tucked yoke, all sizes.....50c

Ready to feed the sewing machines

They've been burning cotton down south to get rid of the surplus crop and stiffen prices. Figures are at the lowest minute now—especially these prices of ours.

Standard brands of muslin—such as Lonsdale, Fruit-of-the-loom, Hill, etc., full bleached, 36 in. wide—today only, yard.....6¾c

Shirting muslin and fine underwear cambric, 36 in. wide—always $1.3c yard, this sale.....5c

5,000 yards Manchester Iawn—manufacturers' sample lengths—regular 10c goods, today, yard.5c

English long cloth—Lily-bleached, full 12 yard pieces—worth $1.25, this sale.....98c

Standard "Mohawk" sheeting—10-4 at yd...25c 9-4 at yd...22c

Mercerized vestings and mercerized madras—sample pieces (containing 2 yards and over) of regular 40c and 50c goods, this sale, yard.....25c

22c white flannel, 15c yard.

White embroidered flannel—hemmed and hemstitched—a splendid 75c quality, today, yard.....49c

3,000 hemmed pillow cases—size 42x36 in., this sale, each.....10c

5,000 hemmed sheets—double bed size—unbleached, but a few washings will make them white—the 65c kind, this sale.....29c

January shirt sale

These shirts are not specially made "sale" shirts—duplicates of many of them will be found in our regular stocks later on. Six different makers have contributed their Spring, 1905, sample lines—and "sample" you know means the maker's best—best in style, patterns, make and material.

75c shirts
85c shirts
95c shirts
44c
SIX LOTS AT TWO PRICES.

$1.25 shirts
$1.50 shirts
$2.00 shirts
59c
SIX LOTS AT TWO PRICES.

Both negligee and dress shirts are included—plain and pleated bosoms—cuffs separate or attached. The materials—madras, zephyr, cheviot, oxford and percale—come in pleasing new patterns, on light and dark colored grounds.

January Clearance Women's coats and suits

CLEARANCE AT KAUFMANN'S doesn't imply a "riddance of bad rubbish." The spirit of quick action that pervades this store doesn't permit anything to hang on a rack or stay on the tables until it becomes "style-stale." This is a rapid-firing sale of seasonable, shapely, clean, stylish garments, such as you can wear with pride and satisfaction for four long months yet this year—and all next season, too, if you have to.

200 women's and misses' coats—reduced to less than half price—broken sizes in some, all sizes 32 to 44 in others—in cheviots, kerseys and fancys; loose or fitted effects—formerly $5, $6 and $7, now.....2.50

Women's former $15, $18 and $21 coats—three-quarter length and short effect, in meltons, kerseys and cheviots; black and colors, fitted or loose effect—reduced to.....10.00

Women's former $8.50, $9 and $10 coats—short, medium and three-quarter length, in covert materials, kerseys and cheviots, black and colors; loose and fitted effect, lined throughout—reduced to.....5.00

Women's tailor-made jacket suits—short blouse, 30-in. and three-quarter length coat effect—in cheviots and broadcloths; new pleated skirts—reduced from $21, $23 and $25, to12.50

Women's $40 and $45 tailor-made suits at 24.75—new stylish and exclusive ideas—made of finest Worumbo broadcloth, English novelties, imported suitings, coverts and cheviots—in 50 in. tight-fitting coat style, new blouse effect and short jacket style—skirts pleated and kilted—all reduced from $40 and $45 to.....24.75

Women's fine nearseal coats—plain or lapel and collar trimmed with mink or silver beaver—reduced from $40 and $50 to.....30.00

Women's $21, $23 and $25 coats reduced to 14.00—here's a chance to get a very fine coat at a big saving. Newest three-quarter loose, semi-fitting and tight-fitting styles—made of fine cheviots, kerseys and English mixtures—every coat splendidly tailored and finished—reduced from $21, $23 and $25, to.....14.00

Girls' $4.50 military coats—box back with belt, made of all wool zibelines and cheviots; emblems on sleeve; sizes 6 to 14 years—reduced to.....1.95

Girls' and misses' $8.50 suits—various pretty styles in all-wool materials, plain colors or fancy mixtures; all sizes to 18 years—reduced to.....3.25

Girls' $16.50 full length coats—newest military effects, also fourth coats and pleated styles with belt, made of best materials—reduced to.....8.50

A SERVICE OF LOVE,
By O. HENRY, AN INTERESTING FEATURE OF
NEXT SUNDAY'S GAZETTE

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 4, 1905.—PAGES 9 TO 16.

PROGNOSTIC FOR YEAR 2005.
By JULIA WARD HOWE, IN
THE NEXT SUNDAY GAZETTE

THE WORLD'S SERIES WILL BE FOR A TROPHY CUP

MANY TEAMS ARE SEEKING GAMES

Pirates Are in Demand as a Spring Attraction—Arranging for the Practice Trip.

NEW PLAYERS ARE BOOMED

Preparations for the Pirates' spring practice trip have been taken up with vigor by the club owner, and arrangements are being made whereby the players will be given plenty of opportunity to get into first class playing shape before the opening of the championship season. Manager Clarke's ideas are to be followed out, and the players will be given three full weeks of work at Hot Springs, and no side trips are to be taken for exhibition games.

The intention of the club owner is to keep the team in the south as long as possible and not come north until it is absolutely necessary, and thus escape the blizzards that do business in the latter part of March and early April. If the old plan of arranging the schedule is carried out it will be the Pirates' turn to open the championship season in Cincinnati this year, and the trip to that town will not be made until the very last moment. It may be that some exhibition games will be arranged after the team leaves Hot Springs, but they will be very few.

President Dreyfuss is daily in receipt of requests for exhibition dates from towns in the south. The most urgent is Paducah, Ky., the club owner's old home, and it is likely that this request will be granted, as Mr. Dreyfuss is anxious to show his old neighbors and friends what a fast team he has. Some games may also be played in Louisville and other southern towns that are within a short ride of Cincinnati. The object of these games will be to keep the players on edge, so that they will be in shape for the opening of the championship season.

"Del" Howard, the new player who was secured in the deal with the Philadelphia club, has an admirer up in Meadville who does not propose to allow that player to be considered a bit of dead wood on the Pirates' staff. Howard's admirer has collected a bunch of figures which show the player to be something of a wonder. These figures were sent to the local club owner, and if the player can get anywhere near the figures his admirer has fixed up for him he will prove a wonder indeed.

Another new player with a local admirer who stands ready to boost his worth at all times is Clancy, the man secured from the Montreal club, and who will more than likely be found at first base. Clancy's admirer is Jimmy Gardner, the ex-Pirate, who managed and played with the Montreal team for some seasons. Gardner vouches for Clancy's ability as a first baseman, and says that in a short time his work will make the local patrons forget all about "Kitty" Bransfield. Jimmy says that Clancy is a natural batter, and can lay the ball down for a bunt with as much skill as Beaumont. He is a big fellow, but is very fast on his feet.

President Dreyfuss admitted yesterday that Manager Clarke has already picked out his team for the coming season, but he is not at liberty to make the same public, for the reason that there are a number of players to be disposed of, and all the league club owners have not yet waived claim to these players.

WHAT THE INDEPENDENT PLAYERS ARE DOING

Pitcher Jack Dolan is wintering at Springfield, O. He may go to the Tri-State the coming season. Little Rock still has him on its reserve list.

Pitcher George Upp, who, after making a fine record at Grove City college last spring, went to Homestead, was married recently at his home in Sandusky, O.

Pitcher Johnnie Knedit, last year with Waynesburg and who recently signed with the Boone (Iowa State league) team, may enter the Indiana Normal soon, and pass up Iowa and its state leagues.

"Germany" Smith, manager of the Altoona Tri-State league club, writes that he will give Frank Eastley, the Interscholastic pitcher, a good trial.

The Akron (O.) club wants First Baseman Ed Murphy to play there next season. Murphy is signed with Johnstown. Murphy played on the Massillon football team in the game that decided the championship of Ohio, and by making the only touchdown secured the honor for Massillon. He, nevertheless, is a favorite in Akron.

Joe Phillips, the Waynesburg pitcher, who has been signed by the Boston National league club, will be turned over to Rochester, of the Eastern league.

Games in Manchester League.

The Manchester league game scheduled to be played at Raleigh hall tonight is expected to be a most exciting contest. The Fowler A. C. and the Manhattan A. C. are the teams which will face each other tonight. The Manhattan boys have won five and lost four in the championship series, while the Fowlers have won four and lost five. If the latter team wins tonight it will be tie with Manhattan for second honors. The preliminary will be played by the Tom Thumbs, the prospective champions, and the Manchester Midgets, who are second in the race for first honors in the Raleigh league. Harry Burry of Manchester will referee both contests.

Motormen Need Tough Gloves

Our special Motormen's Gloves, Nos. 927 and 928, are made with a double palm, insuring double life and wear. They bear our famous trademark

ASBESTOL

They are best in every way. They are made of Eisendrath's Celebrated Horsehide, are specially built for hard service, are perfectly cut and sewed and need no "breaking in."

The leather from which ASBESTOL Gloves and Mittens are made is of a special tannage and will stand the tests of fire, steam, water and washing. They will not shrink or harden like inferior makes, and one pair will outwear two pairs of the ordinary make, but cost no more.

Sold by all first-class dealers.
Price $1.25 and $1.50.

Eisendrath Glove Co., Chicago, Ill.

Koercher's
439 WOOD ST.
Read Our Special "ad."
Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, In the Pittsburgh Gazette. EVERY WEEK

MEET ME AT
HOTEL ANTLER
Both on Each Floor Free to Guests. Absolutely Fire-proof. Steam Heat and Telephone in Every Room. European Plan. Fifth Avenue, Pgh. Opp. Grand Opera House.

WILL OFFER TROPHY CUP FOR POST-SEASON GAMES

National Commission Will Take Matter in Hand—New York and Boston Teams May Meet.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, Jan. 3.—Chairman Herrmann, of the National Baseball commission, said today, that he believed rules for the government of a series of baseball games for the championship of the world would be adopted with the coming meeting of the national commission, which is to control such contests.

He believes that the rules will be along the lines suggested by President Brush of New York. The winning club is to get a silver trophy similar to the Temple cup. The club that wins the series is to be only the custodian of the cup and is responsible to the national commission for its safe keeping. Mr. Herrmann believes that under these conditions there is no reason why the Boston Americans and New York Nationals should not meet in the spring.

The plan of minor leagues to present Mr. Brush an embossed testimonial for his efforts to have the draft price for young players increased has been held in abeyance until after the meeting of the national commission.

Ice Yachts Will Race Today.

RED BANK, N. J., Jan. 3.—(Special:)—The ice on the North Shrewsbury river is again in fine condition and the second ice yacht race of the season will take place tomorrow. The slushy surface of the ice has been changed by the cold wave into a hard, smooth field, which will require the runners of the yachts to be as sharp as steel. The race will be open to third-class boats and will be for points in the club cup contest. There will be at least eight starters.

CALLS WHITE A DUB.

Young Corbett Does Not Think Much of English Fighter.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—"I'll take Jabez White and agree to knock him out in 10 rounds," said Young Corbett today at San Rafael, where he is going through a course of severe training.

"I had that fellow picked out long before they thought he was a champion. I knew all the time that he was a mark, and I had my wires all laid for him. I took Nelson for a sucker, though, and went back some points in the estimation of the sports, but right now I'm working harder than I ever did in my life, and inside of a month will be in grand shape for any of them.

"Yes, I'll be on with Nelson in February. I'm almost certain of that, but I'd like to pick White off first. If I don't flatten him out in 10 rounds he can have every cent of the purse."

POKE THE FIRE!

Baseball Fans in Westmoreland Have Visions of a Trolley League.

GREENSBURG, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Scottdale baseball fans have inaugurated a movement for a trolley league, to consist of nines in the following towns: Uniontown, Scottdale, Connellsville, Mt. Pleasant, Greensburg and Irwin. Since a connecting link has been built between Youngwood and Hunker, street cars touch at all of the towns, and it is given as an inducement to join the league that traveling expenses will be reduced to a minimum.

The Scottdale fans have sent out notices for a meeting in Scottdale on Saturday evening, January 7. It is probable that both the Greensburg Elks and Y. M. C. A. nines will be represented. The Elks have already organized for the coming season.

A BRIGHT STAR ON THE INDEPENDENT CIRCUIT

BILLY PHYLE.

He played third base for the Youngstown team last season. He is an expelled member from organized ball because of a squabble in the Southern league in which he was a prominent figure.

RACED FOR CHARITY ON NEW ORLEANS TRACK

The Going Was Very Spirited and Four Favorites Managed to Get to the Front.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 3.—The fact that the day's receipts were to be divided among a number of charities, drew a large crowd to the track today. The card was a fairly good one and each event furnished a good contest. Tople and Treemchs were the only beaten favorites. Swift Wing was run up to $1,200 after his race at bought in. Summary:

First race, 1 mile and 20 yards—Monaco Maid, 100, Abuchon, 5 to 2, won; Pawtucket, 111, H. Phillips, 18 to 5, second; Flight, 90, E. Rice, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:43 3-5.

Second race, 1¼ miles—Swift Wing, 109, H. Phillips, 2 to 1, won; Cataline, 97, Baird, 18 to 5, second; Handspinner, 98, Schilling, 12 to 1, third. Time, 2:10.

Third race, 7 furlongs—Sis Lee, 92, Aubuchon, 3 to 1, won; Sponge Cake, 90½, Nicol, 8 to 1, second; Terra Rod, 91, E. Rice, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:28.

Fourth race, 1 mile, handicap—De Reske, 107, J. Martin, 8 to 5, won; Rams Horn, 105, Paul, 7 to 2, second; Katie Powers, 108, Nicol, 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:41 2-5.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs—St. Tammany, 100, J. Martin, 10 to 1, won; Norwood Ohio, 80, Aubuchon, 6 to 1, second; Kilts, 98, Crumbine, 9 to 1, third. Time, 1:14 4-5.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles—Rian, 104, J. McIntyre, 2 to 1, won; Montebank, 100, Cocolo, 6 to 1, second; Knowledge, 98, Aubuchon, 9 to 1, third. Time, 1:49.

BAD DAY FOR BOOKS.

Five of the Six Favorites Were Winners at Ascot.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Jan. 3.—Favorites had their inning at Ascot today, five out of six scoring victories. The remaining race fell to a strongly-played second choice. There was a big crowd on hand and the books had the most disastrous day of the season. There were no striking features to the races except the victory of Hans Wagner over a mile and an eighth in 1:52½, which is a new record for the Ascot track. Weather clear; track fast. Summary:

First race, 6 furlongs—Logic of Day, 106, Fitzpatrick, 11 to 5, won; Maggie Mackey, 102, McDaniel, 4 to 1, second; Anona, 105, Lawrence, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:14½.

Second race, 5½ furlongs—Interlude, 107, Hildebrand, 2 to 1, won; Happy Chappy, 104, Lawrence, 3 to 1, second; Hildebrandt, 107, Herbert, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:07.

Third race, 1⅛ miles—Hans Wagner, 103, Hildebrand, 16 to 5, won; Emperor of India, 105, Miller, 3 to 2, second; Elle, 102, Walsh, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:52½.

Fourth race, Shannon course—Descanta, 106, Rennenkamp, 7 to 5, won; Bologna, 107, Lawrence, 6 to 1, second; Cantarano, 117, Dugan, 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:09⅘.

Fifth race, Brooks course—Heather Honey, 98, McDaniel, 6to 5, won; Akin, 111, Fuller, 3 to 1, second; Jingler, 106, Thomas, 5 to 1, third. Time, 2:06.

Sixth race, mile—Heiserson, 104, Lawrence, 6 to 5, won; Golden Ivy, 99, Moriarity, 3 to 1, second; Duquesnite, 111, Tullett, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:41⅘.

Capt. Brown Is Honored.

MEMPHIS, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Capt. R. S. Brown, the Pittsburgh turfman, was yesterday honored by the stockholders of the new Memphis Jockey club, at the annual meeting, by being elected member of the board of directors, succeeding the late J. M. Armstead. Capt. Brown has always been a large stockholder in the local club.

VORWECKS ARE WINNERS.

Great Eastern Team Is Defeated in Pool Match by 38 Balls.

The Great Eastern pool team lost to the Vorwecks in the latter's room last night. A return game will be played tomorrow night in the Great Eastern room at East Liberty. Last night's scores:

Vorwecks—		Great Eastern—	
Elsey	46	Coyle	26
Vorwerk	74	Marshall	23
Montgomery	26	Crump	37
Total	146	Total	86

A. A. A. TO PLAY GAMES WITH THE W. U. P. FIVE

A team composed of members of the Y. M. C. A. and students of the W. U. P. will play the preliminary games for the W. U. P. basketball team in Cyclorama hall, Allegheny, under the name of the Allegheny Athletic association. This new team is creating considerable interest and is expected to be one of the fastest junior teams in this end of the state. It has practiced several times a week with the W. U. P. team and is receiving valuable instruction. The first team will wear W. U. P. colors and will probably accompany W. U. P. when it plays away from home. N. J. Adams is to be manager of the team, and Crosby, McCabe, Young, Dewalt, Dunnigan, Forte and Fraser will probably be seen in the line-up. Those W. U. P. games will probably have a larger attendance than any other ball in this vicinity as the Cyclorama hall affords good facilities for taking care of a large crowd and special accommodations have been made for ladies. Both teams are practicing hard for the opening game next Saturday evening, January 7, at which W. U. P. will have Wagner's Carnegie team as its opponents and the A. A. A. will have the Union club for the preliminary.

The Price-Cutting Knife has made keen slashes into former figures on every line of merchandise in each department of this store—unheard of values are thus created for January buyers.

MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY FILLED.

SOLOMON'S

K. SOLOMON & COMPANY, Smithfield and Diamond Sts.

To Start the New Year in an economical way do not fail to attend the January Clearance Sales in the various departments—as well as the annual "White Sale" of Dainty Undermuslins.

The January Clearance Is Now On In Full Force

The Fur, Coat, Suit, Skirt and Waist Dep'ts. Come Forward with Startling Reductions

The women of Pittsburgh have learned to look toward our great second floor for the foremost styles—always at the right prices. Now that the time has come for the prompt clearance throughout all these sections women may expect to find deep reductions on every side—and in this they will not be disappointed. After an immense season's business the lines which remain unsold are necessarily varied and in all cases include the choicest of fashionable apparel. But no matter how stylish or desirable the garment may be it is now marked at a cut price to move it quickly. Those who will heed this ad. and attend this sale of sales will be rewarded by unprecedented money-saving—it is the most radical and indisputable bargain event of the year.

$2 for Women's Coats that sold at $7.95 and $10. Cheviots, in black only. Short, tight-fitting styles, faced with gros grain and lined with satin. All to be cleared out at Sale Price of..... $2.00

$5 for Coats that sold at $10 and $12. 27-inch lengths, with fitted or loose backs. Made of cheviots, kerseys and coverts, collarless or with collars. Lined with silk. January Clearance Price..... $5.00

$7.95 for Coats that sold up to $15. Castors, brown and black kerseys, in fitted or loose effects. Silk lined. Newest sleeves. All to be closed out at..... $7.95

$7.95 for Crushed Plush Coats that sold at $15. 30 inches long. Neatly trimmed around cuffs and collars. Lined with durable satin. January Clearance Price..... $7.95

$10 for Coats that sold up to $20. Short or medium length coats of coverts, kerseys and broadcloths, in colors and black. Trimmed or plain. January Clearance Price..... $10

$15 for Coats that sold up to $30. Three-quarter lengths, made of kerseys and broadcloths, in black only. Fitted or loose backs. Collarless or with collars. Lined with silk. Fancily trimmed or strapped. Sale Price..... $15

$25 for Fur Lined Coats that sold up to $50. Fine broadcloths, in blues, browns, greens, reds, white and black. 45 inches long. Collarless or with fur collars. Lined with Russian squirrels. Clearance Sale Price..... $25

$1 for Girls' $3 and $4 Mackintoshes. A lot of mackintoshes, in various sizes. All to be closed out at the January Clearance Sale Price of..... $1.00

$1.95 for Scarfs worth up to $6. Cluster or boa shape, trimmed with natural tails. All to be closed out at..... $1.95

$5 for Furs worth up to $10. Australian minks, squirrel and foxes, in tie, scarf or boa shape. Values up to $10, at..... $5.00

$10 for Foxes worth up to $18. Isabella or sable foxes, in medium lengths. Finished with brushes and claws. Also blue wolves, in pelerine shape. Reduced to..... $10

$5 for Misses' Fur Sets worth $7.50 and $10. Beaver, mole, mink, imitation ermine and fox sets, to be closed out at..... $5.00

$3 for Tailored Suits sold at $10 and $12. Dark or light materials, in Eton or blouse styles. Lined with silk. Walking skirts. Odd garments to go at Sale Price of..... $3.00

$5 for Suits that sold at $15 and $20. Mixtures or plain materials, in blouse, Eton or long coat styles. Neatly trimmed or plainly tailored. Odd suits to be closed out at..... $5.00

$10 for Suits that sold up to $30. Tan coverts, cheviots and mixtures; also voiles. Fancily trimmed or plainly made. One to three of a kind. Unrestricted choice at..... $10

$15 for Suits worth $40. Nothing to be reserved. Fine cheviots, broadcloths and Venetians, in fitted coat or Eton blouse styles. January Sale Price..... $15

$20 for Suits that sold up to $50. Plain cheviots and broadcloths; also coverts and mixtures; fancily trimmed or plain. Walking skirts. All to be closed out at..... $20

$25 for Velvet Suits that sold up to $60. Blue, green and grey velvets, in long coat or blouse styles. Silk lined. Walking skirts. Sale Price..... $25

$30 for Costumes that sold up to $90. Mousselines, nets, crepe de chines and lace dresses, fancily trimmed and lined with silk. All placed on one rack at..... $30

$3.95 for Dress Skirts that sold at $10. Basket weaves, voiles, cheviots and broadcloths, in colors and black. Trimmed with silk braids or strapped. Values up to $10, at Sale Price of..... $3.95

$5 for Dress Skirts that sold up to $20. Voiles and various other materials, in colors and black. Neatly tailored and perfect fitting. Odd garments to go at Sale Price of..... $5.00

$25 for Fur Coats worth $40. Nearseal coats, either plain or with natria fur collar. 24-inch lengths, lined with satin. Clearance Price..... $25

$40 for Persian Lamb Coats worth $80. 24-inch lengths, with medium curl. Lined with silk. January Sale Price..... $40

$65 for Persian Lamb Coats worth $100. 24 inches long. Collar and reveres faced with mink or chinchilla. Newest sleeves. Sale Price..... $65

January "White Sale"---Dainty Underwear At Little Prices

Yesterday the great "White Sale" started on its triumphant career—the throngs of customers who attended are unanimous in the verdict that we are presenting the most phenomenal values ever seen in Pittsburgh. We are proving that it is worth your while to buy NOW.

Every piece of underwear that finds its way into this stock must pass the most rigid inspection and come up to the highest standards of sewing, finishing and trimming. No undersize garments at this sale—every one cut full and liberal and made of the finest snowy muslins—the small prices will be a revelation to buyers—you can afford to lay in a future supply.

Corset Covers of cambric and nainsook, in French style, with high or low neck. Trimmed with Torchon or Val. lace. Sale Price..... 25c

Corset Covers, in French style. Made of nainsook, trimmed with Pointe de Paris lace, beading and ribbon. Also all-over embroidery effects. Sale Price..... 44c

Corset Covers of nainsook, trimmed with lace and ribbon. Exceptional January Sale Price..... 69c

Gowns. Nainsook or cambric, V or square shaped neck. Trimmed with blind embroidery and tucks. January Sale Price..... 85c

Gowns, in slip-over styles, with lace and embroidery insertion trimmed. 89c values, at the January Sale Price of..... 50c

Drawers, with umbrella flounce, trimmed with lace and embroidery. Made of nainsook and cambric. Sale Price..... 25c

Drawers of muslin, trimmed with Val. or hemstitched tucks, January Sale Price..... 19c

Skirts, made of cambric, with deep flounce. Trimmed with cluster tucks, three rows of Val. insertion and lace ruffle. Very special Sale Price..... 89c

Skirts of cambric, with deep flounce and lace ruffle or insertion trimmed; also embroidery flounces. $2.50 values, go at..... $1.50

Chemise, made of nainsook, lace and ribbon trimmed. January Sale Price..... 44c

Chemise of nainsook, trimmed with lace or embroidery. Special at Sale Price of..... 98c

White Dressing Sacques. Lawns and flannels, with loose or semi-fitted backs. Embroidery or lace trimmed. $1.50 garments at..... 75c

White Dressing Sacques, large sailor collar, trimmed with embroidery. $1.98 quality, at Sale Price of..... 95c

Extra Size Gowns, sizes 17 to 20. V or square necks. Neat garments, at Sale Price of..... 69c

Extra Size Drawers of cambric, trimmed with flounce and tucks. Sale Price..... 44c

Extra Size Underskirts of cambric, with umbrella flounce and cluster tucks. January Sale Price is..... 69c

Corsets. Odds and ends of such well-known makes as Nemo, Royal Worcester, Thompson's Glove fitting and C. B., in white, drab or black. From $1.00 to $3.50 values, at..... 69c

Corsets. About 1,000 pairs of straight front corsets, made of batiste or coutille, in sizes from 18 to 26 inches. Regular 75c values, at the January Sale Price of..... 25c

PACKET BOATS RUNNING AGAIN

Kanawha the First to Come Up the Ohio River for Five Months.

OTHER VESSELS FOLLOWING

For the first time since last July a packet came up the Ohio river yesterday to Pittsburgh. The first arrival was the steamer Kanawha of the Pittsburgh, Parkersburg and Charleston packet line. She tied at the wharf at 2 o'clock yesterday morning with a big consignment of freight for this city.

In the Kanawha's bill of lading were 70 horses, 30 head of cattle and 200 coops of chickens, besides great quantities of hay and produce of all kinds from West Virginia and the Ohio river bottoms. On her return trip, which started at 4 o'clock last evening, the boat took 12 head of horses besides a cargo of agricultural implements, wagons, carriages, egg cases, cotton ties, hardware, and everything imaginable. The wharf looked like a busy spot, as during her stay in the city wagons were coming and going constantly with freight destined for Ohio and Kanawha river points. It was an indication of what would be doing if the Ohio had a nine-foot stage all the year around.

The Lorena, the Zanesville packet, left that city yesterday morning and will be in today. The Greenland is now on her way from Charleston. The Virginia left Cincinnati yesterday and is steaming toward Pittsburgh with a heavy cargo for this city. Packet navigation has been resumed in earnest and will be continued so long as there is water enough to run. In addition to the great stock of freight carried by the Kanawha on her out trip last evening, she took about 50 passengers, destined for points along the river.

The Kanawha left this city August 2. The last boat out for Cincinnati left July 27. During all these months there has not been a sign of activity in this line along the wharf and the sight of a packet yesterday drew out crowds of loungers, sheltered in friendly doorways, in spite of the bitter wind sweeping the river front.

The opening of the packet trade is expected to have the effect of materially reducing the price of poultry and eggs in the Pittsburgh market. The Kanawha took down almost a boatload of empty egg cases yesterday. When she comes back she will bring as many full ones in return. She also took several hundred empty poultry coops, which will come back full in a week or two. The river shipments of poultry and eggs, especially at this time of the year, are always extremely heavy, and a serious tumble in prices may be looked for in the near future as a result of the rise in the river.

The Virginia will arrive from Cincinnati Friday evening or Saturday morning. She will be followed by the Keystone State and the Queen City. The rise now coming in the rivers will insure plenty of water for the packet boats and a profitable business is looked for the rest of the winter, unless something untoward develops.

THE THREE RIVERS

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 3.—At 6 p. m. today the Ohio river at Cincinnati was 15.6 feet and rising. Riverman predict that the present rise will not go above 20 feet here. This will make an excellent boating stage for all classes of craft. Today's departures of packets were: Virginia, Pittsburgh; Henry M. Stanley, Pittsburgh; Courier, Maysville and City of Cincinnati, Louisville. The following towboats arrived from above with coal: Valiant, Josh Cook, Jim Wood and John A. Wood. All of these boats were sent South except the John A. Wood, which will take a tow of empties back to Pittsburgh. The Conboy left for Louisville with a tow of coal. The packet Queen City arrived here today from Memphis. She will enter the Pittsburgh trade and run from here every Saturday as long as the water lasts. The Nellie Willis will arrive here from the Kentucky river tomorrow morning and take a miscellaneous tow to that stream. Cloudy, cold and windy.

LOUISVILLE—River rising; in canal, 7.6; on falls, 5.4; below locks, 16 feet. Partly cloudy and colder.

STEUBENVILLE—River 8 feet and falling. Cloudy and cold. Up, Frank Gilmore. Submarine divers found the sunken hull of the Charles Jutte stove in on both sides.

MARIETTA—River 8.8 and falling. Colder. Valley Belle down at 8:30 a. m.; Bessie Smith for Pittsburgh at 5 p. m.

WHEELING—River 8 feet 5 inches and falling. Cloudy and cold with snow. Down, H. K. Bedford; boom.

WARREN—River 4 feet 5 inches and stationary. Cloudy and cold.

MORGANTOWN—River 8 feet 2 inches and stationary. Colder, with snow.

PARKERSBURG—River 9.5 feet and falling. Two inches of snow. Clear and colder tonight. The Valley Belle left at noon for Middleport. The Bessie Smith at 4 p. m. for Wheeling.

POINT PLEASANT—River 9 feet 2 inches and falling. Cold. Up, Harry Brown, Ruth Greenland. Down, Jim Wood, J. T. Hatfield.

GREENSBORO—River 7 feet 3 inches and stationary. Cold and snow.

OIL CITY—River 4 feet 10 inches and rising. Clear and cold.

The stage of water at Davis Island dam at 9 o'clock last night was 6.9 feet and the river was rising.

TAYLOR GOES AGROUND.

Another Jutte Boat Meets Trouble at Merriman.

The Juttes have been having exceedingly hard luck during the present rise. The Robert Taylor has gone aground, hard and fast, at Merriman, where she was engaged for the Western Dredging Company in digging out the coal which was sunk at that point by the Crescent.

The Joseph B. Finley has arrived up from Middleport with empties.

Among the boats which got up yesterday on the rise are the C. W. Thomas of the Jutte interests, the Ed Roberts and the Tom Dodsworth of the River Coal Company. They all brought empties, which are to be distributed at the pool mines up the Monongahela.

The Rose Hite was the Morgantown boat out yesterday and carried a big cargo of freight for up-river points.

During the past year 10 new members have been added to the roll by Pittsburgh Harbor No. 25. The pilots are greatly interested now in the meeting of the grand harbor which will open in Washington January 23.

Rivermen are going to work for an amendment of the marine hospital rules which require that steamboatmen must have been employed within 60 days of the date of their admission to a marine hospital. As the rivers here are frequently closed for months at a time, this works a hardship on riverman which they consider unjust.

$23,000 By Mail.

A very handsomely illustrated booklet has just been issued by the Peoples Savings bank of Pittsburgh. The booklet is printed on India tint, enameled paper and is illustrated by half-tone engravings, showing the interior of the banking rooms, and by very cleverly executed crayon drawings showing a number of uses to which a Savings Account may be put.

The printing is in three colors, carrying out a series of brown inks very effectively. The cover is also in brown, being embossed in brown and gold.

Altogether it is a very attractive and effective piece of business literature.

The text in the book deals largely with banking by mail, which has come to be an important feature of the Bank's business, the deposits received in this way amounting each month to thousands of dollars. Only last week a Chicago business man sent a savings deposit to the bank amounting to $25,000.00. This is a little larger than the average deposit, but it serves to illustrate the confidence placed in Pittsburgh financial institutions.

The booklet mentioned is from the press of the William S. Power Company.

Southern Railway.

THE LINE TO FLORIDA, Georgia and the Carolinas. Route of the Southern's Palm Limited, through Washington.

Chicago and Florida Special, through Cincinnati.

4—Other Superb Fast Trains—4

Dining Car Service.

Call on initial agents, Pittsburgh, mentioning Southern Railway, or write

L. S. Brown, General Agent, Washington, D. C.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SOCIETY

THE first in a series of smart entertainments scheduled to take place at Solitude, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Westinghouse, in Homewood, was given last evening. It was a beautifully appointed dinner of 20 covers, to which the guests had been bidden to meet Dr. Theodore Lewald, the imperial commissioner general of the German empire to the Louisiana Purchase exposition, who arrived in Pittsburgh yesterday. Dr. Lewald will remain in the city only for three days, and during that time will visit the Westinghouse works in Wilmerding and East Pittsburgh and make a tour of the places of interest in the city as extended as his short visit will allow.

The guests last evening were seated at one large table, which was dotted here and there with mounds of liberty roses and lilies of the valley, the tiny blossoms standing out pure and white in contrast to the deep rich red of their companion flowers. After the dinner there was a musicale given by Miss Genevieve Wheat, contralto, of this city, and a 'cellolst from Cleveland. The guest list included Dr. Lewald, Miss Marguerite Wadsworth, niece of the host and hostess; the Rt. Rev. Dr. Cortlandt Whitehead, Mrs. Whitehead, the Rev. Dr. William J. Holland and Mrs. Holland, Mrs. William Thaw, Mrs. William Thaw, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Miller, Prof. and Mrs. John A. Brashear, Col. Henry G. Prout of New York, Judge and Mrs. James Hay Reed, Miss Martha Childs, Miss Mary Louise Jackson, John B. Jackson, Newcomb Carlton and Guido Pampaleoni of New York, Miss Grace Gormley and Mr. and Mrs. George A. Macbeth. The three New Yorkers at the dinner are house guests at Solitude. Col. Prout was with Mr. and Mrs. Westinghouse during their visit here last winter. He served in the English army under Gen. "Chinese" Gordon, and a short time ago delivered a very interesting address before the members of the Twentieth Century club, taking as his subject his personal reminiscences of the great warrior.

Mrs. Flinn Gave a Dinner Dance.

A very delightful affair was the dinner dance at which Mrs. William Flinn was hostess last evening in honor of her son, Rex Flinn, a Yale student, and her daughter, Miss Mary Flinn, a Briar Cliff school girl. Although the affair was small, it was beautifully appointed. The dinner was served at one large table, having for its centerpiece a mound of corsage bouquets of lilies of the valley, with a single American Beauty rose in each center. Long streamers of green velvet ribbon extended from the centerpiece to the place of each girl, who, at the close of the dinner, pulled the ribbons, thus breaking the centerpiece and securing her favor. Boutonnieres of lilies of the valley were given to each of the young men. The large oak dining-room and the spacious hall with its surrounding balcony were used for the dancing. Ropes of smilax were festooned about both apartments, red bells and poinsettia for mantel hankings completing the decorations. There were two figures, one before and one after supper, with John Magee and Rex Flinn acting as leaders. The favors were fancy hand-painted baskets and pincushions for the girls and bridge scores and picture frames for the boys. Among the guests were Louis Dausman of St. Paul and William Moorhead of Greensburg, who are being entertained by Mrs. Flinn during the Christmas vacation.

A Change in the Cotillions.

Frank Scott Wilock, William B. Scaife and Clinton L. Childs led the three figures at the third of the winter cotillions in the Pittsburgh club last evening. Arthur W. Bell, Jr., and George S. Oliver, who with Mr. Childs form the committee in charge of the series, were not present last evening, and their places were therefore filled by Mr. Wilock, who danced with Mrs. Wilock, and by Mr. Scaife, who led with Miss Madeline F. Laughlin, while Mr. Childs danced with Miss Elizabeth Lauder. The decorations were more elaborate than for the first of the cotillions, although no more so than for the second. Red bells hung from the top of the stage, from the great crystal chandelier in the center of the room, from between the white pillars and on the sidelights. Smilax draped the pillars and holly was also introduced into the decorative scheme, while palms on the stage screened the musicians.

Entertainments of the Season.

Mrs. J. G. Bennett of South Highland avenue has issued invitations for an informal card party this afternoon in honor of Mrs. Joseph Holt Gaines of Washington, D. C., who is now the guest of Mrs. J. Dawson Callery of Bidwell street.

Mrs. Henry Graham Brown will entertain informally at bridge on Friday afternoon in honor of her mother, Mrs. J. J. Pugsley of Hillsboro, O., who is spending some time at her daughter's home in Forbes street.

Miss Margaretta Wood has invitations out for a bridge party on Saturday afternoon to meet her new sister-in-law, Mrs. William Boas Wood, formerly Miss Maude Lamb of Richmond, Ind.

Dinner Followed Reception.

A dinner for the aids and an equal number of men followed the reception given yesterday afternoon by Mrs. August Reineman and her daughters, Mrs. John Logan Wilson and Miss Lura Reineman. The affair was conducted at Mrs. Reineman's home in Rebecca street, East End, the assistants including Mrs. Fleming Wilson, Mrs. August Hartje, Mrs. Edward Hartje, Mrs. Louis Reineman, Mrs. Joseph L. Willetts, Mrs. Andrew Fisher, Mrs. John M. Thorn, Miss Ethel Pew, Miss Gertrude Mueller, Miss Rebecca Marchand, Miss Lucy Hecklemans, Miss Helen Thompson and Miss Ella Reineman. The hours for the reception were from 3 until 6 o'clock, the dinner following at 7.

In Honor of Granddaughters.

Miss Emma Virginia Garner of Denver and Miss Janette Brown of this city shared the honors of a large euchre which their grandmother, Mrs. S. Jarvis Adams, gave last evening at her home in Fifth avenue. There were 17 tables placed through the room, which had tasteful Christmas decorations combined with red tulips and azaleas. Miss Janette Garner, who is also visiting Mrs. Adams, will remain with her for the rest of the winter, while her sister will return next week to Miss Dana's school in Morristown, N. J. Mrs. Charles Wolfe, Mrs. George F. Balmain and Mrs. Marcellin Cote Adams assisted the hostess last evening.

Box Party for Visitor.

Miss Elizabeth Lauder, Mr. and Mrs. George Lauder's daughter, is entertaining as her house guest Miss Frost of New York. Miss Lauder expects to give a box party at the Nixon next Monday evening for her visitor, the play to be followed by supper at the Pittsburgh club. The guest list includes Miss Jeannette Abbott, Miss Gertrude Childs, Miss Louise Kay, Miss Sallie Hill, Miss Margaretta Wood, Miss Marjorie Rea, Miss Beatrice Hawkins, Clinton L. Childs, Charles Foster, Arthur W. Bell, Jr., James Rea, Richard Hawkins and several others.

Mrs. Stoddard Comes Soon.

Mrs. Louis E. Stoddard of New Haven, formerly Miss Rebecca McC. Darlington, is expected in the city on Sunday, to be the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Darlington, in Irwin avenue, Allegheny. Mrs. Stoddard is just recovering from a severe attack of tonsilitis, so it is possible that the social affairs in her honor will be informal. Mrs. John H. Ricketson, Jr., who is now making her home with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Scaife, in Western avenue, Allegheny, will give an informal bridge party for Mrs. Stoddard next Tuesday afternoon.

Wedded Twenty-Eight Years.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Treganowan gave a dinner on Monday afternoon at their home in Center avenue in celebration of the twenty-eighth anniversary of their marriage. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. O. G. J. Webb of Bristol, Conn., at whose home the bride and bridegroom had been married over a quarter of a century ago; Miss Alice Anderson and Miss Isabel Henderson of England, Miss Olive Treganowan, Miss Tilie Chapman, Clayton Burns, Henry Faye, Ernest Breganowan, Thomas Treganowan, Jr., Herbert Treganowan and John Earle.

For Two Honor Guests.

Mrs. Bernard Wesley Lewis, a bride of last spring, and Miss Frances L. Shaw of San Francisco, the guest of Mrs. T. Clifton Jenkins, shared the honors of a tea given by the Misses Llewellyn of Lincoln avenue, East End, yesterday afternoon. There were no assistants, the two sisters and their guests of honor receiving together. Pink roses made very attractive decorations for the parlor, palms and ferns were used in the library, while red roses were tastefully arranged on the dining room table.

Will Have Two Entertainments.

Mrs. Andrew M. Moreland of Wallingford street issued cards yesterday for a euchre which she will give next Thursday afternoon at her home in Shadyside. There are to be 15 tables in play, with six-hand euchre as the game. Mrs. Moreland will also entertain on Saturday, January 14, when she gives a luncheon followed by a theater party at the Nixon. The guests will be 30 young friends of Miss Esther and Miss Mary Moreland, small daughters of the hostess.

Miss Macbeth Will Entertain.

Miss Anne Macbeth will be hostess at bridge this afternoon at her home in Amberson ave-

AMONG THE CLUBS

THE Woman's club of Pittsburgh met yesterday afternoon in the Central Y. M. C. A. assembly rooms. The president, Mrs. Robert Coard, was in the chair, while Mrs. James S. McKelvey, vice president, was leader. Miss Minnie R. Kuhn opened the program with a talk on "Airships." She had written a paper on this subject but lost it en route to the meeting, so she spoke extemporaneously, and like Andrew Carnegie, did much better without notes. Mrs. Jane Hall next led a discussion on Current Events, and spoke of the sentiment toward universal peace. "Never since the world began has there been such a pronounced feeling of peace on earth and good will as during this holiday season. The very carnage and bloodshed in the east is so shocking that the nations of the earth turn to arbitration." In reply one of the members said: "There never can be peace where there is injustice. The great point for the world to emphasize is not peace and arbitration, but justice." Mrs. Hall further said: "I know Russia is wrong in Manchuria, but I can't forget that after the civil war Russia was kind to us." Every member who expressed an opinion was in favor of Russia's supremacy rather than that of Japan. Miss Caroline Blumberg was asked to state what her brother thought of Port Arthur in his recent visit there. She quoted her brother as saying that we can hardly realize how difficult it has been to take Port Arthur, and had the men there had any ammunition it would have been impossible to break through. Mrs. J. M. Kiser who is to have charge of the music at the next meeting, will be leader for that day instead of Miss Caroline Plumberg. Several members of the Woman's club will attend the Soho benefit performance of "Around the World in Eighty Days." No special day was decided upon yesterday, though the evening performance next Monday night was favored by many of those who expect to attend. Mrs. J. D. Hamilton of Coraopolis, a member of the Woman's club, will leave January 16 for Porto Rico where she will spend two or three months with her son.

Italian Art Discussed.

The Woman's club of Oakmont met yesterday in St. Thomas' parish house and discussed Italian painters and sculptors. Mrs. B. E. Hedding read a paper on "Ghirlandaio." Mrs. W. D. Hill next read a paper upon "Lorenzo Ghiberti," telling the story of his famous bronze doors now in the baptistry in Florence. A paper on "Lucca and Andrea della Robbia" was read by Mrs. John A. Duncan. "Current Events" was conducted by Mrs. H. Will Alexander. Mrs. R. M. Davis acted as literary chairman for the day. One paper, "The Humanist Movement," postponed from a previous meeting, was read by Mrs. Ernest R. Levi. The next meeting of the club will be held January 17, with Mrs. A. V. Davis chairman.

War the Topic.

At the Colonial club meeting yesterday in the Hotel Schenley the war situation in the east was the absorbing topic in the current events' half hour. Every member took part in the discussion. Mrs. Edwin R. Sullivan, president, was in the chair, and Mrs. A. E. Thone acted as leader for the day. The latter opened the meeting by reading a biographical sketch of Byron. Several interesting papers were read on Athens. One particularly comprehensive was Mrs. E. A. Knox's descriptive study, "The University and Museum of Athens." At the next meeting of the club, January 17, Mrs. E. A. Knox will be the leader and the subject for discussion is Italy. The Colonial club will give a luncheon in February, the exact date to be announced at the next meeting.

A Day in Virginia.

The Lawrenceville New Century club yesterday spent an hour in "Virginia." Miss Kate Neumont was leader for the day and when the members had gathered in the assembly room of the Lawrenceville Y. W. C. A. short talks were given upon such topics as "Captain John Smith," "Tobacco Culture," "Virginia Blue Laws," and "Bacon's Rebellion." A social hour followed, in which dainty refreshments were served. Among those present were Mrs. Louise Steifel, Mrs. Daniel Coveny, Mrs. E. M. Grove, Miss Riggs of the Lawrenceville branch of the Carnegie library, Mrs. Fannie M. Seifer and Miss Katherine Hoerr. At the next session of the Lawrenceville New Century club Miss Carrie Ziegler will act as leader and the topic for discussion is "New England, the Pilgrim and Puritan."

Meeting This Afternoon.

The young people's branch of the regular board of the Missionary society in Pittsburgh and Allegheny presbyteries will meet this afternoon at 2:30 in the First Presbyterian church, Arch street, Allegheny. A full attendance is desired. It is hoped Christian Endeavor societies and all young people's organizations will be present. Mrs. Storer, assistant secretary of the freedmen's board of missions, will speak of her work.

Mrs. George A. Gormley Hostess.

Mrs. George A. Gormley was hostess at an informal 4 o'clock tea yesterday afternoon in the parlors of the Sewickley Y. M. C. A. The affair was given to meet the members of the Women's auxiliary of the Young Men's Christian association. Mrs. Gormley is president of the auxiliary. The hostess was assisted by other officers of the auxiliary, including Mrs. Robert Wardrop, Miss Jeanie Wallace, Mrs. John J. Koch and Mrs. Phillip P. Knapp.

Junta Club Entertained.

H. Clay Bughman entertained the Junta club last evening in his home in Woodlawn road. "Public Schools" was the topic discussed. This is one of the older organizations of Pittsburgh, and while little publicity is ever given to its meetings, it is composed of some of the brainiest and most prominent men in the city.

Point Breeze Society to Entertain.

The Young Ladies' Missionary society of the Point Breeze Presbyterian church will give a chicken and waffle supper on January 10, from 5 to 8 o'clock. The society has asked Mrs. D. P. Buck and Mrs. D. McK. Lloyd to have charge of the affair. Miss Mary Lloyd, president of the organization, has arranged that each table shall have one chairman, an assistant and three aids. Of the five table Mrs. Samuel Woods is chairman, assisted by Mrs. W. B. Keller and Miss Marjorie Maple. Miss Rebecca Lenihan and Miss Alice Thomas Upstairs in the church ice cream will be served and there will also be a candy booth.

Union Missionary Association.

The semi-annual meeting of the Women's Union Missionary association will be held tomorrow in the Eighth United Presbyterian church, Allegheny. The sessions will convene at 10:30 in the morning and at 1:30 in the afternoon. Every one is asked to bring her own lunch.

Mrs. Florence Howe Hull to Speak.

The Women's club of Sewickley will resume its meetings today after the holiday season. The guest of honor will be Mrs. Florence Howe Hall, daughter of Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, who will give a talk during the afternoon on the "Cathedrals of Northern France."

Club Notes.

The Ben Avon Women's club met at the home of Mrs. William Flaccus in Forest avenue, Ben Avon, yesterday afternoon. Miss Kate MacKnight was the hostess and gave an address.

The regular meeting of the "Afternoon Fraternity" was held yesterday at the home of Miss Hayward Gist.

"Current Events" were discussed at the Tuesday club, which met yesterday at the home of Miss Jean Lytle in Ashler street.

Last evening the St. Joseph Association for the Poor gave a benefit reception and couture in Braun's auditorium. The proceeds will be used to help the deserving poor who appeal to the Sisters of Mercy.

The Wilkinsburg Woman's Suffrage club will hold its regular meeting next Tuesday in the home of Mrs. F. C. Stonerod in Woodworth avenue. The feature of the program will be a number of literary papers.

The Brighton Country club of Allegheny is holding a series of card parties on the first Tuesday of each month. Last evening Mrs. J. Harper Lyle and Mrs. C. V. Wheeler had charge of the affair. Next Tuesday an informal dance will be held.

Keep in condition with BAKER'S COD LIVER OIL

It quickly carries you from the verge of breakdown into the land of warmth and health. Cures winter's colds, builds tissue, makes red blood.

Baker's Cod Liver Oil is pleasant to take, and gives you an appetite. Many people prefer it in capsule form—absolutely tasteless.

Box of 9 doz. capsules, one teaspoonful each, 400
" 50 " " " " 100
Your druggist can get it, or we will supply you at 181 North 10th St., Philadelphia.

BAKER'S COD LIVER OIL

CONSCIENCE WORRIED HIM; STOLEN CASH RETURNED

WILLIAMSPORT, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Yesterday Daniel Kehrer, a resident of South Williamsport, receive a conscience fund that is one of the most remarkable ever heard of. Thirty-eight years ago someone stole $68 from a trunk in his boarding house. Yesterday a stranger called on him and handed him $223, principal and 6 per cent interest for the 38 years. Kehrer was compelled to sign a receipt for the money, in which he also waived the privilege of attempting to learn the name or identity of the man returning the money.

STRIKE AT HOWARD AXLE WORKS IS DECLARED OFF

The employes of the Howard axle works of the Carnegie Steel Company at Homestead, who have been out on strike for over a week because of a reduction in wages, at a meeting yesterday afternoon decided to return to work this morning. The men claim they have secured a number of concession from the company. The cut affected the hammermen and their helpers, and averaged about 10 per cent. The men have had several conferences with Superintendent Wigham, and yesterday a settlement was reached.

Revival Services in Braddock.

Revival services are being held this week in the First English Lutheran church, Braddock, of which the Rev. J. Bucher is pastor. The Rev. William L. Heuser of East McKeesport preached last night, and the other visiting clergymen who will preach this week are the Rev. H. C. Erdman of Pittsburgh, tonight; the Rev. William E. Brown, Crafton, Thursday night, and the Rev. P. T. F. Stuckslager, McKeesport, Friday night. The Rev. H. D. Hoover of East Pittsburgh is also assisting the pastor of the church.

State Bank Auditors Meet Today.

Auditors Wolfe and Millar of the defunct state bank, Bloomfield, will hold another session this morning, continuing their conference with the depositors' counsel. It is expected to be the last meeting before the adjustment.

Harvard Honors Schiller.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., Jan. 3.—The first observance in America of the centennial of the death of Fredrich von Schiller, the German poet and philosopher, was held today at Harvard university.

THE PORTERS ENTERTAIN.

Receive Members of Washington's Diplomatic and Official Sets at Season's First At-Home.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Mrs. Henry Kirke Porter and her daughter, Miss Hegeman, gave the first of their series of three at-homes this afternoon. The hours were from 3 until 6 o'clock and despite the unpleasant weather a large number of guests, representing the resident diplomatic and official sets, were in attendance.

Mrs. Porter has asked Mrs. Stanley Matthews and Mrs. Hobson to act as her assistants in the tea room, but Mrs. Hobson was detained by an accident to her carriage, and Miss Hegeman presided. Representative Porter devoted part of the afternoon to the pleasant task of greeting guests, a number of his colleagues dropping in for a chat over the table.

Mrs. Porter and Miss Hageman will receive at the same hours next Tuesday, as well as the Tuesday following.

M. & M. PLANS NEW TRIP.

Northwestern Pennsylvania Will Be Covered in April, With Buffalo Included.

Northwestern Pennsylvania will be covered in the next outbound trade excursion of the Merchants and Manufacturers' association, which will be made about April 1. All all 30 cities and towns will be visited, and it is projected to extend the trip to Buffalo for a few hours' stay in that city. The towns to be visited include: Beaver Falls, New Castle, Sharon, Greenville, Meadville, Union City, Corry, Erie, Northeast, Jamestown, Warren, Oil City, Franklin, Emlenton, Foxburg, East Brady, New Bethlehem, Brookville, Reynoldsville, Dubois, Falls Creek, Punxsutawney, Butler, Mercer, Kane, Mount Jewett, Clearfield, Circleville, Phillipsburg, Osceola and Houtzdale.

Detailed plans for both an inbound and outbound trade excursion will shortly be announced by the trade excursion committee of the association.

CHOSE A VICE PRESIDENT.

Prof. M. J. Chillits Elected Officer of Local Biological Society.

Prof. M. J. Chillits, biologist at the Central High school, was last night elected vice president of the biological section of the Academy of Science and Art at a monthly meeting of the section held in the chorus room of the Carnegie Institute. The vacancy was caused by the removal from the city of former Vice President Prof. Ridgley.

Percy E. Raymond delivered an illustrated address on "Geology of the Lake Champlain Region." Dr. Arnold E. Ortmann of the Carnegie museum, who was to have lectured on "The Cray-Fish of Western Pennsylvania," was unable to attend owing to illness.

CHEERFUL COOKS MAKE HAPPY GUESTS

Give your cook

Liebig Company's Extract of Beef

It makes fine cooking easy.

There's only one real "Liebig" with this signature in blue: Justus Liebig

The Joy of Eating

is common to all humanity until the organs go wrong—then joy is turned to sorrow and food does the body little or no good. If you would return to the ability to enjoy food use

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes No. and No.

Bennett furs—Made in our own workrooms by expert workmen—from carefully selected skins—

Absolutely dependable in every particular—

SEAL AND PERSIAN COATS

Beautiful garments—plain and trimmed—couldn't find a better investment for your money than these coats at present prices—

Russian and Hudson Bay Sables are in great demand this winter—we are showing some very rich pieces at tempting prices—some fine things also in Chinchilla and Ermine—

Handsome Squirrel Sets—Scarf and Muff—$25.00—A great bargain—

Among the other very smart and inexpensive pieces are the Scarfs and Muffs in Baum Marten, Stone Marten, French Seal, etc.—

WINTER MILLINERY

Beautiful creations—all new, fresh, up-to-date stock—big reductions in price—

J. G. BENNETT & CO.

New Stores
WOOD AND FIFTH.

ROOKWOOD POTTERY

HAMILTON & CLARK CO.

416 PENN AVE.
AGENTS.

CORRECT TAILORING AT POPULAR PRICES.

Beautiful line of new suitings to choose from. Style and fit guaranteed.

Dickson, The Tailor,

241-3 Fifth Ave. Second Floor.

To Cure All Skin Diseases Use Dr. T. Felix Gouraud's Oriental Cream, or Ma ical Beautifier. It Purifies and Beautifies the Skin. FOR SALE AT DRUGGISTS.

YOU OWE YOUR CHILDREN

HOME TRUST

a competence. You can give it to them if you will bank your surplus earnings.

4% Compound Interest on Savings Accounts.

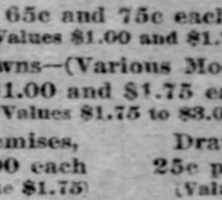
2% Interest on Checking Accounts.

HOME TRUST COMPANY

(Directly Opposite McCreery's.)

Wood Street at Sixth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Ladies' Accounts receive special attention.



Sale of Lingerie.
Beginning Wednesday, the 4th of January.

Lingerie made of fine qualities of Nainsook and Cambric.

The dainty laces and embroideries, fine tucks and pretty ribbons used in these articles are arranged to produce the most charming effects. The models represent many of the newest ideas in Lingerie. The laces are dainty but quite effective in design, the embroideries show unusual patterns, and all the garments are well cut and finished.

Sets.

Gowns, Chemises and Drawers, $2.00 per set. (Value $3.25)
$8.75 per set. (Value $14.00)

Gowns—(Chemise Models)
65c and 75c each
(Values $1.00 and $1.75)

Gowns—(Various Models)
$1.00 and $1.75 each
(Values $1.75 to $3.00)

Chemises, $1.00 each (Value $1.75)
Drawers, 25c per pair (Value 75c)

Petticoats, 75c, $1.00, and $1.75 each
(Values $1.75 to $2.75)

Corset Covers, 50c and $1.00 each
(Values $1.00 and $1.75)

and

Black Sateen Petticoats with white dots, $1.75 each
(Value $3.50)

McCreery and Company,

Wood Street at Sixth Avenue, PITTSBURGH.

Sale of Corsets
Beginning Wednesday, the Fourth of January.

Long and medium waist models made of white French Contil. Sizes 18 to 30. Front and hip supporters attached.

95c each.
Value $2.00.

Girdles—Fancy double faced Ribbon Girdles in pink, white and blue. Sizes 18 to 23. Recommended particularly for athletic dress.

95c each.
Value $1.75.

McCreery and Company,

Wood Street at Sixth Avenue, PITTSBURGH.

White Goods.
(Second Floor.)

Mercerized Madras, Oxfords and Piques—plain, figured and fleece lined,
18c per yard.
Values 25c and 35c.

Plain and Figured Piques and Oxfords—mercerized and plain. Very desirable for waists and children's wash dresses,
25c per yard.
Values 40c and 45c.

Mercerized Madras and Figured Piques,
12½c per yard.
Value 20c.

Fleece Lined Piques and Figured Vestings,
40c per yard.
Values 60c and 65c.

India Linon.....10c and 20c per yard
Dotted Swiss.....19c per yard

McCreery and Company,

Wood Street at Sixth Avenue, PITTSBURGH.

GOVERNOR WRITES TO LEGISLATURE

Pennypacker Urges Correction of Laws and Continues Campaign Against Newspapers.

FAVORS GREATER PITTSBURGH

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, Jan. 3—Gov. Pennypacker's message to the legislature is as follows:

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen: In his message to the assembly, December 9, 1803, the Hon. Thomas McKean, then governor of this state, said that Pennsylvania commanded "general admiration and respect for the melioration of her penal code, for the good faith and punctuality of her fiscal transactions, for her benevolent and literary institutions, for her encouragement of public improvements in roads and inland navigation, and for the ardor and discipline of her militia," and he added, "the geographical position and the political rank which we hold in the union seem to assign to us the patriotic task of setting an example of virtue and industry, of public spirit and social harmony." Much of this depiction of then existing conditions may after the lapse of a century be repeated with propriety.

The reports of the various departments, which are herewith submitted, show a state of affairs which ought to be very exciting to the good people of the commonwealth. For the fiscal year ending June 1, 1904, the receipts of the treasury amounted to the sum of $21,789,940 75. During the same period the payments for the expenses of the government were $19,-266,369 11, leaving a balance of receipts over expenditures of $2,523,571 64. The moneys in the treasury on the first of June, 1904, were $16,891,067 38.

State Free from Debt.

The debt over and above the value of bonds and cash in the sinking fund was on June 1, 1903, $335,507 21, and on June 1, 1904, $282,858 76, so that substantially the commonwealth is free from debt. During the same fiscal year there were expended for the support of the schools $6,013,-745 58, in aid of the various hospitals and other charities of the state, $2,913,367 10; in relief of the counties in the rebuilding of bridges which had been carried away by floods, $504,551 55, and for the erection of the new state capitol, $1,000,000 00. It is creditable that the capitol, which approaches completion and promises to be in every way suitable for the purposes intended, is owned by the commonwealth, its being built for the reasonable sum of $4,550,000 00 and paid for out of revenues. When we reflect that the capitol of Massachusetts cost $6,980,531 59, paid for with moneys raised upon bonds, and that the capitol of New York cost $24,265,082 67, these figures ought to be very satisfactory. The capitol would be much improved if it could be secured an extension of the present somewhat limited grounds surrounding it. The ideal plan in my view would be to connect with the city park by opening from the front, say between South and State streets, to the river.

Must First Consider Resources.

A suggestion which would perhaps lead to less expense would be to secure the properties in the rear on which for the most part are erected a poorer class of buildings. The question is very much one which will have to be considered from the point of view of the resources of the state.

With respect to the rebuilding of county bridges, I recommend that the amount to be expended each year for this purpose be fixed at such a figure as may seem to the legislature to be wise. Under the law as it exists at present, there is no limitation to the sum which the board of public grounds and buildings may be required to expend in this way, and at a time of the coincidence of great floods and diminished revenues, the situation might lead to serious embarrassment. If a certain proportion of the cost of construction of these bridges were left to the counties instead of the whole burden being imposed upon the state, they would have a substantial interest, not only in making effort to save the bridges from destruction, but also in the presentation of such of the material as could be utilized.

Charities Should Be Considered.

The subject of the charities aided by the state is one which ought to receive your serious consideration. The number of hospitals, most of them doing much to benefit suffering humanity in their respective localities and worthy of support, is continually increasing and the sums appropriated to them already reach what in some other states would be regarded as an enormous expenditure. If the commonwealth is to continue its present policy of assistance, there ought to be some systematic and businesslike method provided, both for securing information as to the needs of the institutions and for supervising the expenditure of the moneys contributed by the state, so that it may be known that these funds are actually required and are applied without extravagance to the purposes for which they are intended. It is unfair that the burden of investigation should be imposed upon the committees upon appropriations of the senate and house to be completed during the brief periods of the sessions. No matter how long and late they labor at the task, the results in the nature of things must be imperfect. The time is insufficient and only interested parties appear before them.

The efforts of members to secure these appropriations for institutions in the districts they represent are a hindrance to and interference with general legislation. A plan could be adopted which would not in any way interfere with the visitatorial powers of the board of charities, and perhaps the most effective way would be to increase their powers and agencies.

For Smaller Department Reports.

An earnest effort has been made, in which all the heads of departments have participated, to reduce the bulk of the departmental reports which had gradually grown to unwieldy proportions, and thus to reduce the expense of printing. The report of the factory inspector, which in 1904 covered 1,200 pages, in 1904 was reduced to 190 pages and gave practically as much information. The volume of laws for the session of 1903 covered 661 pages, as compared with 1,013 pages of laws for the preceding session. During the last year the expenses for printing have been reduced to the extent of $107,168 74 from those of the year before, and to the lowest figure, with one exception, in nine years, notwithstanding a great increase in publication owing to the increase of departments and the growth of public work. The statute, which regulates our public printing and established the existing schedules, was passed in 1875. Since that time there have been many changes in type-setting and the arts of typography and book-binding. The schedules are inadequate and obsolete.

Much of the work necessarily done is not provided for in them, and, therefore, is paid for at special rates. The last contract awarded four years ago was let at a rate of eighty-eight and one-hundredth per cent below the schedules, which is an absurdity. It is hoped the legislation on this subject will be revised.

Department of Highways.

The department of state highways, provided for by the act of April 15, 1903, has been organized in compliance with the terms of the act, and is making satisfactory progress. There are at present completed, under construction and approaching construction in 45 counties of the state, one hundred and twenty-seven and forty-two one-hundredths miles of roads. Beside the work done by the state, a number of townships, under the incentive of the example set before them, have themselves raised moneys and proceeded to improve their highways. This in Bucks county, in the county of Bucks, where the state constructed three miles of the road, the township has added 10 miles more constructed in accordance with the regulations of the department and under the supervision of the commissioner of highways. No such important work has been undertaken by the commonwealth for many years. It means much for the practical welfare of the whole people. It ought to be pushed forward thoroughly and energetically.

Owing to the lack of knowledge upon the part of contractors, township and county officials of the kinds of material necessary, methods of construction and plans of proceeding, personal attention by a representative of the department is in most cases required. A larger force would seem to be demanded in this department in order that the accomplishment of its objects may not be retarded.

State Forestry Reservation.

The state now owns 544,958 acres of land for forestry reservation purposes, and is under contract to purchase 154,863 acres more, making a total of 699,821 acres. While it is continually adding to its purchases for this purpose, it is by a strange anomaly also continually making sales of lands at a merely nominal price under old acts which have never been repealed, relating to the disposition of unseated lands. This legislation came into existence in the early days of the province and state when land was plenteous and inhabitants were few and was intended to encourage settlements by offering inducements to all comers. That condition of things has long passed away and the legislation has been taken advantage of in order to get possession of valuable tracts of mineral lands and other property without an equivalent consideration.

I recommend that legislation be at once enacted that the board of property dispose of no lands belonging to the state until they have been first examined by the commissioner of forestry to ascertain whether they are adapted for forestry purposes, and if found to be so fitted that they be retained for these purposes, and that when lands are sold by the board of property they be sold at public sale to the highest bidder. The forestry lands constitute a large domain and since they have been purchased means ought to be taken for their preservation and proper utilization.

Used for Tuberculosis Camp.

The only use to which they have heretofore been put, apart from the cultivation of the trees, has been an occasional lease for mining minerals and the tuberculosis camp at Mount Alto, where twenty-two patients are given the opportunity for outdoor life with, I am informed, marked success. The efforts for the preservation of the forests, the game and the fish, all of which the state has undertaken, seem to look to the accomplishment of ends closely related, and it is well worthy of consideration whether better results could not be secured by a combination of them. The fish propagate in the streams, the streams traverse the forests, the game for its life needs both stream and forest and all of them require the employment of watchmen and warders.

The greatest injury to the forest lands arises through fire. I recommend as one means of diminishing the loss which comes from this cause that the railroad corporations of the state and those having railroad lines passing through it be required, under fixed penalty and the payment of resultant damages, to put out all fires within 100 feet of their tracks, except in municipalities. No doubt, under its police power, the state could prevent the use of fire as a danger and, if so, such an act which would be in effect permitting the use of fire upon condition would probably be held to be constitutional.

Why Forest Fires Spread.

The spread of forest fires is very much increased by the fact that the lumbermen and others when cutting down the trees leave the stripping and waste lying upon the ground. These become dry and form a mass of light material, over which the flames sweep. I recommend the passage of a law requiring all persons and corporations who may hereafter, for any reason, fell forest timber, to remove from the woods, when they take away the lumber, all other parts of the trees, and imposing a sufficient penalty in the event of failure to comply. It is submitted, for your consideration, whether it would not be wise to determine what sum should be expended each year in the purchase of forest lands, so that the commission may be relieved from this serious responsibility.

During the past year, 577 books and pamphlets relating to Pennsylvania and its literature during the period of the development of her institutions have been added to the state library. Under the direction of the present talented librarian the work of the library has been systematized and improved, and its benefits to the community correspondingly increased. This library ought in time to be a repository of all the printed material and manuscripts relating to the literature, the laws, the history and the political progress of the commonwealth.

Larger Appropriation Needed.

For the completion of its sets of laws, and in order to keep up with the publication of law reports, so that at the capital of the state there may be a sufficient opportunity for the study of legislation and decision, a somewhat larger appropriation appears to be necessary. The department of public records, provided for at the last session, in connection with the library, has been organized and is doing efficient work. The archives upon which the foundations of our history rest, and which up to the present time have lain about the cellars and out of the way places, being gradually stolen, lost and destroyed, have been gathered together and are now being repaired and permanently secured in volumes chronologically arranged and open to the investigations of scholars. Twenty-two such volumes have already been completed. The information contained in them is much sought by persons all over the country interested in hereditary societies and in research, and much of the time of the attendants is occupied in answering inquiries and supplying information. I suggest that the librarian be authorized to charge a fee of $2 for each certificate given and the sums received be paid into the state treasury for the use of the commonwealth. In this way the department will, to a certain extent, be made self supporting.

Should Be Used for Library.

When the new capitol is completed, the building now occupied by the executive will be abandoned by him. Its erection in 1885 cost $500,000, one-ninth of the contemplated cost of the capitol. It is commodious and in many ways artistically constructed, and it presents a good appearance. To remove it would seem to me to be wasteful and unwise. I recommend that it be utilized for the library and that the sphere of the librarian be enlarged and that he be authorized and directed to collect and preserve in it objects illustrating the fauna, flora, entomology, mineralogy, archaeology and arts of the state. Such a collection would have great educational as well as practical value, and be a subject of interest to citizens and strangers visiting the capital. Whenever national or international expositions are held, the state at great outlay makes sudden efforts to collect for the purpose the objects which illustrate her resources. Here would be a supply of such material, not hastily and crudely brought together, but selected with care, thought and deliberation.

The work of the dairy and food division of the department of agriculture is of great importance in its relations to the community in every point of view. If deleterious substances may be introduced into the human system in the guise of food, or the supply of nutriment to men, women and children be diminished in order that greater profit may result to the manufacturer and merchant, the spirit of commercialism threatens, not only the welfare, but the existence of the race.

May Stimulate Hasty Judgments.

On the other hand, the dread of such results may stimulate hasty judgments, unjust to the individual so charged and injurious in its effects upon the necessary production and sale of food supplies. The commissioner has made an earnest effort to avoid the dangers which lie upon each side of this problem, and at the same time has enforced the laws upon this subject with a zeal and earnestness, it is safe to say, unequalled anywhere else in the country, and never before equalled in the commonwealth. The results are gratifying, not alone as an exhibition of attention to duty under abuse and continued under most difficult circumstances, but the investigations of the division show that recently there has been a marked improvement in the character of food supplies sold in the state. If this has been accomplished, it is an achievement, the importance of which cannot be overestimated. The receipts for fines and licenses collected by this division during the last four years are as follows:

1901	$ 34,705 19
1902	42,635 41
1903	33,458 71
November 1, 1903, to October 31, 1904	115,007 00

Disapproves of System.

As at present constituted, the expenses of the division are in the main paid from the sums collected for fines and licenses. This is a system which ought not to exist in connection with the work of any of the departments, no matter how efficiency and honesty they may be conducted. The legislature ought to provide by appropriation whatever may be necessary to meet the needs of the division, and all collections should be paid into the state treasury for the use of the commonwealth.

The details of the work of the departments to which no special reference is here made, will be found in the respective reports, and upon the whole is being performed in a way to reflect credit upon the commonwealth, and justify satisfaction if not elation on the part of her citizens.

The Valley Forge commission has up to the present time purchased in all 391 498-1,000 acres of ground, and secured both the outer and inner lines of intrenchments of which the latter have remained pretty much as they were at the time of the encampment of Washington's army. The acquisition of these lands and the establishment of a park to be forever maintained and cared for by the state, where all the people of the nation may come to gather inspiration from the fortitude of the fathers, were very commendable and show a proper appreciation of a priceless possession.

Much Has Been Accomplished.

Much have been accomplished by the commission at comparatively little expense. Avenues have been laid out and views improved so that nowhere in the country can be found surroundings more attractive to visitors. The number of persons from at home and abroad who go there is continually and rapidly increasing. There have hitherto been no salaried positions in connection with the commission, but it would be well to consider whether the time has not arrived when provision should be made for the permanent care of the park.

During the last session of the legislature there were a number of bills passed for the erection of monuments in various parts of the state and upon battlefields outside of it, to signalize and preserve the recollection of important events. To commemorate the achievement of those men who in the past have rendered important military and civic service to the state and conferred honor upon her is commendable since it shows her gratitude, and beneficial since it presents an example and arouses a spirit which in time of need may save her from danger and disaster. If such appropriations are to be continued there ought to be a wise selection of subjects so that attention may be drawn to that in her career which is most honorable. Among the men of Pennsylvania most conspicuous for military achievement during the Revolutionary period was Anthony Wayne, during the Rebellion was George G. Meade. To Meade there are monuments in Fairmount park and at Gettysburg; to Wayne there are none in the state.

Suggests Monument to Wayne.

At this time when the nation is celebrating with vast outlay the Louisiana purchase and the settlement of the west, it would be a fitting season for Pennsylvania to erect upon the hills of Valley Forge, where his brigade lay, or at some other proper place, an equestrian statue to Anthony Wayne, perhaps the most imposing and potent figure in the western settlement. The Pennsylvania Society Sons of the Revolution have already raised a sum of $8,380 35 for a like purpose. This fund is under capable and intelligent supervision and it might perhaps be wise to supplement their efforts.

An act of February 27, 1865, provided that any corporation owning or using a railroad might apply to the governor to commission such persons as the corporation should designate to act as policemen for said corporation ition. These policemen were to possess in the respective counties the powers of policemen of the city of Philadelphia, and jail keepers were directed to receive all persons arrested by them for the commission of offenses against the commonwealth along the railroads. The companies were to pay the policemen and when the services were no longer required, they were empowered to discharge them by notice filed in the office of the recorder of deeds of the respective counties. The system thus established has grown by subsequent legislation and now railroads, collieries, furnaces, rolling mills, coal and iron companies, corporations for the propagation of fish, and many other corporations have their force of policemen exercising the authority of the commonwealth. There were issued in 1901, 970 police commissions; in 1902, 4,512; in 1903, 186; and in 1904, 187.

System Is Objectionable.

Usually these commissions have been issued at the request of the companies and have been unlimited in duration. A practice has recently been instituted in the executive department limiting the appointments to a period of three years, and requiring the applications to set forth under affidavit the circumstances making the appointment necessary, the capability and reputation for sobriety and peacefulness, of the person named, and that he is a citizen of Pennsylvania. But it needs little thought to see that the system is objectionable upon principle and is likely to be ineffective in practice. The act upon which it is based is unartificially constructed, and were the question raised, would probably be held to be unconstitutional by the courts. Where police are selected, paid and discharged by the corporations and bear the name of "coal and iron police" it is evident that they are in effect the servants of their employers rather than of the commonwealth whose authority they exercise.

The arrest and incarceration of a citizen for breach of law is one of the most fundamental and delicate of the functions of sovereignty, and the protection of property and the prevention of breach of the peace and disturbance are among the most important of its duties. The one ought not to be delegated and the other ought not to be evaded. The attempt to do so is to alienate sovereignty and to accomplish it would seem to be a legal impossibility. The state stands above interests in controversy and its powers ought not to be used by either of them. In case of disturbance, no confidence can be placed in the discreet use of the power of the state by persons dependent upon others for their position. On the other hand, it is the duty of the state to see to it that the exercise of the franchises granted by her is not impaired or interfered with by violence.

Suggests a Constabulary.

It would be well for you to consider whether the time has not arrived for the state to resume these functions and to authorize the appointment by the governor of a constabulary of sufficient force, say 10 in each county, to be used wherever needed in the state in the suppression of disorder. They could be utilized in the place of the corporation police, the game wardens, fish wardens, forest wardens, the officers of the different boards and commissions exercising police authority, and would enable the executive in cases of emergency to "take care that the laws be faithfully executed," as the constitution requires, and they would be likely to inspire a confidence not now felt. The objection to such a course is the expense. To this objection there are several answers.

The state ought to provide for its necessary work before being generous, no matter how meritorious the recipients of its bounty may be. It is doubtful whether the expense of a regular constabulary would, upon the whole, be greater than the occasional calling out of the national guard, which it would at times obviate. Much of what would be the expense of the corporation police comes ultimately from the people. Finally it may be said that this constabulary could be taken from the ranks of the national guard, thus starting with a disciplined service and that no doubt the corporations would be satisfied to be assured of protection to their property and be relieved of the burden of maintaining their present police.

There are many incongruities in our laws with regard to corporations, due largely to the fact that the legislation has been often enacted with reference to particular subjects without sufficiently considering its relation to the general system, and they ought to be corrected. Probably the best method would be to provide for a commission of expert lawyers, to be appointed by the governor, who could go over the whole subject carefully and report a code or what changes may be necessary. All corporations, before they can be chartered, are required to give notice by advertisement of their applications, except railroad and street railway companies. It would seem to be specially important that these companies should give such notice.

What the Act Requires.

The act of 1889, as amended by the act of 1901, requires that the charters of street railway companies shall name the streets and highways upon which the railways are to be laid. But it further provides that the companies shall have authority to construct such extensions as they may deem necessary to increase their business, and this is accomplished by filing without public notice a copy of the minutes in the office of the secretary of the commonwealth. It has become a custom, more or less prevalent, to secure charters upon obscure streets and reach the main avenues by means of this privilege of extension, which is entirely within the control of the companies and is subject to no supervision.

If a broad incorporated mile in length it must, under the act of April 4, 1868, have a capital stock of $10,000 per mile. If it be incorporated with a length of five miles and then be extended to 20 miles, under the act of May 21, 1881, it is only required to have a capital stock of $5,000 per mile.

The principle upon which the grant of franchise to corporations is supported is that there are business operations important to the community which are beyond the financial strength of the individual, and that by the union of the resources of many persons may be accomplished and thus the public be benefited. As a compensation for the benefits so conferred liability is transferred from the individual to the artificial person created by the law. We have been gradually losing sight of the public good involved in the arrangement and reducing the number of corporators until now any three persons may secure incorporation for profit.

May Escape Liability.

In other words, a man wishing to start any business venture by giving a share of stock to his clerk and another to his messenger may escape individual liability for the indebtedness incurred. But one step remains, and that is the reductio ad absurdum of making a single person a corporation for profit. Most of such corporations now exist under express grants in perpetuity. There ought to be a reasonable time limit in every charter, say 100 years, at the expiration of which the grant terminates so that some control may be maintained and the future not burdened with consequences which cannot be foreseen. The mountains shall sink into the sea, in time the sun shall disappear from the heavens, and no charter should purport to endure forever. The question of requiring railroads, railways and pipe lines to file with their applications maps of the proposed routes may be considered, and the rights of telephone, electric light and natural gas companies in furnishing their facilities raising difficult problems ought to be defined.

In my inaugural address of January 20, 1903, and in my message giving the objections to the act authorizing railroads to take dwellings by condemnation proceedings (see address, page 3, and vetoes, page 125), I called attention to the principle that only public necessity could justify the taking of private property by eminent domain, and suggested the propriety of the ascertainment by the state of such need before any franchise is granted including this right.

Renews the Suggestion.

Without going over these propositions again, I renew the suggestion and refer you to what was there presented. If the legislature should deem it wise that the state should exercise such supervision, there ought to be provision made for a competent state engineer. The need for such an expert official would be not only for this purpose, but in the highway department and in connection with the building of bridges. From June 1, 1903, to June 1, 1904, there were paid to engineers for the preparation of plans and supervision of construction of bridges $25,277 55, and since that time probably fully as much more. The services of a capable engineer, regularly employed by the year, could be secured for a much less sum. It is true the payments are now made by the counties, but it would be a narrow view which would separate the people and the commonwealth. Whatever may be the conclusion of the legislature upon this subject, there ought to be the utmost care exercised in granting to corporations the right to take private property.

The question whether trust companies, which have of recent years played so important a part in the management and settlement of estates, and with which so much of the current moneys of the community is deposited, should also be permitted to do an insurance, surety and guarantee business upon the same capital, which involves another kind of risk, is one of moment and could properly be considered by such a commission as that proposed.

Favors Tax on Coal.

The large deposits of coal, anthracite and bituminous, which underlie the valleys and mountains of this state, are being shipped in profusion over the world where they become the foundations of industries and bases of wealth, or are wasted in harmful wars in South Africa or Manchuria, with which we have no sympathy. One of these days the deposits will have been exhausted. It is only fair and exceedingly proper that Pennsylvania should derive some benefit from that which the Lord has given her. I suggest that you consider the propriety of imposing a slight tax upon each ton of coal mined, so small in amount that it would not prove burdensome to consumers or interfere with trade, the proceeds of the tax to be used only in the construction of roads, or in the maintenance of schools in relief of the school tax now imposed by the counties.

The constitution directs that immediately after each decennial United States census, the general assembly shall apportion the state into senatorial and representative districts. No senatorial apportionment was made after the census of 1880, 1890 or 1900. Not only is the mandate of the constitution disobeyed, but the existing condition of affairs is unjust to Allegheny and other counties which have not the representation to which they are entitled. With the passing of each decade and the shifting of population, the unfitness of the present apportionment is increased. The difficulty has not been with the legislature, which no doubt would be glad to perform its duty to fulfill its constitutional obligations, but inheres in the constitution itself. Nevertheless, a solution must be found.

What the Constitution Provides.

The constitution provides, Article II, Section 16, that the state shall be divided into 50 senatorial districts of compact and contiguous territory as nearly equal in population as may be. Each district elects one senator. A ratio is determined by dividing the whole population of the state by 50. Each county containing one or more ratios is entitled to one senator for each ratio. No county shall form a separate district unless it contains four-fifths of a ratio, except where the adjoining counties are each entitled to one or more senators, in which case it may have a senator with a population exceeding one-half of a ratio. No county shall be divided unless entitled to two or more senators. No city or county shall be entitled to representation exceeding one-sixth of the whole number of senators. The trouble with this provision is that it cannot be applied. In the first place, 50 cannot be divided by six in such a way as to be applicable to senators.

In my view the city which is entitled to eight and one-third senators is entitled to nine, if it has sufficient population, for the reason that a provision which deprives certain people of representation because of location ought to be construed in such a way as to cause as little deprivation as possible. As they cannot have one-third of a senator without having a whole senator, they ought to have the entirety. This in practice, however, has been limited to eight instead of nine and the difficulty which has been regarded as insuperable. This difficulty may be illustrated by a reference to Lebanon county. It is surrounded by counties, each one of which has a ratio or more, and is therefore, entitled to a senator and to be a separate senatorial district.

Entitled to No Senator.

Lebanon has not half a ratio and is, therefore, entitled to no senator. What is to be done with it? There are two main thoughts in the constitution. One is that the state shall be divided into districts. This is essential and fundamental. The other is that the division shall be made in a certain specified manner. This is secondary and incidental, and if impracticable must yield in the case of Lebanon county. Maintaining the provision that the districts shall comprise compact and contiguous territory, as nearly equal in population as may be, and preserving as well as can be done, the lines of counties, the direction that "no county shall be divided unless entitled to two or more senators," must where necessary be overlooked and the districts be created notwithstanding.

It would be an advantage if the houses had counsel charged with the duty of ascertaining the relation of proposed legislation to existing laws, and of seeing that legislation is so expressed as to accomplish the object intended. It is not to be expected that legislators should have technical training in law, and it is fair to them that they should be supplied with such assistance. At the last session, several meritorious acts were necessarily vetoed because of imperfect construction.

It is now in a sense a custom to provide for executive work by the appointment of commissions by the legislative body to whom it is entrusted. Beginning in a small way, the custom has gradually grown until a large proportion of such measures adopted are mananaged in this way.

Responsibility Without Control.

The executive is only one of a number of commissioners having responsibility without control, and occasionally it has happened that an official, such as the state treasurer, has been, during the commission in such a manner as to impose the duties upon the individual and not the incumbent of the office. It is a custom more honored in the breach than in the observance. Where governments have fallen, it has generally been because of encroachments by one department upon the province of others. The constitution has given the "executive power" to the governor and it is his duty to see that the laws are faithfully executed. It is, of course, a convenience to the governor that he should be relieved of burdens, but it is a relief that ought not to be conceded. He may well appoint commissions when necessary, but it comports neither with his duty nor the dignity of the state that he should be a member of commissions otherwise appointed. A further and very plain objection is that when the governor appoints, in case of incompetency or misbehavior, he may remove, while the legislature, after adjournment, does not meet again for two years and can exercise no control over the appointees.

There are still some of the departments of the government of the commonwealth which are, to a certain extent, supported by the fees collected and these are received, in whole or in part, by the incumbents. The fee system was established at a time when the commonwealth was impoverished and officials had difficulty in finding sufficient employment and needed an incentive.

System Should Be Abolished.

This condition of affairs no longer prevails and the system which was its outgrowth should be abolished. All officials should be paid proper compensation for their services and all collections made by them should be paid into the treasury for the use of the commonwealth.

Everything possible ought to be done to encourage the creation of a single municipality which shall include all of the extensive population and manufactures of the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers, now under the authority of several different municipal governments. Such a course would result in a saving of expense, an improvement in official tone, with the increase of responsibility, and an advancement in prestige and influence. Not only the people of the locality, but those of the whole commonwealth are interested, and they should be aided by all necessary legislation.

At the other end of the state, the great industrial interests and the vast population along the Delaware at Philadelphia, Chester and other places are in a sense hidebound to their present limits. Trade to a considerable extent, closed to trade, because of distance and imperfect channels. Few natural obstacles are so great that energy will not overcome them. By opening the Erie canal De Witt Clinton brought the trade of the lake region to New York harbor and enabled the city there to become the chief port of the country. Philadelphia in the days of our fathers sought to regain her lost supremacy by building a railroad across the mountains, of which she should be the eastern terminus and whose directors should be all "citizens and residents of this commonwealth." Failure should only be a stimulus to greater exertions. The engineering feats of the people of Manchester, Glasgow and Holland can be repeated in America.

Delaware Should Be Deepened.

All the great power and influence of the commonwealth and her representatives in national affairs, financial and political, should be exerted to secure the deepening of the channel of the Delaware, and if need be in addition, to dig a ship canal across New Jersey direct to the ocean.

It is high time that attention be given to the preservation of our streams, gifts of God to humanity, which are essential to happiness and comfort and even to life. In western Asia are vast lands where once were teeming civilized cities, now barren waste, because the people did not understand how to take care of their water supplies. Our streams are losing both beauty and utility, and are being encroached upon by filling along their banks and using them as dumps for the refuse and pollution which come from mills, factories and habitations. They are also being seized upon by those who hope to make them commercially profitable, and in some instances the waters are being diverted from their channels. There was a time in the history of the world when a man could not be born or married and could not die without sharing his substance with ecclesiastics. If we are not careful, another time will come when "he cannot drink or breathe without paying tribute to those who have secured control of the natural supplies of water and air." Probably nine-tenths of the charters for water companies which have come before me in the last two years have been instances in which the parties acquiring the grants had no intention of supplying water to consumers, but sought to get privileges which would be available in the market. It is a subject of difficulty and ought to be studied.

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Section VII, Article 8, of the constitution, adopted November 5, 1901, at an election by the people, provides: "All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens or for the registration of electors shall be uniform throughout the state, and laws regulating and requiring the registration of electors shall be enacted to apply to cities only: Provided, That such laws be uniform for cities of the same class." The adoption of this amendment indicates that some changes in the present system of registration were deemed to be necessary. I recommend that proper legislation to comply with this provision of the constitution receive your attention.

At the last session of the general assembly, an act was passed requiring newspapers to exercise reasonable care with respect to what they published, and further requiring them to print upon the editorial page the names of those responsible for the publication. Although, as was natural, it caused some adverse criticism upon the part of many of those affected by it, the requirement of the publication of the names of the editors and business managers was at once obeyed by the press of the state, and the act has resulted in a marked improvement in the amenities of journalism in so far as they concern persons in private life. It is also evident that the act met with the grateful approval of the people. At the recent election of those members of the senate and house who voted for this bill, 75 were re-elected and two were defeated. Of those who voted against the bill, 25 were re-elected and 10 were defeated. Of those who voted against the bill, 26.3 per cent. and of those who supported it, 2.5 per cent were defeated.

Further Legislation Required.

Further legislation is required for the protection of the commonwealth from the injury to her reputation and credit and to the administration of her affairs which arise from the prevalent dissemination of scandalous inventions concerning her officials and their efforts in her behalf. It is not only an unseemly spectacle, but it is a crime which the state ought to punish, when day after day the mayor of one of her cities is depicted in companion with a monster compounded from the illustrations of Cope's Paleontology and Dore's Dante. The enforcement of the municipal law is impeded, and, therefore, the state is concerned. We are compelled to recognize that since the cry of the liberty of the press became a shibboleth the freedom of the press with respect to the government and the people has been very much modified.

No ruler now sits by divine right in his palace and writes letters de cachet to confine his subjects in some hostile at his own will, and on the other hand the newspaper will sometimes become not the representative of the people seeking information for their good, but a commercial venture, the adjunct of a business house, the main object of whose existence is to aid its patron in selling his wares, as zealous to attract attention to them by startling postures as a circus poster. This means that the attitude of the statesman with respect to them must be changed with the change in conditions. In this commonwealth, in the main, the country press endeavors to ascertain and further the interests of the people surrounding them. In the large cities, what is popularly called "yellow journalism," with its gross and illustrated vulgar and perverted art, its relish for salacious events and horrible crimes and all the other symptoms of newspaper disease, is gaining a foothold.

Offended By Philadelphia Paper.

There is a daily newspaper of wide circulation, published in the city of Philadelphia, ostensibly by a Pennsylvania corporation. This corporation was created May 24, 1899, with an authorized capital stock of $25,000, of which the amount actually paid into the treasury of the corporation was $2,500. So far as the records in the office of the secretary of the commonwealth show this amount has never been increased. A 20-story building on the main street in the heart of the city, partly rented out for offices and other business purposes, bears its name. Since its incorporation, it has paid to the commonwealth in taxes $5 75. Since its control of what had been a useful and venerable newspaper began, every mayor of Philadelphia, every governor, every United States senator, save one who has only been in office four weeks, and every legislature of the commonwealth, has been subjected to a daily flood in its columns not of adverse comment, but of invented untruths.

The state expended a considerable sum of money upon the celebration of Pennsylvania day, August 20, 1904, at the Louisiana Purchase exposition in St. Louis, and the people of the nation the importance of her participation in the settlement of the west. Her building and much of what she put on exhibition were exceptionally meritorious. But the gentleman put in charge of the agricultural exhibit at the outset bought in St. Louis two tons of oats at the rate of $17 50 and then the other about $5 00, and put them upon plates, without names, some breakfast foods manufactured in various states, the various products of corn wherever made, and added them to his display. He had been selected, overlooking political affiliations, because of his connection with the leading farm journal of the state, where agriculture is taught and his previous experience in a similar charge at Chicago.

Explanation Which Was Made.

His explanation is that seeds are a marketable commodity, which, wherever bought, may have been grown in any other locality; that the corn was not seed but edible, and those articles were removed. If there had been any minutes, it had since been corrected in such a manner as to impose the duties upon the individual and not the incumbent of the office. It is a custom more honored in the breach than in the observance. Where governments have fallen, it has generally been because of encroachments by one department upon the province of others. The constitution has given the "executive power" to the governor and it is his duty to see that the laws are faithfully executed. It is, of course, a convenience to the governor that he should be relieved of burdens, but it is a relief that ought not to be conceded. He may well appoint commissions when necessary, but it comports neither with his duty nor the dignity of the state that he should be a member of commissions otherwise appointed. A further and very plain objection is that when the governor appoints, in case of incompetency or misbehavior, he may remove, while the legislature, after adjournment, does not meet again for two years and can exercise no control over the appointees.

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BOWLERS AGAIN BECOME ACTIVE

After a Holiday Rest Games Are Resumed and Some Clever Scores Are Turned In.

BALDHEADS ARE AGAIN BEATEN

After a brief season of rest during the holidays the bowlers got busy again last night and many games were rolled on the various alleys and some fine scores were made.

The County league teams got down to hard work again in fine shape. The leading contest was between the Millvale and Duquesne teams, and the Millvale team showed its strength by taking all three of the games. Burgess Hickey, who bowled his first game of the season, was Millvale's star, as he chalked up high score, with 218, and high average, with 180 1-3. The scores:

Millvale—			
Jackson	151	145	143
Hickay	155	171	218
Brown	165	149	173
Shaw	198	170	158
Houlahan	167	183	164
Totals	834	824	848
Duquesne—			
F. House	123	162	143
Williams	131	192	136
Bond	166	170	158
Furlong	130	118	135
J. House	138	147	162
Totals	688	789	734

On the South Side alleys the Birmingham and South Side teams of the County league met and Birmingham made a clean sweep of all three games. Scores:

Birmingham—			
Stock	184	197	189
Hayden	149	195	196
May	167	194	
Dapper	159	179	201
Ringloff	185	189	204
Fussold	...	...	162
Totals	835	884	952
South Side—			
Yochum	135	186	181
Paulin	145	156	194
Selbie	119	...	...
Ruffanach	160	168	202
Miller	209	165	129
Baumloff	...	155	211
Totals	762	840	807

The return match between the Bald Heads of this city and the East Liverpool team was bowled on the Fifth avenue alleys last night, and the East Liverpool team scored another victory by a total of 25 pins. Scores:

Bald Heads—			
Loyd	139	162	200
Ellis	202	159	135
Hand	145	115	168
Helm	156	204	163
McGrath	193	175	222
Totals	835	815	888
East Liverpool—			
Clark	197	156	209
Rigby	181	153	164
Hookey	154	157	185
Powell	177	169	175
Rumberger	183	162	171
Totals	892	797	902

Herron Hill dropped three games on the Millvale alleys last night in a City league game. Hasley had high score of 196 and Servatius had high average of 171. Scores:

Millvale—			
Servatius	177	159	177
Vlard	165	160	184
Madden	189	167	138
Jackson	137	181	192
Thomas	150	137	195
Totals	768	804	886
Herron Hill—			
Fisher	181	184	149
Hasley	187	125	196
Besselman	150	163	158
Harris	149	117	177
Totals	617	589	674

At the Brighton Country club last evening the Benedicts took three straight games from the Professionals at tenpins, and head the league. Jamieson's 47 will probably carry the prize for high score. Other probable high scores are Bellard, 227 at ten pins, and James, 128, at duck pins. Following are last night's scores:

Benedicts—			
Jamieson	47	29	26
Johnson	18	14	25
Kiefer	18	20	25
Ablett	24	24	17
Motheral	17	23	31
Totals	124	120	124
Professionals—			
Nicholson	23	18	28
James	19	25	31
Rodgers	21	16	22
Patterson	15	18	15
Smith	22	17	21
Totals	110	94	118

The Bellevue team took all three games from the Keystone bowlers last night in the series of games between the Bellevue, Keystone and Bellefield clubs. The scores:

Bellevue—			
R. Cooper	157	147	144
Miller	153	182	162
Oiley	89	...	...
Sunerai	...	171	152
Dugan	186	175	150
J. Cooper	167	150	134
Totals	728	825	798
Keystone—			
Duckworth	135	157	146
Cushwa	113	...	...
Elston	...	142	144
Moore	113	149	118
Wills	168	157	119
Oetting	139	189	151
Totals	668	804	678

Bowling for Championship.

WASHINGTON, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—In the first of a series of three matches for the bowling championship of Washington, Morrison and Baldwin defeated Carson and Marsh this afternoon by a margin of 161 pins. The high score of 180 was made by Morrison. The second match will be rolled on Thursday. Scores:

Morrison	175	155	180
Baldwin	155	138	142
Totals	330	293	322
Carson	137	143	152
Marsh	119	92	142
Totals	256	235	294

AN ALL-STAR TEAM.

Seeks Pick of Yale, Harvard and Princeton to Play in West.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Jack Gleason, leader of the Olympic Athletic club here, will journey east next week to complete arrangements for an all star eastern football team to come west to play a series with a California team.

Gleason will visit Yale, Harvard and Princeton and try to get the stars of the big colleges to come west and play a picked eleven from California and Stanford. It is his idea to have the two teams tour Washington, Oregon, California and Nevada, the games to be played the latter part of February or the first week or so in March.

Shrubb Off for New Zealand.

At the winter meeting of the Amateur Athletic association of England held at Birmingham recently, A. Shrubb, the noted distance runner, was granted liberty to visit New Zealand as a guest of the New Zealand Amateur Athletic association, and according to the arrangements left England on December 30. While in the antipodes we will tour Australia also, and will reach there about the same time as Arthur Duffy of Georgetown. J. W. Morton, who defeated Duffy in the 100 yards in England last year, had an invitation, but declined on account of business engagements.

At the same meeting it was decided that the English championship of this year would be held at Linden. From last year's championship there was a profit of £154.

Ramblers Won at the Finish.

WASHINGTON, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—In the most exciting game of basketball played in Washington this year the Ramblers of the Association league defeated the Sleepy Five 42 to 35. The losing team was in the lead until the end of the contest, when the Ramblers took a mighty brace and succeeded in winning out. Line-up:

Ramblers—42.		Sleepy Five—35.
Duvall	Forward	Willison
Goodridge	Forward	Burchfield
Doubleday	Center	Tanner
Ryan	Guard	Katzenstein
Williamson	Guard	Jackson

Goals from field—Duvall 10, Doubleday 3, Williams 5, Williamson 3, Burchfield 3, Tanner 3, Goodridge 3, Katzenstein, Jackson. Goals from fouls—Burchfield 9, Williamson 6. Time—Two 20-minute halves.

Will Form a Pool League.

The Owl pool team of Braddock defeated the Primrose of Allegheny last night in the windup of the preliminary games for the championship. The Owls have won 12 out of the 15 games played. The Allegheny County Pool league will be formed this afternoon with the following teams: Owls, Primrose, Herron Hill, Verkwerks, Great Eastern, West End, Casino and Presents. Score:

OWLS.		PRIMROSE.	
Woodfield	9	Sweeney	31
Richardson	45	Aronthild	8
Jack	48	Boff	12
	102		51
Scratch	2	Scratch	4
Total	160	Total	47

Referee—Meredith. Scorer—Edwards.

CHAMPION SYCAMORE FOOTBALL TEAM

Top Row—McGiffin, head linesman; Killen captain; Jenkinson, Lautenslager, coach; Black, Newell, timekeeper. Middle row—McKelvey, Schauer, Feeney, Stern Smith, Burry, Eberhardt. Lower row—Martin, Boyle, Danver, Bentel, Roe. Manager Loughren, Assistant Manager Malley, Demoss and Rimmel are not on the above picture, as they were not present when it was taken.

HIGH SCHOOL TO MEET EAST LIBERTY NEXT WEEK

Basketball Will Be Resumed Again. Latest from Local Schools and the Colleges.

Pittsburgh High school and East Liberty academy will resume basketball relations next week, meeting for the first time in over two years on Tuesday afternoon. The game will be played on the High school floor, and it will be the opening contest for the red and black.

Capt. Ralston of the High school five may not be in the game, as he is below the required grade that keeps him in High school athletics. School opens at High school today after the holidays vacation and basketball practice will be resumed.

East Liberty has a fast team this year, and Capt. McCandless is confident of winning from High school next Tuesday. East Liberty is scheduled to play the West Virginia university five Friday night of this week at Morgantown, but West Virginia is trying to have the game played the following night. Unless the game is played on the night scheduled for, East Liberty will stay at home.

West Virginia is to play East Liberty in Pittsburgh later in the season. The blue and white rooters have won from Canonsburg, South Side High school and Allegheny High school, the last two being beaten by large scores. The only defeat thus far was handed out by Beaver college on the Beaver floor.

E. S. Ward, end on the Princeton's varsity eleven last fall, is in Pittsburgh visiting Don Hamilton, a fellow Princeton student.

George W. Gosser, chairman of the athletic committee of the Central board of education, last night at a meeting of the board presented a petition to the finance committee asking for an appropriation of $1,200 for High school athletic purposes. The committee allowed $900 the past year. High school athletics are not self-sustaining.

Alvan Bulger, goal keeper on last year's East Liberty academy hockey team, has reentered the academy and will be a candidate for the seven again. Martin, the present goal keeper, has been doing well in the recent games and Bulger will have to work to get on the team again.

Tom Uptegraff, captain of the Shadyside academy baseball team, wants George England, the well-known minor leaguer, to umpire the games Shadyside will play the coming season.

Phil Lewis has joined a local Y. M. C. A. and will exercise during the winter to be in shape for the opening of the baseball season when he will report to the Brooklyn National league club.

Twing Brooks of Sewickley played quarterback on the Hotenkiss school eleven of Lakeville, Conn., the past season. He is captain of the baseball team for the coming year.

After a delay of nearly a year Norman Dole of Stanford university has received word that he is champion pole vaulter of the world. At a meeting held on the oval at Berkeley last spring he soared over a bar 12 feet one and 72-100 inches. Dole's mark was not recognized at once, because the national committee of the Amateur Athletic Union, with headquarters at New York, had not been notified that the meeting at which Dole achieved his feat was to be held. There was no question about officials. The measurements were made by representatives of the Pacific Athletic association, and the meet was conducted by the coast representative of the Amateur Athletic Union.

When the Harvard track team candidates returned from the Christmas vacation yesterday they were put to work in the Hemenway gymnasium to begin their winter training for the indoor meets. W. F. Garcelon and John Graham will direct the work, with a view to winning the dual track and field games with Yale. Bob Kernan will work with the high jumpers. Harvard will probably not enter a relay team against Yale this year, as she has no first-class half-milers.

Most who read some time ago the scarecrow yarn that Ralph Rose, "the perfect man," who is undoubtedly a phenomenan when it comes to handling weights, could kill Jeffries with a single blow, were rather disappointed when they looked him over in the Madison Square Garden Saturday night. While Rose is a young giant and possesses remarkable strength, he is not built on true fighting lines. Neither does he show the general make-up of a great pugilist like Jeffries. On the contrary, he appears to be a big-overgrown, good-natured boy, who would be decidedly at sea if he should be compelled to face a fighting machine such as the champion heavyweight always in the ring. A man who has mixed with fighting all his life, after looking Rose over, said: "He's big and strong, all right, but is he game? He doesn't look to me like a man who would take much of a punching." And these old fighting sharps generally can tell at a glance what a man's heart is made of.—New York Sun.

Will Play an All-College Team.

Tonight at the Columbia Council hall, Center avenue, the Columbia Council basketball team lines up against a team formed of players all of whom are from large colleges. This will be the most important game of the season, as all the players of the all-college five are former members of the club and played on the Council team. The college team will be captained by Riech, who is now attending Yale. The lineup:

Columbia Council.		All-College Five.
Capt. Moses	F	Brasley, Michigan
A. Fischer	F	Davis, Harvard
Raphael	C	Goldsmith, Bucknell
M. Fisher	G	Yeager, Lawrence
Left	G	Riech, Yale

Referee—Honus Wagner of Carnegie. Timekeeper—Miss Moore.

Daly A. C. Is Defeated.

The Homestead Press team defeated the Daley team of Homestead last night 42 to 10. Lineup:

Press—42.		Daley—10.
Lowry	Forward	McDevitt
Ralph	Forward	Queck
Tunstall	Center	Gardner
E. Getslnger	Guard	Morris
O'Leary	Guard	Cawley

Substitutions—Zachariah for Ralph, Baker for Cawley. Goals from field—Lowry 11, Ralph, Tunstall 2, O'Leary 3, Zachariah 3, Queck 2, Gardner 3. Goals from foul—Lowry, Zachariah.

RAILROAD PROSPECTS BRIGHT.

Industrial Activity Will Result in Buiding Many New Lines.

Kennedy Crosson of Philadelphia, a railroad contractor, claims that railroad building the next five years will surpass any five years in the past. He based his assertion on the fact that steel products are advancing in prices, which he claims is a barometer of the railroad world.

Mr. Crosson had charge of the work on the joint road built by the P. & L. E. and the Pennsylvania, from Brownsville to Red Stone Junction. Speaking of railroad development in the Klondike coal field, he said that within the next few years there will be a network of lines in that region. He left last night for Philadelphia.

Admitted New Members.

The annual smoker of the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine was held last evening at the Monongahela House. Several new candidates were initiated previous to the festivities. About 50 were present.

AMONG THE PASSERS.

The Manchester team will meet Hans Wagner's C. V. B. team tomorrow night at Carnegie.

The Edgar Thomson five of Braddock will this evening play the Duquesne Midgets of South Side.

Tomorrow night at the South Side Turner hall the Leithead team will try to down the Turner team.

The State five would like to hear from all first-class teams. Address C. Faulhaber, 1100 East street, Allegheny.

The Matinee team of the Pittsburgh Lyceum will have for an attraction this evening the Marquette team of Hazelwood.

"Goot" Stewart of the Railroad team is leading the Manchester league in number of goals scored from field and foul.

The Manchester-Butler Y. M. C. A. game at Raleigh hall last Monday night was one of the most exciting games ever played in that hall.

The Eagle team of the Commercial High school wishes games with 16-year-old teams. Address R. H. Johns, 38 Hastings street, East End.

Koch of Manchester could not do much in the scoring line, as Gerner had his arms wrapped around his neck every time he got his hands on the ball.

The South Side Tigers would like to arrange games with 12 to 13-year-old teams. Address Theodore F. Liebau, Jr., 1813 Fox street, Pittsburgh.

"Dough" Burry played a great game for Manchester last Monday night. He was in every scrimmage and caged the ball four times from field during the game.

The Manchester league games are attracting larger crowds every night. Last Saturday night there were at least 250 spectators at the Manhattan Railroad game.

The Olympic team of McKeesport will be the attraction at Manchester next Monday night. This will be the third game of the series, each teaming having one victory.

Tonight at Duquesne hall there will be two games. The First Ward will line up against a bunch of passers from Wilmerding. The Duquesne school team will play the South Side Midgets.

The Marquette Juniors would like to hear from any junior team for a game on Saturday evening, January 7, to be played on Marquette's floor. Address Manager Marquette Juniors, 4354 Second avenue, city.

The South Side Tigers will accept the challenge from the Arsenal A. C. for a game on Arsenal's floor on January 17. The Tigers would like to hear from any 11 to 13-year-old teams having halls. Address Clarence Davis, corner Eccles and Conway streets, city.

The Sewickley Y. M. C. A. Reserves team will play its first game on its home floor Friday night, when it will meet the Freedom Juniors. All junior teams desiring games address H. C. Bartholomew, Sewickley. Open dates away from home are January 10, 17, 24 and 31; at home, February 3 and 10.

The following players of last year's Mayflowers are requested to attend the meeting this evening at Ninth and Carson streets, at 7:30 o'clock: Marroney, Kunold, Dreyer, George, Daley, Jones, Coyle, Cuper, J. Donnelly, E. Donnelly, Noonan, Breman and Stern.

The Keystone club of Allegheny has some hard games for this week. On Thursday it will tackle the South Side Turner Midgets; Friday, the Arcade five of Carnegie, and Saturday, the Perrysville second team. Next week it will play the Spring Garden A. C. Monday and the St. Lukes of Carnegie Tuesday. It would like to hear from all 10 to 11-year-old teams having halls. Address Fred Geib, 93 Spring Garden avenue, Allegheny.

PENNSY'S FISCAL EXHIBIT.

Figures of Earnings and Expenses for Given Periods, With Comparisons.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3.—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company's comparison of earnings and expenses for month of November, 1904, and for 11 months ending November 30, 1904, with same periods of 1903, is as follows:

Pennsylvania Railroad Company lines directly operated, month of November, 1904: Gross earnings, increase, $483,000; expenses, increase, $326,000; net earnings, increase, $827,000. Eleven months, ending November 30, 1904: Gross earnings, decrease, $535,700; expenses, decrease, $3,456,000; net earnings, decrease, $1,894,700.

Lines west of Pittsburgh and Erie directly operated: Gross earnings, increase, $639,600; expenses, increase, $36,800; net earnings, increase, $622,800. Eleven months ending November 30, 1904: Gross earnings, decrease, $1,505,400; expenses, decrease, $2,045,600; net earnings, increase, $540,200.

HE WANTED BRIDGE TOLL.

Novel Excuse Given by Negro Highwayman When Asked to Explain.

Robert Smith, a negro, was arrested last night by Detectives Eagan and Cole at High street and Wylie avenue, for holding up Joseph Lawler of 502 Lacock street, Allegheny. Smith had his victim up against a wall and was going through his pockets as the officers came along. When asked to explain his actions Smith said:

"I was only hunting bridge toll."

Smith lives at 406 Kilbuck street, Allegheny.

FIRE PROTECTION FOR THIRTY-NINTH WARD

Mayor Hays, Director Moore, Superintendent of Police Wallace, Chief Engineer of Fire Humphries and Superintendent of Electricity Herron visited the Thirty-ninth ward, formerly the borough of Elliott, yesterday afternoon. Director Moore stated arrangements had been made to give the new ward police protection, and he would ask councils for a sufficient appropriation to establish a hose carriage station in the ward.

Big January Settlement.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—This was the great payment day of the year in the financial district. Nearly all of the corporations made disbursements on stocks and bonds, either for a period of three months or six months, so that the aggregate of payments, it is estimated, was $140,000,000, a record amount. Payments will continue for two weeks.

TURF WAR IS LIKELY IN WEST AND SOUTH

Racing Dates Refused by the Jockey Clubs and Track Owners Are Ready to Rebel.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Whether there is to be a turf war or peace between the race tracks throughout the west and south will be decided within the next 24 hours. The track owners who are dissatisfied with the allotment of racing dates decided upon at the annual meeting of the Western Jockey club went before that body today and presented a petition asking for a revision of the dates. The request was refused by the controlling body in each instance, with the exception of the new Louisville track. This track was given five extra days, in accordance with a previous understanding. The Louisville club asked that the fall dates granted at the previous meeting from September 23 to October 7 be changed to begin October 2 and end October 20. The request was granted by a unanimous vote of the stewards.

The renewed application of the New Orleans Jockey club for racing dates for 1905 was denied, as was also the application of the Hot Springs Jockey club for a change in the allotment of racing dates for 1905.

After the refusal of the stewards of the Western Jockey club to reconsider the proposition, Edward Corrigan, Humphrey Devereux, William Shannon, Rome Respess and other track owners dissatisfied with the distribution of racing dates by the Western Jockey club stewards held a conference to discuss the situation, but the result of the conference has not been made public. Unless there is a decided change of the sentiment expressed today by dissatisfied owners, they will undoubtedly decide to fight the Western Jockey club in an effort to bring that organization to their terms.

Edward Corrigan said: "In my judgment, the only way to bring the stewards to a sense of justice in their rulings is to wage war against them."

St. Lukes Five Broke a Record.

St. Lukes broke the hall record of Whitehall, Carnegie, last night by scoring 90 to 2 against Crafton High school. Dunn, the deaf center of the Crafton team, was exhausted after the first half. He tried to play the whole team. Barum of St. Lukes shot 16 field goals. Lineup:

St. Luke's—90.		Crafton H. S.—2.
Flynn	Forward	Miller
Barum	Forward	Justice
Nixon	Center	Dunn
Nelson	Guard	Held
Feely	Guard	Crocker

Substitutions—Bruckner for Nelson, Armour for Dunn. Goals from field—Flynn 6, Barum 16, Nixon 1, Nelson 4, Feely 11, Bruckner 6. Goals from fouls—Nixon 2, Dunn 2.

Will Organize a Rifle Club.

WASHINGTON, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Washington rifle experts have started a movement for the organization of an indoor rifle club here. Several prominent shooters, members of Pittsburgh clubs, are back of the movement and the interest of a majority of the leading sportsmen of this vicinity has been enlisted. A meeting will be held next Tuesday evening when an organization will be effected.

WRIT FOR NAN PATTERSON.

One Secured in Her Behalf on Tombs Warden in Attempt to Secure Her Release.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—A determined effort to secure the release from the Tombs on bail of Nan Patterson, accused of the murder of "Caesar" Young, was begun today. A representative of the law firm which acted for Miss Patterson in her recent trial appeared in the supreme court and succeeded in getting a writ of habeas corpus ordering Warden Flynn of the Tombs to produce Miss Patterson in the court tomorrow.

At that time the justice will be asked to fix a reasonable bail for the prisoner's release. District Attorney Jerome has announced that the motion for bail will be opposed.

HOW AN INVESTMENT OF TWO CENTS MAY SAVE HUNDREDS OF DOLLARS AND UNTOLD SUFFERING.

If you are a sufferer from catarrh or deafness, send a 2c stamp to Pretzinger Bros., Chemists, Dayton, Ohio, and they will mail you a sample of Pretzinger's Catarrh Balm, which has been proven by thousands, to be a positive cure for all forms of catarrh and its kindred affliction—deafness. Easily applied and gives instant relief. Read what those say who have used this remedy.

Since using your balm I can hear my watch tick and enjoy company, because I can now hear and carry on conversation, which I could not do for a great many years. The noises in my head were so annoying that I could not sleep at night, but now they are all gone. My nose, which was so inflamed that it was as large at the top as at the bottom, is all right again."

Henry H. Fieschert, National Soldiers' Home, Johnson City, Tenn.

WELDON & KELLY COMPANY,
305 WOOD STREET.
Plumbing, Lighting and Heating Construction.
Gas and Electric Chandeliers and Fittings at Wholesale or Retail.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

W. P. RAINBOW, Attorney. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed assignee of Richmond & Company, Inc'd, to whom all persons indebted to said company are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against said company will make proof of same before the assignee in accordance with the twenty-second and twenty-third sections of the Pennsylvania act of 1901, P. L. 416, within six months after the date hereof, or forever thereafter be debarred from coming in upon the funds. Harry McFarland, Assignee, 322 Bakewell building, Pittsburgh, Pa. January 4, 1905.

Armour's Extract of Beef

FOR that don't-care-for-a-bite feeling try a plate of soup or broth made of Armour's Extract—and eat like a hunter. Piquant, savory, appetizing.

Our cook book "Culinary Wrinkles" mailed free

Armour & Company Chicago

THE RATE FOR Classified Advertisements In THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE IS A PENNY A WORD,

Seven days for price of six when paid for in advance.

For the convenience of advertisers The Pittsburgh Gazette has established the following branch offices where classified advertisements may be left at regular rates, a penny a word, each insertion or seven days for price of six, cash in advance. Advertisements left at any branch office will be telephoned to the main office thus insuring prompt publication.

PITTSBURGH.

BRUSHTON AVE., 315—F. S. Walser & Co.
BUTLER ST., 3400—David Lewis.
BUTLER ST., 5021—H. C. Knapp.
BUTLER ST., COR. 42D—R. M. Totten.
BUTLER ST., COR. 44TH—A. W. Covart.
BUTLER ST., 5202—Henry A. Spilker.
BUTLER ST., 5509—Thos. McCaffrey; Bell phone, 14 Fisk.
CARVER ST., COR. PARK AVE.—R. E. McKelvey.
CENTER AVE., 1801—T. F. Moore.
CENTER AVE., 2101—C. F. Nourse.
CENTER AVE., COR. KIRKPATRICK ST.—The Belle Pharmacy.
COLLINS AVE., 113—William Lindeman.
CONGRESS ST., COR WYLIE AVE.—C. F. McMurray.
DALLAS AVE., COR. KELLY ST.—McCabe's.
FIFTH AVE., 1221—Robin Drug Company.
FIFTH AVE., 1401, COR. STEVENSON—Chas. L. Young.
FIFTH AVE., 1742—Harper & Wynne.
FIFTH AVE., 2220—McKee & Devlin.
FIFTH AVE., 2934—Lee's Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 3705—Central Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 1430—Thumm Bros., Stationers.
FORBES ST., 2705—John M. Rohman.
FORBES ST., COR. CRAIG—Geo. A. Charles.
FORTY-THIRD ST., COR. BUTLER—R. M. Archer.
FORTY-FOURTH ST., COR. BUTLER—A. W. Covert.

WANTED.

Agents.

Proverbs! Proverbs!

Proverb Hunters—Take notice. We have a little book which contains about 2,000 proverbs compiled from the standard English work; 25 cents postpaid to any address. NOVELTY SUPPLY CO., 93 Walter ave., Thirty-first ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.

AGENTS wanted for new Polishing Cloth. Our new plan makes big sales. Immense profits. $5 and over cleared daily. Samples and terms, 10c. P. Miller & Co., Beaver Springs, Pa.

Male Help.

ACCIDENT proposition, $1 per $1,000. DUQUESNE REGISTRY CO., Ferguson bldg.

ALL KINDS OF MERCANTILE AND MECHANICAL POSITIONS AT THE MERCANTILE BUREAU (INC.), 434 Fourth ave.

ANY intelligent person may earn good income corresponding for newspapers; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

BEDDING SALESMEN.

Wanted at once 10 salesmen for our Bedding Department who thoroughly understand the selling of Bedding of all kinds. Apply this morning between 8 and 9, manager's office, West mezzanine. Joseph Horne Co.

BOYS WANTED

Nice, neat boys who go to school and want to make a little spending money after school hours and Saturdays, nothing to sell, but pleasant work. Must be 14 to 16 years of age, and have parents' consent. One boy wanted in each ward in Pittsburgh and Allegheny; also one in Bellevue, Ingram, Carnegie, Wilkinsburg, East Pittsburgh, Homestead, Braddock and McKeesport. Address, stating age, with full address and ward, L. 140, The Gazette.

CIVIL ENGINEER desires work for evenings and Saturday afternoon. Draughting, estimating, surveying. Fifteen years' experience. Address L. 140, The Gazette.

MAN HUNTING is our business. If you are competent to fill a strictly high grade Business or Technical position call or write HAPGOODS (Inc.) "Brain Brokers", 706 Park Bldg., Pittsburgh.

MAN—Active man; travel; country preferred; no soliciting or canvassing; $18 weekly; expenses advanced; experience unnecessary. Guarantee Employment Agency, room 3, 206 Federal st., Allegheny.

MEN for the U. S. marine corps—Able-bodied unmarried men between 21 and 35, good character; must speak, read and write English; marine service at sea on men-of-war in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at naval stations in the United States. Apply recruiting officer, room 414 Postoffice building, city.

SALESMEN—Two experienced paint, glass and varnish salesmen; none other need apply; those who can command trade and are well qualified and reliable and can furnish unquestionable good references; to such applicants we have a sterling proposition on an old-established reputation line for one of the best and most reliable firms known; correspondence strictly confidential. Address P 200, The Gazette.

SALESMEN—Two ambitious, brainy men, possessing ability as salesmen and solicitors, can make a connection that will be highly remunerative; interviewing business and professional men. H. B. Pierce, 501 Nixon bldg.

SOLICITORS and agents on a new gaslight, without a rival. Guaranteed. Advertised everywhere. Exceptional opportunity for hustlers. Call or address The New Light Co., 316 Bissell bldg., Seventh and Smithfield sts.

WANTED—Experienced Salesmen of Wash Goods. Here is an opportunity for competent men. Apply Postoffice Box 1454.

WANTED—At draughtsmen, structural and mechanical office assistants, clerks, cashiers, bookkeepers, collectors, city, and traveling salesmen for grocery, drygoods, lumber, machinery and lubricating oils; hotel, grocery and hardware clerks, drivers, porters, janitors, watchmen, coachmen, cooks, waiters, stablemen, farm, dairy and garden hands furnished free to employers. Established 32 years; vacancies guaranteed. Star Bureau, 120 Sixth st.

WANTED—Two salesmen in each state; $90 and expenses; permanent positions. Perkins Tobacco Works Co., Bedford City, Va.

YOUNG men everywhere, copy letters, home evenings, $9.50 week. Send addressed envelope for particulars. Manager Dept. W 202 Box 1411, Philadelphia, Pa.

YOUNG man, 17 to 20 years; must have experience in retail shoe business. Inquire 614 Smithfield st.

YOUNG MAN to prepare for desirable position in Govt. Mail Service. Salary $800. Rapid promotion to $1,500. Splendid opportunity. Address Box 570, Cedar Rapids, Ia.

YOUNG MEN to learn telegraphy and accept positions on railroad; rare opportunity; call at once. PENNSYLVANIA TELEGRAPH COLLEGE, No. 960-961-962-963 Lewis Block.

Female Help.

GIRL for general housework; must be a good cook; wages $6 per week; references. 6526 Baywood st., East End.

LADIES wanted everywhere copying letters at home, evenings or spare time, and return to us. No mailing or canvassing; $9 weekly earned, materials free. Enclose self-addressed envelope for particulars. Guarantee Co., No. W. 222 Ninth st., Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES—$50 thousand copying letters. No mailing to friends or furnishing addresses; stamped envelope particulars. U. S. Advertising Co., Dept. J. 22, Chicago.

WANTED.

Female Help.

SALESWOMEN FOR AMERICAN WASH GOODS.

Wanted immediately 10 saleswomen for our department of American Wash Goods. Only those having experience need apply. Call this morning between 8 and 9, manager's office, West mezzanine. Joseph Horne Co.

NURSE girl about 17 years old to care for 2-year-old child. Apply St. Clair and Callowhill sts. apartment, fourth floor. Take Highland ave. cars.

WANTED—Experienced Sampler and Designer in Art Embroidery Department. Apply 12th Floor, McCreery and Company.

WANTED—Initial Embroideress. Bring samples of work. Apply 12th Floor, McCreery and Company.

WOMEN to sew at home, $9 per week; materials sent everywhere free; steady work; plain sewing only. Send addressed envelope for full particulars. W. E. M. Du Pont, Philadelphia, Pa.

Male and Female Help.

WOMEN AND MEN—Everywhere to assist in advertising high-grade goods for a responsible house; persons employed during the day can secure an evening position; salary or commission. Address C. M. Oviatt, 719 Bijou building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Situations—Male.

COOKS, waiters, dishwashers, laundresses, clerks, housekeeper or any kind of help you need. 'Phone 2242 Grant; 2241 Main; 2162 I., Highland; 465 East. Can furnish on short notice.

POSITION wanted as chief engineer or millwright; 12 years' experience; best of references. Address K 146, The Gazette.

POSITION in bank, office or private place by good, honest young colored man, with best of references. Address R 209, The Gazette.

STATIONARY engineer of 6 years' experience desires position; best of references. Address K 209, The Gazette.

Situations—Female.

SITUATIONS—For first-class help; southern colored girls, German, Slavonic, Polish; just arrived at the Working Girls' home, 529 Wylie ave.

Students.

EDUCATE FOR POSITIONS at THE ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, 316 Fifth avenue, Ten-Cent Store building. Small payment secures scholarship at once; balance payable monthly. DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL. Commercial, Shorthand, Typewriter Penmanship and English Departments. Free Employment Bureau. 'Phone 2220 Court.

Pupils.

ENGLISH FOR FOREIGNERS — Evening classes. Berlitz School of Languages, Nixon building.

Miscellaneous.

DR. HEASLEY (Chiropodist), cures INGROWN NAILS WITHOUT CUTTING, Nixon Theater building.

LARGE second-hand safe. C. W. Franklin, 126 Fourth ave.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 7324 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

ANY PERSONS wishing furnished or unfurnished rooms, with or without board or light housekeeping or furnished houses, see LIBERTY ROOM RENTING BUREAU, 507 Colwell bldg. Bell 1307 W. Highland.

ATWOOD ST., 221, Oakland—Furnished rooms, bath, hot water; near all car lines.

BLUFF ST., 1007—Large comfortably furnished front room, suitable for two; modern conveniences.

BLUFF ST., 1401—Comfortably furnished front room, all conveniences; 10 minutes to city.

BLUFF ST., 2019, city—Furnished rooms, back and front, private family, near cars.

COLTART SQUARE, 218, Oakland—Nicely furnished room; home comforts; use piano; in French private family; 12 minutes city.

DE ROUAND ST., 2031, near Fifth—Single front room, $7 month. Call after 6.

ELSINORE SQ., 3304, near Craft—Elegant furnished room, tent $10; bath, light, heat; every convenience.

FIFTH AVE., 1425—Third floor bedroom, use kitchen for housekeeping; furnished complete; reasonable.

FIFTH AVE., 2309—Two furnished front rooms for light housekeeping; every convenience; reasonable.

FIFTH AVE., 2552—Large, nicely furnished rooms for gentlemen, second floor, every convenience.

FOR RENT—Front room, newly furnished; private family; Atwood st., 15 minutes ride from courthouse; no let on house or no children in house; first-class; use of bath; rate $3.50 per week; commission made for agents. Q 251 Gazette.

FORTIETH ST., 255—Pleasant furnished room, both gases and furnace.

FORBES ST., 3549, corner Halket—Desirable rooms, with boarding; pleasant location; on car line.

FORBES ST., 3339, near Oakland—Rooms furnished, both gases, bath; select quarters.

FRANKLIN AVE., 442, Wilkinsburg—Furnished room, all conveniences; near cars and station.

GRANDVIEW AVE., 559—Three furnished rooms, on second floor, for light housekeeping or gentlemen; heard if desired; Mt. Washington tunnel line passes the house; gases, hot and cold water.

GREEN ST., 228, Wilkinsburg—Comfortably furnished front room, every convenience; one block to car line.

HALKET ST., 227—Furnished rooms, Oakland. Bell Phone 966 R. Schenley.

IDLEWILD ST., 1345—Three or four unfurnished rooms, all conveniences; possession immediate.

JEANNETTE ST., 322, Wilkinsburg—Nicely furnished room, suitable for housekeeping; near station.

LOCUST ST., 1809, city—Fine furnished room, good location, reasonable rent.

MEYRAN AVE., 529—Furnished room; all conveniences, good board near.

PEERLESS ST., 710, Wilkinsburg—Nice furnished front room, every convenience, near four car lines.

PENN AVE., 515, Wilkinsburg—Three large furnished front rooms, light housekeeping; reasonable rent.

WOOD ST., 1525, Wilkinsburg—Beautifully furnished front rooms; latest conveniences; Frankstown and Hamilton cars pass door.

East End.

COLLEGE AVE., 628—For rent, January 1, furnished room, suitable for one or two gentlemen.

HIGHLAND AVE., 412, East End—Furnished room; reference.

JACKSON ST., 5038, East End—Nicely furnished room; all conveniences, near several car lines.

KENTUCKY AVE., 5218—Nicely furnished second-story room near Highland and Fifth ave.

PENN AVE.,

FOR RENT.

Apartments.

FLATS—FIRST MONTH FREE.
THE SCYVILLA APARTMENTS, Birmingham ave., corner Spruce st., Avalon, Pa. have been completed some little time before the regular renting season; and in order to fill up the building rapidly, the owner will give first month's rent free to desirable tenants. The suites have five rooms and bath and are equipped with combination chandeliers, cabinet mantels, range, stationary bookcase, china closet, refrigerator etc., $22.50 and $30.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

SHADYSIDE APARTMENTS.
Located in the most aristocratic part of the Shadyside district, near Shadyside station; steam heat, hot water and janitor service free; only a few left. Four and six rooms, with bath and maid's room. Reasonable rent.
CONTINENTAL TRUST COMPANY,
106 Sixth st. (Bessemer Bldg.)

APARTMENTS.
2032 Wylie ave., apartments of 3 and 4 rooms with bath, rents reduced until April 1.
LAND TRUST COMPANY,
316 Fourth ave.

TO LET.
Apartments of three and four rooms and bath; location very desirable; rent very low.
S. H. LLOYD,
6022 Penn Ave.

Business Properties.

WHOLESALE OR MANUFACTURING.
To Be Let—Two 6-story brick buildings, suitable for wholesale business or light manufacturing; good shipping facilities; railroad siding on premises; good elevator; 700 and 702 Second ave., near Try st.; only $3,250 a year; possession January 1.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

FIVE BUILDINGS, LOCATED CORNER FIFTH AVE. AND MARKET ST. WILL RENT AS A WHOLE OR SEPARATE. POSSESSION APRIL 1, 1905. APPLY PAUL HACKE, ROOM 704, BESSEMER BUILDING.

FOR RENT.
HOTEL—New and unfurnished hotel and bar room for rent, 33 rooms in the booming steel plant town of Mingo Junction, O., with a junction of five railroads and the Ohio river.
R. P. Cline, Mingo Junction, O.

MARKET ST.—Entire brick building, three floors and basement; $1,200 per annum.
CONTINENTAL TRUST COMPANY,
106 Sixth st. (Bessemer Bldg.)

Storerooms.

WHOLESALE JEWELRY STORES CONCENTRATING ON PENN AVENUE.
An interesting fact in Pittsburgh's many-sided business life is the centralization of the wholesale jewelry establishments in a short section of downtown Penn avenue. Two of these large dispensers of glittering baubles are now comfortably housed in the Penn building, where they are said to be transacting a large business. Half of the second floor of this building, containing 2,000 square feet, is still available for a jewelry store or other high-class business, and will be rented at moderate rental. Steam heat, electric light, two high-speed elevators. Inquire of the agents for the Penn building.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

FOR RENT
EXCELSIOR BUILDING,
Corner Grant st. and Sixth ave.
Store room and basement, 2,400 square feet each; fourth and fifth floors, 2,400 square feet each; passenger and freight elevator service, steam heat.
JOHN E. SHAW,
428 Frick Building.

Ninth st., near Penn ave.,
FOR RENT, 18½x60 feet, store room and
NEW basement; recently remodeled;
STORE ROOM. possession at once; reasonable rental. See
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO.,
327-329 Fourth ave.

Desk Room.

DESK ROOM—Desk, stenographer, 'phones, vault, $10 month. 407 Arrott bldg.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

SMALL CASH PAYMENT,
ONLY $2,800. WYLIE AVE.
FINE 6-ROOM HOUSES, COMPLETE WITH HALL, BATH, BOTH GASES, CABINET MANTELS, BASEMENT, CELLARS, LARGE FRONT PORCH AND YARD; LOT 21x100 TO 20 FT. ALLEY. VERY DESIRABLE HOUSES, RIGHT ON CAR LINE; GOOD LOCATION AND BARGAINS.
SEE
M'KIVEEN & WHITE, 604 PARK BLDG.,
REAL ESTATE "HUSTLERS."

OAKMONT PROPERTY

For fine building sites or for first-class investment property, see 'phone or write
T. S. McANLIS, REAL ESTATE,
Cor. Seventh and B-Sts., Oakmont, Pa.
Bell 'Phone 131.

LOOK HERE—You can buy a corner in Wilkinsburg with a fine reception hall house for less than $7,500; possession at once; was purchased when new one year ago for $8,500; less than $2,000 cash required; balance easy and 5 per cent interest; this is your opportunity.
IRA C. EWING & CO.,
Telephone 2567 Court. Ferguson Building.

IF IT IS REAL ESTATE
YOU WANT,
see
ARONSON REALTY CO.,
REAL ESTATE—and—INVESTMENTS.
ARONSON BLDG. 646 FIFTH AVE.
THEY MAKE MONEY FOR OTHERS,
THEY WILL MAKE MONEY FOR YOU.

SMALL HOUSE—Very cheap; Grove st. and Wayne ave., McKees Rocks; take West Park car to Wayne ave.; terms, monthly payments and only $50 down. Owner, 1507 Arrott bldg.

$6,000—Solid brick, 10-room reception hall, bath, furnace, laundry, on paved street; finest district in Squirrel Hill. Must be sold quickly. Address J. H. Lyons, 740 South ave., Wilkinsburg.

BOULEVARD PROPERTY. Twenty-second ward, close to car line; large modern brick house and brick barn; fine lawn, shade and fruit trees; about half acre. Price reasonable, only $16,500 cash required. Address M 237, The Gazette.

ONLY $5,800; terms to suit, new buff brick dwelling, 10 rooms and reception hall; every modern convenience; large lot; 12 minutes' ride from postoffice; this property is worth $6,500; am compelled to sell. Owner, room 1101 Farmers Bank building, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—Residences of all sizes; all prices and in nearly all locations; some exceptional bargains. H. E. Pollock, 409 Fifth ave.

East End Residences.

FOR SALE.
S. A. DICKIE & CO.,
A 12-room, center hall, solid brick new, modern and complete, hardwood finish and floors throughout. Special features: Location, No. 6315 WALNUT ST. (opposite Kennawr Hotel). 5 bathrooms, billiard room, closets, hot water heat, full size third floor rooms, front, side and rear porches, butler's pantry and refrigerator room. Lot 50x220. Room for driveway to rear of lot. Open day and night. Immediate possession.

741 NORTH ST. CLAIR STREET—10-room modern brick, tile bath, hardwood floors, furnace, all conveniences. Alley side and rear. Lot 80½x168. Immediate possession. Price, $9,500.

6323 WALNUT STREET—12-room reception hall, solid brick, lot 45x175. Hot water heat, 4 bathrooms, large closets, billiard room, hardwood finish, 12 ft. front porch, butler's pantry. Will be finished in 30 days.

6330 HOWE STREET—10-room reception hall brick, lot 20x100, cement ceiling, furnace, instantaneous heater, in first-class shape. Possession April 1.

S. A. DICKIE & COMPANY,
Cor. Center and South Highland Aves.
Both 'Phones, 201 East.

FOR SALE.
FREEHOLD REAL ESTATE CO.,
Will sell a
$5,000 HOUSE
for
$4,300.
In Belmar plan on Hermitage street, near Homewood ave. Brick of 8 rooms, tile bath, cement cellar, laundry, water heater, furnace. See us at once.
FREEHOLD REAL ESTATE CO.,
334 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.
POINT BREEZE SECTION.
Delightful 10-room brick house.
$7,500.
This price is exceedingly low and is only made for a few days.
F. O. VAN GORDER,
6002 Penn ave., East End.

GEO. B. KELLY,
143 S. Highland ave. Bell 144; P. & A. 857 E.
EAST END BARGAIN; COME SEE IT.
A 9-room reception hall brick,
in 19th ward, on a lot 33x150.
EVERY CONVENIENCE—$7,000.

Allegheny Residences.

WOODLAWN TERRACE.
Brick house of 7 rooms and bath; both gases, hot and cold water, about 15 minutes ride from Allegheny market house.
LAND TRUST COMPANY,
316 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.

Allegheny Residences.

FOR SALE.
A great opportunity to secure a handsome house, 11 rooms, very complete modern fixtures, cost over $15,000 and $12,000 is now asked. Look at it and let us have your offer approximating $12,000—On Buena Vista street, near North avenue, Allegheny. See
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO.,
327-329 Fourth ave.

Farms.

TWO BARGAINS.
159 acres North Shenango township, Crawford county, Pa. Good 9-room house; new barn 40x50, with all needed outbuildings; some good onion soil; well watered; all in an exceptional high state of cultivation; 2½ miles from R. R. station; price $3,500; easy terms.
106 acres near Blooming Valley, Pa.; good buildings of all kinds; fair fences; well-watered; fine orchard. Very rich soil; an excellent farm and home, cheap, $2,800; $1,000 down, balance 5 per cent.
VET L. BROWN,
Room 208. Both 'phones. 331 Fourth ave.

FARMS FOR SALE.
Send 2 cent stamp for booklet.
NEILL & BLAKSLEE, OAKMONT, PA.

Manufacturing Sites.

MANUFACTURING SITE,
Adjoining large industries; unexcelled location; all railroad connections; land level; above high-water mark. Taxes low.
Labor conditions the best.
WEST PITTSBURGH INDUSTRIAL BUREAU
Bailey-Farrell Bldg., Pittsburgh.

Sale or Exchange.

VERNER REALTY COMPANY.
New 6-room frame dwelling, cabinet mantels, tile hearths, sliding doors, china closet, nicely papered, front and rear porches; good water; corner lot, 50x115 feet; 20 minutes from Homestead Steel works. Monthly payments. Will exchange for vacant.
VERNER REALTY COMPANY,
MONEY TO LOAN. 504 Frick Bldg

Real Estate.—Special.

FREE LOTS to advertise N. Y. seashore suburb; rapid transit. Write for deed one lot. R. Corporation, 231 Boardway, N. Y.

Mortgage Loans.

MONEY ON REAL ESTATE Mortgages wanted on improved real estate in city or suburbs.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

WANTED, TO BORROW MONEY on improved property; first mortgage, 6 per cent paid (no agents). Address J 139, The Gazette.

$500,000 to loan, 4½ to 5 per cent; mortgages or collateral; private party. P. O. Box 668.

Machinery.

BOILERS.
Horizontal tubular from 25 H. P. up.
Horizontal water tube from 50 H. P. up.
Locomotive fire box from 15 H. P. up.
Upright tubular from 4 H. P. up.
At present we are offering at special prices two 50 H. P. each, one 60 H. P. Heine water tube boilers for quick delivery.
Ask for January stock list, just issued.
Send your inquiries on any machinery you may need.
We carry the largest stock, and are pleased to furnish full information.
WICKES BROTHERS,
Both 'Phones. Forty-fifth st. and A. V. Ry.

WE SELL ENGINES
AND BOILERS
For any purpose. All sizes from 2 h. p. up. Here are some of our bargains:
SECOND HAND LIST.
One 7 h. p. Lazier Gas Engine.
One 25 h. p. Columbia Gas Engine.
One 60-inch Cupola Blower.
Agents for the famous Fairbanks, Morse & Co. Gas and Gasoline Engines, Dynamos, Motors and Steam Pumps. Private Pumping and Electric Light Outfits a specialty.
TRANTER MANUFACTURING CO.,
105 Water st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 3 to 125 H. P., stationary and portable upright boilers and engines; large assortment kept in stock, shafting, pulleys and hangers and large lot miscellaneous machinery, second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.
JOHN S. YOUNG,
108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

LOOK US UP. Call us up. We are always on the end of the line to look after your wants. New and second-hand gas engines and dynamos; all sizes; shafting, hangers and pulleys. All work under supervision of A No. 1 machinist. Try us with your next work.

EMPIRE MACHINE WORKS,
Factory 210 Third ave. Office 311 Empire Bldg.
'Phone 553 Court.

FOR SALE—Gas engines, gasoline; complete gasoline yachts; vertical and horizontal, all sizes. Pumping engines, all purposes, 1-6 H. P. & M., 1-10 H. P. Clark, 316—THE FAIRBANKS CO.—818 Second ave.

Sewing Machines.

SPECIAL LOW PRICES

100 TRIAL and SHOPWORN SEWING MACHINES, ALL MAKES, must be disposed of in SHORT TIME to make room for our NEW stock of SEWING MACHINES, REGARDLESS OF PRICE.
CARTER SEWING MACHINE CO.,
151 SIXTH ST. Next Bijou Theater.

Business Opportunities.

GENTS' FURNISHING AND CLOTHING STORE—Exceptionally good proposition in thriving town, 15,000 to 18,000 population; within 50 miles Pittsburgh; leading and best known stand in town; stock in first-class condition; doing splendid business; only offered on account other business interests; will inventory about $25,000; will accept part cash, balance income property.

SHOE STORE—High-class stock; well located in splendid Western Pennsylvania city of 20,000; stock is exceptionally clean and up-to-date; business is very satisfactory, but owner has other interests; invoice $7,500 to $8,000; will take good East End residence in part.
MILLS-SLAUGENHOUPT CO.,
428 Fourth ave.

GROCERY STORE—Well located in a live town near the city; doing $150 per week; low rent; price $1,000; terms can be arranged.

Milk Route in city; selling over 100 gallons per day; 4 wagons and well equipped; investigate this.
See our list before buying.
MILLER & HOWARD, 431 Fourth ave.

GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE—Has good counters, shelves, nice showcases; established 15 years; 2-year lease; rent $30, with seven nice living rooms and bath; everything in good condition. This place is doing a business of $150 a week; can be bought for invoice for $550.
HOWICK-THOMPSON CO.,
616 Times Bldg. 336 Fourth ave.

RESTAURANT.
One of the best equipped plants downtown; cost owner about $7,000; business now on a paying basis; receipts $60 per day and increasing weekly; owner has changed his plans and wishes to sell; will sacrifice for $3,600. Cash, exchange for income city real estate, or clear farm.
CHARLES W. TURNER,
415 Fourth ave.

BUTTER, EGG AND POULTRY STORE—Located in the East End; complete, up-to-date place; has nice counters, ice boxes, first-class horse and wagon and everything required for the business; three rooms, storeroom and barn; rent $28; doing a business of $125 to $150 a week; can be bought for.....$450
HOWICK-THOMPSON CO.,
616 Times Bldg. 336 Fourth ave.

NEWSPAPER ROUTE—Located in Pittsburgh; handling 1,020 daily papers and 700 Sunday papers. The actual income from this business is $227 a month, expenses only $35, leaving a net profit each month of $192. This route can be bought for.....$1,500
HOWICK-THOMPSON CO.,
616 Times Bldg. 336 Fourth ave.

GROCERY AND PROVISIONS.
If you are in the market and are sincere in your desire to purchase, let me show you a clean-cut, systematized business in the East End district. Sales average $800 to $1000 per week; mostly cash. Store is clearing $5,000 per year. Stock and fixtures will invoice about $4,000. Sell at cost.
CHARLES W. TURNER,
415 Fourth ave.

BUSINESS—We buy and sell all kinds of business everywhere; will organize your business into a corporation or a stock company and sell your stock; we guarantee stocks and bonds; secure partners for established business; we furnish capital to extend business; no schemes entertained; correspondence solicited; all our transactions are strictly confidential.
JOHN R. CAVANAGH & CO.,
308-309 Keystone Bldg., 324 Fourth ave.

BIG MONEY—$10 buys a put or a call on 10,000 bushels of wheat or corn; no further risk; movement of 5c makes you $500. Write for circular. THE NATIONAL COMMISSION COMPANY, 31 Dallmeyer block, Pittsburgh.

MEAT MARKET—In nearby town doing business $400 week. Price $1,800.
CAVANAGH & CO., 431 Fourth ave.

HALF interest or all of Home bakery and grocery store, doing profitable business. Call 7008 Hamilton ave., E. E., city.

FOR SALE—Bottling works with an established trade; have done good business. Apply 839 Banoni ave., Fairmount, W. Va.

WE can sell your business, no matter what it is, or where it is. HOWICK-THOMPSON CO., 336 Fourth ave., office 616 Times building.

FOR SALE—Photograph gallery in good condition, doing good business, with bromide room. Address E 207, The Gazette.

GROCERY STORE—In Allegheny, doing business $25 day; rent $30 mo. Price $550.
CAVANAGH & CO., 431 Fourth ave.

IF YOU WANT to buy or sell any kind of business, see CAVANAGH & CO., 431 Fourth ave.

PHENOMENAL GROWTH!

The Gazette published during the year 1904

245,532 Lines

More of Classified Want and Real Estate Advertising than during the year 1903. This shows the newspaper that is giving returns to the advertiser.

FOR SALE.

Business Opportunities.

HALL-EVANS & CO.,
347-349 FIFTH AVE., ROOM 411.
SALOON—Situated in one of the liveliest and best Ohio towns, 130 miles from Pittsburgh; good stock of liquors and everything necessary to conduct a successful business; rent only $25 a month; doing an average daily business of $15; for a quick sale will accept.....$600

SALOON—In one of the liveliest and best manufacturing towns in Ohio; within easy distance of Pittsburgh; all liquors, bar fixtures, good lease, very low rent; average daily receipts $30; splendid location and no better stand on the market today for.....$2,500

POOL ROOM—The leading stand of its kind in lively manufacturing Pennsylvania town; billiard tables and pool tables in first-class condition; good stock of cigars and tobacco; excellent equipment throughout; this place will clear from $250 to $300 monthly. Owner is in other business and will sell all for.....$2,500

GROCERY—One of the best small corner stands ever offered for sale; good stock, fixtures and everything in first-class condition; rent only $25, with 6 nice living rooms; daily average receipts $30; owner is retiring and will sell all for.....$500

GROCERY STORE—Splendid stock, nice equipment; 5 living rooms; centrally located on good business street in Allegheny; corner stand; does $900 monthly business; an excellent place for money asked.....$900

ROOMING HOUSE—Good Allegheny location; convenient to public library, court house, postoffice and within easy walking distance of the city; 12 rooms completely furnished; rent very moderate; producing a good income. Owner is leaving city and will sacrifice for $250

ROOMING HOUSE—Positively in one of the best locations in Allegheny; convenient to the city and all public points; 8 rooms elegantly furnished; rent only $50; income over $100; owner desires to retire and will sacrifice for $650

RESTAURANT—Positively one of the best paying stands in Pittsburgh today; prominently located on good business street, with very little competition. Owner has made money and is now retiring; splendid equipment, with nicely furnished living rooms that more than pay the rent. This place must be seen to be appreciated; price.....$2,500

We have a number of other stores, rooming houses, restaurants, meat markets, etc., that we are sure will interest you. If you are looking for any good business investment, make us a call and we can locate you satisfactorily.
HALL-EVANS & CO.,
347-349 FIFTH AVE., ROOM 411.

Horses and Vehicles.

HORSES.

WANTED—We want to buy 100 head of all kinds of horses. If you have anything to dispose of bring them here and get the cash.
RIVERSIDE SALES STABLES,
North End Sixth Street Bridge,
Allegheny, Pa.

Household Effects.

LARGE steel gas range, cost $68, will sell for $18; very large mahogany wardrobe, worth $125, will sell for $25; also a large quantity of other household goods, very cheap. 216 East Park way, Allegheny.

Safes.

SAFES bought, sold and exchanged. W. Prager, 110 Market st.

Miscellaneous.

FIREPROOF SAFES, CASH REGISTERS, closing out at half price.
C. W. FRANKLIN, 126 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Fine store fixtures, skirt rack, wax figures, tables, etc. 1008 Fifth ave., city.

MEETINGS.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 6, 1905.
To the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh & Allegheny Telephone Co.:
You are hereby notified that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pittsburgh & Allegheny Telephone Co. will be held at the general offices of the company, P. & A. Telephone Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa., on Monday, January 16, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of fixing the number of directors of the company, and the election of a board of directors for the ensuing year, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
JNO. S. WELLER, Secretary.
By order of the president.

Office of Fifth Avenue Land Company,
October 31, 1904.
SPECIAL NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
The board of directors of this company has called a special meeting of its stockholders to be held at the office of the company, Room No. 1005 Peoples Savings Bank building, corner Fourth ave. and Wood st., Pittsburgh, on the 5th day of January, 1905, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of voting for or against an increase of the capital stock of said company from $37,500 to $50,000.
J. WATSON STUART, Secretary.

Commonwealth Trust Company of Pittsburgh,
Pittsburgh, Pa., January 3, 1905.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the company, 327, 329 and 331 Fourth avenue, on TUESDAY, JANUARY 17, 1905, between the hours of 2 and 5 p. m.
GEORGE D. EDWARDS,
Secretary.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

SALOON—Fine corner saloon in Newark, N. J. License $250 a year; five-year lease and selling 22 halves weekly; good whisky trade; price $1,200. Particulars at Wenzel & Leberts, 800 Broad, Room 528, Newark, N. J.

DO YOU want to buy stock in a good mining proposition in the celebrated Sumpter district, Oregon? Stock still selling at 5 cents; it will pay you. Gold King Mining Co., Dep. E, Box 23, Seattle, Wash.

AUCTION SALES.

Administrator's Auction Sale.

Will be offered at auction by order of the administrator of the estate of Christian H. Wanner, deceased, at No. 239 Fourth avenue (Hostetter building), WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 4, 1905, AT 3:30 P. M.
22 shares Wanner Land Company.
15 shares Colonial Land Company.
JOHN D. BAILEY, Auctioneer.

DETECTIVE AGENCIES.

EMPIRE DETECTIVE AGENCY.
Licensed and Bonded.
ROOM 402, 347 FIFTH AVE.
Bell 'Phone 284 Grant.
Night Call, 1298-R Highland.
GEO. W. MILLER, JR., DIRECTOR.

STEAMSHIP EXCURSIONS.

CLARK'S "ARABIC" CRUISE, Mediterranean-Holy Land, February 2, visiting Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Granada, Algiers, Malta, Athens, Constantinople, Jerusalem, Egypt, etc. Rates from $500, including all expenses. Illustrated program upon application Wm. M. Bell, Times building, Pittsburgh.

PATENTS.

TRUXALL, seller and promoter of patents. 600 German Nat. Bank Bldg., Pittsburgh.

H. C. EVERT & CO., Patent Attorneys, 205 Smithfield st., opposite postoffice.

PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—Cash paid for cast-off clothing. Write J. Wald, 92 Roberts st., Pittsburgh.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

NURSING.

COMPETENT NURSE, now employed, seeks engagements, confinement and general cases. Six years' experience. References. Address N 209, The Gazette.

LEGAL NOTICES.

CERTIFICATE RE-EXTENDING CHARTER.
Treasury Department,
Office of Comptroller of the Currency,
Washington, D. C., Dec. 12, 1904.
Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Farmers Deposit National bank of Pittsburgh, located in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and state of Pennsylvania, has complied with all of the provisions of the act of congress "to enable National banking associations to extend their corporate existence, and for other purposes," approved July 12, 1882, as amended by the act, approved April 12, 1902. Now, therefore, I, William B. Ridgely, comptroller of the currency, do hereby certify that the Farmers Deposit National bank of Pittsburgh, located in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and state of Pennsylvania, is authorized to have succession for the period specified in its amended articles of association, namely: until close of business on December 19, 1924.
[Seal.]
In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office this nineteenth day of December, 1904.
(Signed)
WM. B. RIDGELY,
Comptroller of the Currency.

IN the court of common pleas No. 2, of Allegheny county, Pa. No. —— January term, 1905. Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the said court (or a law judge thereof) on Saturday, the 14th day of January, 1905, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., or as soon thereafter as the matter can be heard, under an act of the general assembly of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the 29th day of April, A. D. 1874, and the amendments thereof and the supplements thereto, by Emil G. Poschmann, William A. Speedy, William M. Baker, Charles Baker, Anthony W. Clover, David H. Parker, James M. Reid, Joshua Davis, Thomas Dunlevy and William Poschmann, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called the "Rankin Turn Verein" of Rankin, Pa., the character and object of which is for the purpose of the improvement of its members in those physical and mental exercises and manly sport essential to the enjoyment of health and sound mind, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by said act of assembly and the amendments thereof and supplements thereto. Francis S. Bennett, solicitor.

IN the court of common pleas No. 3 of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. Charles A. Wood vs. Mary A. Wood. No. 506 February term, 1904. Libel in divorce. To Mary A. Wood, respondent in the above entitled case. You are hereby notified that I have been appointed by the court master in the above entitled case, to take testimony and report the same to the court, together with my opinion thereon, and that the testimony in the said case will be taken before me at my office, No. 61 St. Nicholas building, corner of Grant st. and Fourth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., on Saturday, the 21st day of January, A. D. 1905, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of the said day, when and where you may attend if you see fit. George M. Newmyer, Master.

STATE of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: In the court of common pleas No. 1, No. 680 June term, 1904. Maud Guthrie Small, by her next friend, etc., vs. Harry B. Small, libel in divorce a vinculo matrimonii. To Harry B. Small, respondent: The subpoena and alias subpoena in the above case having been returned non est inventus, you are hereby notified and required to appear in said court of common pleas No. 1, on the first Monday of March, A. D. 1905, to answer the petition and libel filed in said case. James W. Dickson, Sheriff.

DUNN & MOORHEAD, Attorneys-at-Law, No. 121 Bakewell Law building, Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters of administration, C. T. A., on the estate of W. W. Wall, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Land Trust Co., administrator, C. T. A., No. 316 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

C. J. WEITERSHAUSEN, Notary, No. 717 East Ohio street, Allegheny, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Ellen Roten, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Christ Roten, administrator, No. 623 Shawnee street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

A. M. LEE, Attorney-at-Law, St. Nicholas Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Isabella McFarland, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make known without delay. John D. McFarland, Administrator, Carnegie Postoffice, Allegheny County, Pa.

JOHN A. BLAIR, Attorney-at-Law, No. 622 Bakewell Law building, Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Martha E. Critchfield, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. G. Newton Chalfant, executor, No. 402 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

T. C. NOBLE, attorney-at-law, 437 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh. Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Jessie Gardner, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. W. L. Gardner, Administrator, 40 Kenwood Avenue, Allegheny.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Edward M. Heyl, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Wm. A. Heyl, administrator, No. 905 Liberty ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

ESTATE of Gustave Rudat, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased. Notice is hereby given that letters of administration cum testamento annexo, upon the estate of said decedent have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay to The Equitable Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Administrator C. T. A., 500 Smithfield st.

NOTICE—To whom it may concern: I hereby give notice of the loss of certificate No. 174 in name of the undersigned, for six shares capital stock of the Chartiers Railway Company, and my intention to apply at once to the company for the issue of a duplicate of said certificate. Robert Davis, 637 Liberty ave., city.

DANCING ACADEMY.

BRAUN'S PRIVATE SCHOOL OF DANCING, the Auditorium, 209 South Highland ave. Opening second term. Beginners Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Advanced class Saturday evening 8 o'clock. Juvenile Saturday afternoon from 2 to 4:30 o'clock. Director, W. P. Braun, president International Association Masters of Dancing. Bell 'phone 9065 Highland.

NEW TERM OF DANCING SCHOOL.

The M. Thomas Academy, 306-310 Fifth ave. Opening for beginners Tuesday, January 3, 1905. Society class every Thursday evening. Opening for second term children Saturday afternoon. Call, write or telephone P. & A. 2025 Main. Bell 0459 J Court.

M'DOUGALL'S Dancing Academy, 27 Federal, Allegheny. Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Saturdays. 10 lessons $3. Children Saturday 3 p. m. Private lessons any afternoon or evening. $1.

LOST.

LOST—A gold watch, shell shape, without crystal, with a watch pin, on Monday, January 2, between new Alvin theater entrance and James st., Allegheny, or on Fifth car between said places, between 5 and 5:30 p. m. Finder will be rewarded. G. B. Hacke, 615 E. Ohio st., Allegheny.

LOST—On Sunday, between Boquet and Halket, by way of Forbes st., coral necklace. Please return to room 31, court house, and receive reward.

LOST—Monday evening, small gold watch, coin fob, chain attached. M. J., engraved on case. Reward if returned to 7410 Pennsylvania ave., Allegheny.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Did the Holidays Take Your Cash?

If the holidays were as hard on your pocketbook as they were on most pocketbooks you may need money to help you out. We will loan you any amount at 6 per cent, the lowest rate in Allegheny county. Diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, furs, clothing, etc., accepted as security. Our fireproof vaults are protected from burglars by electricity.

Six Per Cent
Market Street Loan Office,
214 Market Street,
Near Third Avenue.
CAPITAL $250,000.00.

MONEY LOANED salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses, without security; easy payments; largest business in 43 principal cities. Tolman, 406 Smith block.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums to suit on household furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; also on good collateral security; easy payments; confidential.
J. Q. H. SMITH, 413 Fourth ave.

BARRELS OF CHEAP MONEY TO LOAN.
JOHN K. EWING & CO., 248 Fourth ave.

A SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT NOT MORE SECURE THAN THE OLD RELIABLE LOAN OFFICE.
Easy Terms. Improved Plan. Rates
6% SIX PER CENT 6%
(No extra charges.)
We loan on DIAMONDS, WATCHES, etc.
Call or write for free booklet.
JOS. DE ROY & SONS,
307 Smithfield St.
DIRECTLY OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE
Same location half a century.

BANK STATEMENT.

STATEMENT OF THE
BIRMINGHAM FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

1812 Carson street, Pittsburgh, South Side, Pa., for the year ending, December 31, 1904.

ASSETS.

Bonds, mortgages	$230,720 00
Real estate	30,542 70
Cash in office	1,979 29
Cash in banks	26,224 41
Interest due and accrued	6,245 54
Premiums in course of collection	8,591 90
Unpaid rent	346 00
Other property of the company	1,909 54
	$303,559 38

LIABILITIES.

Reinsurance reserve	$32,631 51
Unpaid losses	2,000 00
Unpaid bills	196 40
Unpaid dividends	506 50
	$35,334 41
Capital	200,000 00
Surplus	127,165 97
	$362,550 38

RECEIPTS.

Premiums	$34,636 99
Less reinsurance	2,106 35
	$32,530 64
Interest	18,088 70
Rents	628 50
	$ 51,247 84

DISBURSEMENTS.

Losses	$15,071 75
Expenses	9,927 68
Commissions	3,969 12
Dividends	18,000 00
	$ 46,968 79

E. C. SCHOLZE, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, South Side, January 2, 1905.

DIVIDENDS.

Office of the Allegheny Bridge Company,
Sixth street and Duquesne way,
Pittsburgh, Pa., January 2, 1905.
DIVIDEND—The president, managers and company for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river opposite Pittsburgh, have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS ($1.75) on each share of the capital stock of the company, full paid, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives forthwith. Checks will be mailed.
W. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.

Union National Bank,
Pittsburgh, December 31, 1904.
REGULAR AND EXTRA DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this bank has this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of TEN (10) PER CENT on the capital stock. In addition to the above, a "FORTIETH ANNIVERSARY SPECIAL DIVIDEND" OF TEN (10) PER CENT on the capital stock has been declared. Both dividends payable forthwith, free of tax. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.
C. F. DEAN, Cashier.

The German Fire Insurance Company of the City of Pittsburgh, Pa.
Nos. 216 and 218 Fourth ave.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., January 3, 1905.
DIVIDEND NO. 82.—The board of directors of this company has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT ($2.50) per share out of the earnings of the last six months, payable January 9th inst. Checks will be mailed.
A. H. ECKERT,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Office of the Birmingham Fire Insurance Company, 1812 Carson street,
Pittsburgh, Pa., January 2, 1905.
DIVIDEND No. 64—The directors of this company have this day declared a dividend of FOUR AND ONE-HALF (4½) PER CENT at two dollars and thirty-five cents per share out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on demand.
E. C. SCHOLZE, Secretary.

GERMAN SAVINGS & DEPOSIT BANK,
Carson & South 14th Sts.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 31st, 1904.
QUARTERLY DIVIDEND—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of five (5) per cent out of the earnings of the last three months payable January 3rd, 1905 free of tax.
J. F. ERNY, Cashier.

Farmers Deposit National Bank,
Pittsburgh, Pa., December 12, 1904.
THE annual meeting of the shareholders for the election of directors of this bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking room, Fifth avenue and Wood street, on Tuesday, January 10, 1905, between the hours of 11:30 a. m. and 12:30 p. m.
J. W. FLEMING, Cashier.

Western Savings and Deposit Bank,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 19, 1904.
QUARTERLY DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of two and one-half (2½) per cent on the capital stock, out of the earnings of the past three months, free of tax, payable January 2, 1905. Checks will be mailed.
CHARLES E. SCHUETZ, Cashier.

The Guarantee Title & Trust Company,
223 Fourth Ave.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 27, 1904.
DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this company have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF (1½) PER CENT, payable January 2, 1905, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 31, 1904. Checks will be mailed.
FRANK L. PHILLIPS, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS—The directors of the W. M. Laird Company have declared the regular semi-annual dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT, payable January 1, 1905, to stockholders of record December 31, 1904. Checks will be mailed.
W. M. LAIRD, President.

Ohio Valley Bank of Allegheny,
Allegheny, Pa., Dec. 31, 1904.
DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT on the capital stock out of the earnings of past six months, payable January 10, 1905, to stockholders of record this date. Checks will be mailed.
F. B. REYNOLDS, Cashier.

Standard Underground Cable Co.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 30, 1904.
DIVIDEND—The board of

NEW YEAR BEGAN WITH BULLISH STOCK MARKETS

London Was Higher and Nearly Everything in Wall Street Closed at Net Gains—Crucible Steel Preferred Sold at 60.

By JOHN O. BAGLIN, Financial Editor.

The new year began with bullish stock markets at home and abroad. In favor of the bulls were two important developments. The first was the fall of Port Arthur, which was immediately followed by an advance of ¼ per cent in English consols, by 1@2 per cent advance in Japanese bonds in the London market, and by a decline in Russian bonds in continental markets. The strength of London's initial quotations was responsible for the strong opening in Wall street, where nearly everything on the list was from ½ to 1 per cent higher. Shortly after the opening the announcement came from Philadelphia that the United States court of appeals had handed down the long-looked-for decision in the Northern Securities case, reversing the lower court and favoring the Hill-Morgan plan for the distribution of the assets of the company. This announcement was followed by a strong rally in all the western and northwestern stocks. That this advance was largely due to support and manipulation was apparent from the fact that the Harriman stocks led the movement. One prominent commission house bought between 25,000 and 30,000 shares of Union Pacific, advancing the price to 116½, or within ½ per cent of the high mark of last year. Southern Pacific was also strong and higher. The decision was against the Harriman interest, and how it could be construed as bullish on the Harriman stocks—except that it removed a long-standing threat from the market—is more than the ordinary observer could understand. St. Paul was another notably strong stock, advancing from 172 to 173¼. The movement in these leaders helped the entire list, which scored considerable gains.

A rather sharp reaction occurred about midday on the announcement that the Harriman interests would carry the Northern Securities appeal to the supreme court. The whole market sold off with the exception of Erie common and New York Central. The strength of Erie was subsequently explained by the report that this property was being acquired by the Harriman interests for the purpose of using it as an eastern outlet for a new transcontinental system. There was also a rumor that the same interests had acquired practical control of New York Central, and would obtain a representation on the board in the near future, Mr. Vanderbilt possibly retiring and Mr. Harriman taking his place. This is a rumor that was used to some effect late in the old year. Whether it should prove true or false, it was again effective yesterday, and in the closing hour the whole market displayed great strength. The midday losses were not only recovered, but prices improved upon the highest quoted during the morning, and closed at the highest of the day.

The two important events noted and the action of the leaders of the market entirely neutralized the efforts of Mr. Lawson, who was out in another large advertisement regarding the "system," and who was credited with making some extremely foolish observations in a supplementary statement issued over the news tickers. Amalgamated Copper opened a point higher at 72, sold off to 70⅞, and in the late dealings rallied to 74¾, closing at a net gain of 3 per cent. The course of United States Steel stocks was somewhat similar, advancing during the morning, selling off around the middle part of the session, and then making a strong rally in the final dealings. Pacific Mail turned 4 points and held the gain at the close. A feature of the dealings in the general market was the comparative scarcity of stocks and the ease with which prices advanced.

The money market was a little firmer for both call and time loans, but eased off at the close of the day. There were no positive engagements of gold, but it is probable that some shipments will be made tomorrow.

Crucible Steel was the active feature of the local market, and both common and preferred advanced to the highest prices for more than a year. The preferred touched 60 and the final sale was at 59⅝. The common rallied to 11¾ and closed at 11⅝. Pittsburgh Coal common closed a fraction higher and the preferred a fraction lower, while River Coal preferred was strong, advancing to and closing at 31. Pittsburgh Brewing common rallied to 28, the highest for months, while National Fire Proofing preferred and the natural gas stocks were fractionally higher. Allegheny Valley Railway preferred was strong, advancing to and closing a 33, a net gain of 1⅝ for the day. The Westinghouse stocks were dull, Electric declining to 90½ on light sales. The market closed steady to strong.

PITTSBURGH STOCKS.

Sales on the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

10:00 A. M. to 10:30 A. M.

100 Ally. Val. pfd. 31⅞ | 50 do. 31⅞ | 100 do. 3.20 | 100 U. S. Sti. com. 30⅜ | 50 do. 30⅞ | 25 Crucible com. 11¾ | 25 do. 11⅝ | 50 do. 11⅝ | 20 do. 11⅞ | 20 do. 11¾ | 100 do. 11¾ | 2 W. Airbrake. 148 | 50 Con. Ice com. 9 | 20 Brewing com. 27½ | 100 Tonopah Ext. 3.10

10:30 A. M. to 11:00 A. M.

10 Brewing com. 27½ | 20 do. 27½ | 40 Ally. Val. pfd. 31½ | 10 Crucible com. 11¾ | 25 do. 11⅞ | 50 do. 11⅝ | 20 do. 11⅝ | 40 do. 11¾ | 5 U. S. Sti. com. 30¼ | 50 Crucible pfd. 58 | 100 do. 58⅛ | 30 F. Proof pfd. 34⅝

11:00 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.

10 P. Coal pfd. 83⅜ | 5 do. 83⅞ | 2 do. 83 | 10 Pgh. Trust. 105 | 20 F. Proof pfd. 34⅝ | 10 do. 34½ | 10 do. 34¾ | 15 Fidelity T. & T. 406 | 10 do. 500 | 500 Tonopah Ext. 3.16 | 30 Brewing com. 27½ | 50 do. 27⅝ | 5 do. 27¾ | 100 do. 27⅝ | 10 do. 27⅞ | 10 do. 27⅝ | 10 do. 27⅞ | 25 do. 27⅞ | 10 do. 27⅝ | 25 do. 27⅝ | 5 do. 27⅝ | $ 9000 P., McK. & C. 5s. *100 | $ 4000 do. *100 | $ 1000 do. *100 | $1000 do. *100 | 20 F. Proof com. 11⅝ | 50 do. 11⅞ | 50 M. L. & H. 30¼ | 5 do. 29½

12:30 P. M. to 2:00 P. M.

50 Crucible pfd. 59¾ | 50 do. 59⅝ | 5 do. 59½ | 100 do. 60 | 25 do. 60⅛ | 100 Riv. Coal pfd. 30½ | 50 do. 30½ | 10 do. 30½ | 25 do. 30⅝ | 50 Brewing com. 27¾ | 10 do. 27¾ | 90 do. 27⅞ | 2 Brewing com. 28 | 20 do. 27⅞ | 100 U. S. Sti. com. 30 | 10 do. 30⅜ | 25 P. Coal com. 23¾ | 25 do. 23¼ | 25 do. 23¼ | 25 do. 23¼ | 10 Con. Ice com. 9¼ | 100 Tonopah Ext. 3.00

2:00 P. M. to 2:30 P. M.

50 Riv. Coal pfd. 30⅝ | 40 do. 31 | 25 Crucible pfd. 59⅞ | 50 do. 60 | 10 U. S. Sti. com. 30 | 100 do. 30¼ | 200 Crucible com. 11⅝ | 10 do. 11⅝ | 25 Brewing com. 27¾ | 75 do. 27⅞ | 100 do. 27⅝ | 25 F. Proof com. 11½ | 10 U. S. Sti. pfd. 93¼

2:30 P. M. to 3:00 P. M.

50 Crucible com. 11⅝ | 100 Brewing com. 28 | 15 do. 27¼ | 100 Tonopah Ext. 3.10 | 100 do. 3.12 | 100 do. 3.13 | 50 Electric 2nds. 90½ | 10 Colonial Tr. 376 | 100 Adv. Coal pfd. 90⅞ | $2000 Duq. Tr. 5s. 113¼

*Ex-coupon.

Summary.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Chge.
596	A. V. pfd.	33	31½	33	+1⅝
897	Brewing	28	27½	27¾	+¾
60	Consol. Ice	9½	9	9¼	+⅛
1737	Crucible Steel	*11⅞	11¼	11⅝	+½
1305	Do preferred	60	*57⅜	59⅝	+2⅛
1200	Fire Proofing	11½	11½	11½	0
110	Do preferred	34½	34⅜	34½	+⅛
115	M. L. & H.	30½	30½	30½	+¼
135	Pgh. Coal	23¾	23¼	23¾	+⅛
22	Do preferred	*83⅞	*83	*83	−1
70	P. Oil & Gas	75¼	75½	75½	0
350	River Coal pfd.	31	30¼	31	+¾
2700	Tonopah Ext.	3.25	3.00	3.13	+.13
425	U. S. Steel	30½	30	30½	+⅞
60	Do preferred	93⅝	92¾	93⅝	+⅞
17	W. Airbrake	148	148	148	0
60	W. Elec. 2ds	91	90½	90½	−¾
	BANK STOCKS.				
10	Colonial Trust	375	375	375	−5
25	Fidel. T. & T.	500	496	500	+4
10	Pgh. Trust	465	465	465	−6
$824					
	BONDS.				
$8000	Duq. Trac. 5s	113¼	113¼	113¼	−¾
21000	Pgh., McK. & C. 5s	†100	†100	†100	−2⅝
$29000					

*Less than 10 shares. †New high mark. ‡Ex-coupon.

Closing Bids and Offers.

BANK STOCKS.	Par.	Bid.	Ask.
Arsenal Bank	50	145	....
Allegheny National, Pittsb'gh	50	127	....
Bank of Pittsburgh	50	165	....
Commonwealth Trust	100	200	210
Diamond National	100	400	427
Exchange National	50	....	90
Equitable Trust	100	170	....
Federal National	100	198	200
Fourth National, Pittsburgh	100	....	159
Fifth Avenue Bank	50	74½	....
Fort Pitt National	100	230	240
German National Bank	100	....	200
Iron City Trust	100	137	140
Keystone	100	....	150
Marine National	100	....	165
Metropolitan National	100	....	190
Monongahela National	100	....	204
Third National, Pittsburgh	100	....	165
Traders and Mechanics	50	70	....
INSURANCE.			
German Insurance	50	75	....
Teutonic Insurance	50	97	....
Western Insurance	50	51	....
MISCELLANEOUS.			
American Sewer Pipe	100	26¾	27¾
Alleg. Valley R. R. pfd.	50	32½	34
Consolidated Ice	50	8	9½
Crucible Steel	100	11¾	11⅝
Do preferred	100	59¾	60⅞
Luster Mining	10	12	....
Manufacturers Light & Heat	50	39¼	39⅝
Monongahela Incline Plane	50	62	....
Monongahela River Coal	50	16	12
Do preferred	50	30½	30⅝
National Fire Proofing	50	11⅜	11¾
Do preferred	50	34	34⅝
Ohio Fuel Supply	25	42	....
Pittsburgh Oil and Gas	100	75½	....
Philadelphia Company	50	41¾	41½
Pittsburgh Brewing	50	27⅜	27¾
Do preferred	50	46¼	....
Pittsburgh Coal	100	23¼	....
Do preferred	100	83¼	83⅜
Pittsburgh Plate Glass	100	127	....
Tonopah Mining Extension	1	3.12	....
United States Glass	100	54	....
United States Steel	100	30½	30⅝
Do preferred	100	92¾	....
Westinghouse Electric	50	90¾	....
Westinghouse Airbrake	50	144	148
BONDS.			
American Sewer Pipe 6s	....	100	....
Harbison-Walker Refract. 6s	....	100	....
Monongahela L. & P. 5s	....	100	....
Monongahela River Coal 6s	....	111¾	....
Pgh., McK. & Conn. 1st 5s	....	100	100¼
Pittsburgh Brewing 6s	....	114½	114

PIG IRON.

The following quotations were made on warrants of the American Pig Iron Storage Warrant Company:

Class.	Bid.	Asked.
A—March delivery	$18.10	$18.25
B—March delivery	17.60	17.85
D—March delivery	17.35	17.70
A—January delivery	18.10	18.20
A—February delivery	18.10	18.25
D—January delivery	17.60	17.75

NOTES AND COMMENT.

W. W. McCandless, manager of the Pittsburgh clearing house, yesterday sent his annual report to the members of the association. The total assessed business for 1904 amounted to $2,470,722,263 09, a decrease in round numbers of $267,751,000 compared with 1903. The total business of the Melion National, which retains its leading position reached in 1903, fell off $64,400,000, while the Farmers Deposit National, which ranks second, fell off $89,500,000. The First National, which ranks third, decreased only $8,300,000, while the Second National increased $10,200,000. The largest increase was by the Bank of Pittsburgh, which has moved up into fifth place with an increase of $172,189,000, as compared with 1903. This increase, of course, was partly due to the absorption of the M. and M. National and Iron City National banks. The Columbia National, which has moved into sixth place, transacted $63,000,000 more clearing house business than in 1903. The Diamond National has moved up eight points during the year, the Third National five, the Commercial National four points, and the Union National three points. Following shows the total volume of business handled by each member of the clearing house during 1904, and the rank of each member in the clearing house, which is determined by the amount of business:

	Rank 1903.	Rank 1904.	Total Business
Bank of Pgh. N. A.	10	5	$237,088,113 87
Exchange National	16	12	59,780,508 27
Allegheny National	12	13	59,082,382 58
First Nat'l, Pgh.	3	3	277,372,787 24
Second Nat'l, Pgh.	4	4	245,617,491 80
Third Nat'l, Pgh.	24	19	15,310,760 64
Farmers Dep. Nat'l	2	2	283,776,027 52
Union Nat'l	15	18	45,390,98 87
People Nat'l	8	7	117,752,760 44
German Nat'l	8	8	51,021,179 52
First Nat'l, Ally.	25	20	10,714,050 51
N. Holmes & Sons	17	17	44,289,298 87
*Tradesmen Nat'l	21	21	6,036,402 74
Diamond Nat'l	22	14	53,156,093 55
Duquesne Nat'l	18	9	68,838,021 45
Monon. Nat'l	9	10	98,301,140 13
Columbia Nat'l	7	6	200,144,682 42
Nat. Bk. of W. Pa.	11	11	62,736,935 10
Commercial Nat'l	19	15	47,014,678 44
Ft. Pitt Nat'l	14	16	45,744,447 78
Mellon Nat'l	1	1	373,706,418 42

*Withdrew May 20, 1904.

Assessed business, $2,470,722,263 09.

The total business for 1903 was $2,738,473,869 70.

A member of a prominent local investment house remarked yesterday: "I spent a great deal of the holiday yesterday in reading the annual reviews and trade outlook printed in the papers, and when I got through I began to wonder whether it was possible that a conspiracy existed to give only the bright side of the situation. Then I tried to recall something that might have been overlooked by the reviewers which was so favorable as that presented. But for the life of me I could not discover anything in the outlook to discourage business men or investors. I do not recall a period when everything looked so favorable. If the stock market should receive a severe setback it will come only through the introduction of some factor lying beneath the surface. One does not know in which direction to look for the unexpected. It might possibly come, however, from the final settlement of the terms of peace between Russia and Japan, which would upset the European markets and have a reflex effect here, but there does not seem to be anything in domestic conditions that would cause any one to hesitate."

The annual election for officers and directors of the Pittsburgh stock exchange was held yesterday and resulted as follows, there being no opposition: President, Vice president and treasurer: President, C. A. Painter; vice president, Harry A. Marlin; treasurer, John B. Barbour, Jr.; directors, Chester T. Hoag, A. E. Masten, James Kirkwood; arbitration committee, M. D. Ullery, W. H. Campbell, John D. Bailey, A. M. Speer, Jr., S. B. Evans.

The Allegheny Bridge Company has declared a dividend of $1 75 a share.

The first business day of the new year at the Pittsburgh clearing house showed an increase of $2,133,000 over the same day a year ago.

Sales of Westinghouse Electric seconds on the New York stock exchange in 1904 were 207,450 shares, the price having been 154@165, and the closing 180. On the Pittsburgh exchange the sales were less than 100,000 shares.

The Peoples National Bank of Economy, with a capital of $50,000, opened for business yesterday. Its officers are E. G. Barker, president, and J. Sharon McDonald, cashier. Directors, F. G. Barker, president Beaver County Trust Company, New Brighton, Pa.; Agnew Rice, attorney-at-law, Beaver, Pa.; James E. Glass, president Treasury Trust Company, Pittsburgh, Pa.; J. F. Mitchell, secretary and treasurer Penn Bridge Company, Beaver Falls, Pa.; C. L. McDonald, general contractor, Woodlawn, Pa.

The advance in Allegheny Valley preferred to the highest price in more than two years is thought to foreshadow a deal whereby the Pennsylvania railroad will acquire the small amount of stock remaining outside its treasury.

The Allemannia Fire Insurance Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of $2 a share, payable forthwith.

"The Financial Calendar" is something unique, being a reference work designed to forecast financial events. It will answer a thousand questions during the coming year relating to the dates of annual meetings, dividend declarations, the opening and closing of transfer books. A glance at any date on the calendar shows what events are regularly scheduled for that date. An alphabetical index embraces the names of the stock of every corporation quoted in the leading markets of the country, reference to which will show the dates for regular meetings of all kinds, as well as the outstanding capital, rates of dividends, etc. It will certainly prove to be the most useful calendar ever hung up in a bank or brokerage office. It is issued by the Financial Calendar Publishing Company, 1120 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

An Associated Press dispatch says, commenting upon the periods of dullness in the New York stock market yesterday: "There was some disposition to attribute this to the resumption of the campaign by published advertisement against the prices of stocks. The conjecture of events shown by the putting out of these fresh advertisements and that the market did come to something like a halt constitutes the force of this argument. There was not in fact any very palpable evidence of the dire effects threatened for the market by this manifesto's proclamation. But it is not improbable that there was some effect of the occurrence of such events which had its part in deterring operators from active dealings. The action of the Berlin market yesterday and of the London market this morning had given some intimation of what was to be expected as the effect of the fall for unsettlement of financial sentiment, and the London market showed some positive encouragement, which was due to an assumption that the reduction of the fortress would tend to hasten the end of the war.

The speculative public has been educated to a belief that huge railroad projects had been formed which were only waiting for the Northern Securities decision in order to take effect and practically change the railroad map of the country by new combinations and absorptions designed to effect the purposes of the Northern Securities merger. In other ways it has been assumed that the refusal to continue the injunction would have the effect of permitting an immediate distribution of the company's assets and would thus precipitate the supposed alternative projects immediately. It was promptly learned yesterday, however, that the delay in delivering the mandate of the court and the stay on the appeal which was determined upon would prolong the litigation indefinitely.

FEATURES OF THE DAY

IN PITTSBURGH.

Bank exchanges increased $2,132,000 over the same day last year.

Crucible Steel preferred sold at 60 and the common at 11¾, the highest for more than a year.

Allegheny Valley preferred sold at 33, the highest for more than two years.

River Coal preferred the strongest of its group, advancing to 31.

Brewing, Fire Proofing and natural gas stocks closed firmer.

IN WALL STREET.

The new year opened with a small boom in the stock market.

The fall of Port Arthur and the Northern Securities decision the bullish factors.

Union Pacific rallied to within a fraction of its recent high mark.

Amalgamated Copper and United States Steel stocks closed strong at top prices.

Total sales foot up 807,100 shares stock and $6,020,000 bonds.

COMPLETE RECORD OF THE NEW YORK STOCKS

Daily range of prices reported by Messrs. Henry Sproul & Co., Peoples Savings Bank building, members of New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Chicago stock exchanges and Chicago board of trade:

STOCKS. Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
ACTIVE LIST.				
10000 A., T. & S. F.	88½	88½	87½	88½
1200 Do preferred	101⅝	101⅞	101⅜	101⅝
100 Am. Cot. Oil	30½	30½	30¼	30
Do preferred	....	....	....	94
8800 Am. Sugar Ref.	142⅝	143½	142	143⅛
Do preferred	130	133½	130	132
2000 Am. Loco	35	35⅜	34¾	35⅜
Do preferred	....	....	....	102
1000 Am. Car Fdy.	34	34½	34	34⅜
700 Do preferred	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
78400 Amal. Copper	72	74¾	72¾	74
700 Anaconda Copper	100½	100½	100	100½
4900 Am. S. & Ref.	83½	85⅜	83½	85⅛
100 Do preferred	....	....	....	117
900 Am. Ice	6⅝	6⅝	6½	6¾
Do preferred	....	....	....	30
40100 B. & O.	105⅞	106	105	105⅝
Do preferred	....	....	....	93
8000 Brklyn. Rap. Tr.	61⅜	61⅞	61	61⅝
4000 Can. Pacific	153½	153⅞	152½	153⅜
13500 Chi. & Or. W.	28⅝	29⅜	28⅛	29⅛
21000 Con. Gas	199½	199⅞	197½	198
1000 Ches. & Ohio	48⅜	48⅝	48	48⅜
900 Chi. & Alton	34	34	33½	33⅝
200 Do preferred	82½	83	82½	82½
2800 Chi. & N. W.	204⅜	204⅜	200½	201⅜
7200 Colo. F. & I.	47	47⅞	46½	47⅜
200 Corn Product	20¼	21⅛	20¼	21⅛
200 Do preferred	78	78	78	77½
200 Colo. So.	23⅜	23⅝	23⅜	23⅝
500 Do 1st pref.	61½	62½	61½	62½
Do 2nd pref.	....	....	....	47
700 Del. & Hud.	183½	186	183½	186
54700 Erie	37⅛	38¼	37⅛	38⅛
5400 Do 1st pref.	76¾	77⅜	76¾	77⅜
2400 Do 2d pref.	58⅜	59	58⅜	58⅝
600 Gen. Electric	157	157⅝	157	157
200 Hock. Valley	90½	90½	90½	90½
100 Do preferred	97½	97½	97½	97½
2000 Illinois Central	134½	135¾	134½	135¾
200 Iowa Central	29½	30⅜	29½	30⅜
200 Do preferred	70	70	70	70
800 Int. Paper	22¾	23⅜	22¾	23⅜
400 Do preferred	77⅜	77⅜	77⅜	77⅜
2800 L. & N.	140⅜	141⅜	139½	141
1900 Manhattan	165	165½	165	165½
7100 Mo. Pacific	107⅞	108⅜	107⅜	108⅛
200 M. K. & T.	35⅞	36⅛	35⅞	36⅛
2500 Do preferred	73	73	73	73
4500 Metropolitan	123½	124⅜	120	120½
1700 Do Securities	79	79⅜	78	78⅜
3400 Mexican Central	23⅜	23⅝	23⅛	23⅜
Nat. Lead	....	....	....	46
Do preferred	....	....	....	107
Nat. Biscuit	....	....	....	53½
Do preferred	....	....	....	120
*N. Y. Airbrake	157	158	157	157
2100 N. Y. Central	140⅝	141⅜	140⅛	141⅜
N. Y. Central rights	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1300 N. Y. Air Brake	41	41	41	41⅜
2500 Norfolk & West	50⅝	50⅞	50⅝	50⅞
Do preferred	....	....	....	92
600 North Amer. Co.	102	102	101½	101⅝
1700 Peoples Gas	107⅝	107⅝	107	107⅜
7900 Pacific Mail	45	47	45	47
100 Pullman	207	207	207	207
Pressed Steel Car	....	....	....	45
100 Do preferred	89½	89½	89½	89½
44000 Penn. R. R.	128⅝	129⅜	128⅜	129⅛
P., C., C. & St. L.	....	....	....	110
Do preferred	....	....	....	105
Railway Springs	33	33	33	33
Do preferred	94	94	94	94
26200 Reading	50	50⅝	49⅞	50⅜
700 Do 1st pref.	83	83	82½	82½
600 Do 2d pref.	53	53	53	54½
22500 Rock Island	24⅝	25⅛	24⅝	25⅛
200 Do preferred	64	64	64	64
700 Republic Iron	17⅜	17⅝	17⅜	17⅝
500 Do preferred	71⅜	71⅝	71⅜	71⅝
52700 Southern Pacific	64⅜	65⅛	64⅜	65⅛
8400 Southern Railway	23⅝	24	23⅝	24
200 Do preferred	97	97	97	97
29400 St. Paul	173⅜	174⅜	172⅝	173⅝
Do preferred	185	185	185	184
St. L. & S. W.	....	....	....	27
1500 Do preferred	57½	58¼	57½	58¼
2900 Tenn. Coal & Iron	71⅜	71⅝	71⅜	71⅝
200 Trans-Mo. Pacific	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜
100 T., St. L. & W.	24	24	24	24
200 Do preferred	54	54	54	54
54200 U. S. Steel	30⅜	30⅝	30⅛	30⅜
69000 Do preferred	93⅝	93⅝	93⅜	93⅝
Do 2d 5s bonds	102	102	102	102
211200 Union Pacific	114⅛	116½	114⅛	116⅛
200 Do preferred	97½	97½	97½	97½
100 U. S. Rubber	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜
2100 U. S. Leather	13⅝	14	13⅝	13⅞
5400 Do preferred	79⅝	80	79⅝	80
U. S. C. I. Pipe	20	20	19½	19½
Do preferred	70	70	70	70
12.0 Wabash	23⅝	24	23⅝	24
800 Do preferred	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝
2900 W. U. Telegraph	91	91	90½	90½
500 W. & L. E.	19	19	19	19
Do 1st pref.	....	....	....	80
Do 2d pref.	....	....	....	20
600 Wheeling Con.	22⅝	23	22⅝	23
200 Do preferred	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝
100 Wis. Central pfd.	80	80	80	80
2900 Va. Car. Chem.	37⅝	38⅜	37⅝	38⅜
400 Do preferred	108	108	108	108
Am. Hide & L.	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜
Do preferred	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝

*Ex-dividend.

INACTIVE LIST.

STOCKS. Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
800 Am. Steel Fdry.	....	14	14	14
600 Do preferred	....	54¾	54	53⅝

STOCKS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
500 Allis Chalmers	....	....	....	12
1500 Am. Gr. & Twine	....	....	....	31
200 Am. Hide & L.	....	....	....	20
1200 Do preferred	....	....	....	65
100 Am. Malt	....	....	....	6
200 Am. Woolen	....	....	....	29
1400 Am. Tob. pf. cfs	....	....	....	90
1200 Chi. Union Tr.	....	....	....	10
100 Do preferred	....	....	....	40
1400 Chi. Tel. Tr.	....	....	....	12
400 Do preferred	....	....	....	31
200 Chic. Pneumatic	....	....	....	20
200 Do preferred	....	....	....	80
500 Cincinnati Tel.	....	....	....	90
900 D. & R. G. pf.	....	....	....	87
100 Detroit United	....	....	....	75
500 Detroit So. Ry.	....	....	....	7
400 Do preferred	....	....	....	28
400 D. S. S. & A.	....	....	....	4
400 Do preferred	....	....	....	20
200 Iowa Central	....	....	....	30
100 Do preferred	....	....	....	70
100 Int. Paper pf.	....	....	....	70
300 K. C. & So.	....	....	....	28
200 Do preferred	....	....	....	70
600 K. C. Ft. S. & M.	....	....	....	24
200 M. S. P. & S. S. M.	....	....	....	108
1200 Met. Securities	....	....	....	73
200 M. K. & T.	....	....	....	35
200 M. K. & T.	....	....	....	73
200 N. Y. Airbrake	....	....	....	157
300 Do 2d pref.	....	....	....	41
200 Pac. Coast Co.	....	....	....	51
300 Do 1st pref.	....	....	....	93
300 Do 2d pref.	....	....	....	65
200 Rubber Goods	....	....	....	27
200 Stand. R. & T.	....	....	....	95
200 Shaw	....	....	....	5
200 Twin City	....	....	....	96
100 Union Bag & P.	....	....	....	95
100 Do preferred	....	....	....	104
400 Va. Car. Chem.	....	....	....	38
300 Do preferred	....	....	....	108
W. U. 5s	....	....	....	107
W. U. 5s reg.	....	....	....	107
Do U. S. C. I. Pipe	....	....	....	20
1300 Do preferred	....	....	....	70

Total sales this day, 807,100 shares.

NEW YORK CLOSING BONDS.

U. S. reg. 2s, reg.	Mo. K. & T. 4s	Reading gen. 4s	Wis. Central 4s
Do coupon	Mo. K. & T. 2ds	St. L. & I. M. gen. 5s	Ex-dividend.
U. S. 3s, reg.	N. J. Central gen. 5s	St. L. & S. F. gen. 6s	
Do coupon	N. Y. Central 3½s	St. L. S. W. 1st 4s	
U. S. new 4s, reg.	N. Y. C. & St. L. 4s	St. L. S. W. 2d 4s	
Do coupon	N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st 4s	Seaboard Air Line 4s	
U. S. old 4s, reg.	N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d 4s	Southern Pac. 4s	
Do coupon	N. Y. Chi. & St. L. 4s	Southern Ry. 5s	
U. S. 5s, reg.	N. Y. Ont. & W. 4s	Tenn. Coal 1st 6s	
Do coupon	Nor. & West. gen. 6s	Texas & Pac. 1st 5s	
Am. Tob. 4s, reg.	Nor. & West. con. 4s	Union Pacific 4s	
Do 6s, reg.	Northern Pac. 3s	Union Pacific conv. 4s	
Atchison gen. 4s	Northern Pac. 4s	Wabash 1st 5s	
Atlantic Coast L. 4s	Penn. gen. 4s	Wabash 2d 5s	
Balt. & Ohio 4s	Reading gen. 4s	Wis. Central 4s	

NEW YORK "CURB" STOCKS.

(Reported by Henry Sproul & Co.)

Amer. Tin Can	11⅜	11⅝	11⅜
Do preferred	45⅜	45⅝	45⅜
Bay State Gas	4⅜	4⅝	4⅜
Buffalo Gas	19	19	19
Do preferred	72	72	72
Cent. Foundry	3⅛	3⅜	3⅛
Do preferred	15	15	15
Cent. Oil	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝
Chi. Pneumatic	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
Do preferred	30	30	30
Diamond Match	150	150	150
Elec. Boat	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
Do preferred	10	10	10
Elec. Storage Bat.	50	50	50
Gen. Chemical	95	95	95
Do preferred	107	107	107
Int. Salt	28	28	28
Int. Steam Pump	30	30	30
Do preferred	90	90	90
Lanston Monotype	15	15	15
Mackay Cos.	75	75	75
Do preferred	75	75	75
Nat. Carbon	50	50	50
Do preferred	120	120	120
Nat. Enameling	8	8	8
Do preferred	30	30	30
Nat. Starch	30	30	30
Nat. Sugar Ref.	142	142	142
Nat. Transit	130	130	130
N. Y. Transit	150	150	150
Ohio Gas	300	300	300
Standard Milling	70	70	70
Do preferred	90	90	90
Standard Oil	675	675	675
Swift & Co.	125	125	125
Texas Pacific	23	23	23
Union Typewriter	50	50	50
Do preferred	90	90	90
U. S. Envelope	95	95	95
Do preferred	105	105	105
U. S. Glass	54	54	54
U. S. Realty	90	90	90
U. S. Reduction	4	4	4
Do preferred	15	15

SUGAR MAKES NEW HIGH MARK AT YEAR'S OPENING

Resumption of Packet Navigation Threatens High Prices in the Poultry Market.

Sugar advanced another 10 points yesterday, and standard granulated is now selling at 20 05 the 100 pounds wholesale. How the consumer is going to get any pleasure out of this it is difficult to see. Sugar is selling at a higher price than it has known for several years, and the condition of the raw sugar market, according to the refiners, is such that it threatens to go still higher.

In produce there was a general advance all along the line yesterday. Dealers said this was a weather condition advance. Stocks on hand are light, receipts are small and bad weather in the west and south is preventing shipments.

The resumption of packet navigation in the Ohio yesterday is expected to have an important bearing on the poultry market. The Kanawha, which arrived yesterday morning from Charleston, brought about 200 coops of chickens, ducks and turkeys. This is only the beginning, and on her next trip, if the weather is at all favorable to the shipments, it is thought there will be a boatload of the feathered food. The Virginia is on her way up now, having left Cincinnati yesterday morning. She will arrive Friday and will be followed by the Keystone State and the Queen City, all with poultry. The Lorena will get in today from Zanesville and will bring a lot, and the Greenland is now on her way to Pittsburgh with a generous bill of poultry. Between them, it is believed the poultry market will get its finish for high prices as a result of the increased shipping facilities.

Receipts of fruit and produce yesterday were as follows: Apples, 5 cars, making 34; bananas, 3 cars, making 4; celery, 7 cars, making 8; onions, 1, making 6; oranges, 10, making 12; potatoes, 9, making 64; sweet potatoes, 2, making 5; miscellaneous, 12, making 15.

HAY AND GRAIN.

Receipts.

Receipts of hay and grain yesterday were as follows: Pennsylvania lines, 52 cars hay, 2 cars hay and grain, 30 cars oats, 3 cars oats and corn, 20 cars corn, 9 cars feed, 3 cars meal, 1 car fodder hay, 2 cars rye, 1 car straw; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, 9 cars hay, 4 cars oats, 1 car feed; Baltimore & Ohio, 10 cars hay, 2 cars corn, 1 car oats.

Receipts of hay and grain were light yesterday, considering that no market had been held for several days and the reports covered a period since last Saturday. The light receipts are doing their share to keep up prices, but the lively demand for all kinds of hay and grain is doing the most. Car corn is badly wanted in the market and the receipts are taken as they arrive. Shelled corn moved up a little yesterday on heavier demand, as did No. 2 timothy hay. New high hulled is also rated higher. The market starts the new year in excellent condition and dealers are well pleased with the prospects.

No. 1 timothy...$12.50@12.75
No. 2 do...$11.25@11.75
No. 1 clov $13.25@13.50
No. 1 mix $12.50@12.75
Loose from wagon..$14.00@16.00
Straw, oat...$7.75@8.00
do wheat...$7.75@8.00
do rye...$11.50@12.00
No. 2 white oats.....35½@36c
No. 3 oats...35@35¼c
No. 4 oats..33¾@34½c
White middlings, No. 1, ton..$22.50@23.00

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu small..$8.50@8.40
do mammoth....$8.10@8.20
do crimson..$4.50@4.75
do white....
Dutch..$9.75@11.50
Alsike.....$8.50@9.25
Alfalfa.....$8.50@9.00
Millet, Western...$1.25@1.50
Southern...$1.75@1.80
Grass, Hungarian.....90c@$1.00
do blues, 14-lb bu.....$1.25@1.50
do red top, 14-lb bu $1.10@1.60
Timothy....$1.40@1.50

GROCERIES.

Flour.
Fancy spg. patent, quarters, in paper..$6.25@6.30
Fancy winter patent...$5.80@6.00
Straight win..$5.40@5.60
Rye.....$4.65@4.70
Graham, 10-lb bags.....$2.50
Cornmeal, bbl.....$3.10
10-lb bales....$1.75
Buckwheat.....$2.80
Rolled oats, bbl...$4.10
do kegs.....$2.25
Roasted Coffee.
Rio.....14@14½c
Santos.....20@24c
Maracaibo....15½@16c
Peaberry....18@18½c
Golden Rio.....17½c
Caracas.....20@20½c
Standard, pkgs.....13.55c
High grade..18½@19½c
Molasses, fancy refined.....35@36c
do choice....31@34c
do open ket..37@38c
Syrup.
Fancy syrup....28@30c
Maple sugar, gal..$1.06
Sug. and cane..24@25c
Prime.....24@25c
½-lb cans, doz...$1.90
¾-lb cans, doz...$1.40
5-lb cans, doz...$1.85
10-lb cans, doz...$3.40
Maple, gal...75c@$1.00
Oatmeal, bbl.....$5.25
do kegs.....$2.75
Sugar, sta. gran..6.05c
do bags.....6.05c

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, sta. pie..$1.10
do pie, gal $2.50@3.00
do California, L. C. ..$1.65@2.25
do Mary-land....$1.45@1.65
do California, Y. F. ..$1.80@2.00
Corn, fancy..$1.10@1.20
do stan....90c@$1.20
Cherries, Cal., white ..$2.50@2.75
Lima beans..$1.25@1.80
do soaked....75c@80c
String beans, 2-lb..70c
do 3-lb.....95c
Stringless beans ..$1.25@1.75
Peas, marrowfat ....88@90c
do early June.....92@95c
do soaked ....55@65c
Apples, N. Y., gal. cans..$2.15@2.25
Pineapples ..$1.25@2.55
Plums, California ..$1.55@1.60
Raspberries ....85@95c
Gooseberries ....85@90c
Tomatoes, fancy ...$1.15@1.35
do standard...80@85c
do gal....$2.50@2.75
Succotash, 1-lb cans....$1.25@1.40
Baked beans, cans, tomato sc...75@85c
Salmon, doz...95c@$2.00
do red, 1-lb flats....$1.00@1.30
1-lb flats..$1.65@2.00
do pink, 1-lb talls ....$1.81@2.10
Chipped beef..$2.25@2.75
Corn and roast beef, 2-lb cans ....$2.40@2.45
do 1-lb cans ....$1.30@1.35
Mackerel, broiled. .$1.90@2.50
Sardines, domestic, ¼s..$3.45@3.60
do mustards, ¼s..$2.60
do French..$9.50@18.50

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live hens ....10@12c
do roosters ....6@7c
do turkeys ...15@17c
do spring chickens ...10@12c
do geese ....11@12c
do ducks ....15@14c
Dressed hens...14@15c
do roosters ...10@11c
do turkeys ...20@23c
do spring chickens ...15@16c
do Long Island ducklings 20c
do ducks ....16@17c
do capon, lb..26@27c
Squab, doz. $4.00
do No. 2 .....$3.75
Ducks, ruddy $1.25
do red head..$1.75@3.00
do canvas-back ....$2.75@3.00
Impt. golden plover, doz.....$5.50
do black plover..$4.50
do grouse $2.50
do partridges ..$2.25
English pheasants, per pair $2.25
Reed birds, doz....$1.25
Snappers, per lb..9@10c
Rabbits, pair....15@20c
Woodchuck ....40@50c
Suckling pigs, lb..10@12c
Pigeons, doz..90c@$1.00

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter.
Prints .....31@31½c
Tubs .....30½@31c
Ohio creamery..26½@27½c
Dairy .....22½@23½c
Cheese, N. Y. full crm. new..13@13¼c
do Ohio crm.12½@13c
do ¾ cream, new.....11@11¾c
do Wis. Swiss, tubs .....15@15½c
do block ....14@14½c
do imported..27@27½c
do Limburger, new..13½@14c
do 5-lb brk..14½@15c
Neufchatel, per box...80c@$1.00
Shefford, box 85c
Eggs, selected 28c
do candied ists.....26@27c
do storage ....20@21c

SOUTHERN GREEN STUFF.

Tomatoes, Fla., crate ...$5.00@7.50
do Cal....$5.00@6.00
do lawn, lb....16@18c
do blues, 14-lb bu.....$1.25@1.50
do red top, 14-lb bu $1.10@1.60
Timothy ....$1.40@1.50
Head lettuce, bbl. ....$3.50@4.00
Escarolle, bbl..$3.50@4.00
Spinach, doz....50@60c
Radishes, doz....15@25c
Green beans..$3.00@3.50

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, bu. store....55@60c
Jersey sweets, kiln dried, bbl. ....$3.75@4.00
do hamp'r..$1.25@1.60
do crates...$1.35@1.40
Onions, yellow Danvers, bbl..$2.50@2.75
do bu. ...$1.10@1.15
Spanish, per crate ...$1.75@1.85
Carrots, bbl..$1.50@1.75
do hamp'rs..60c@$1.00
Parsnips, bbl. ....$1.50@1.75
Cucumbers, Boston doz. ....$1.75@2.00
Cabbage, domestic, bbl. ....$1.00@1.25
do ton...$11.00@12.00
do savoy, bbl. ..$1.25@1.50
do German red, ton ...$14.00@15.00
do bbl. ...$1.00@1.25
Ohio celery ....25@50c
do Cal. ....80@90c
do Golden Heart....$5.00@5.25
Brussels sprouts, quart ....12½@15c
Spinach, do bu hamp'rs 65@75c
Honey, new ....10@16c
Extra fancy 17c
do Miller's, 15 asc. 18½c
Beets, bbls..$1.50@1.75
Popcorn, lb. ....4@5c
Eggplant, Florida, crates ...$3.00@3.50
Squash, marrowfats, bbl.$1.25@1.50
do Hubbard, bbl. ....$1.50@2.00
Rutabagas ..$1.10@1.25
Peppers, bu. ..60c@$1.00
Mushrooms, per lb. .....35@40c
Cauliflower, Cal., crates ...$2.25@2.50
baskets ....60@75c
Garlic, lb. .....12@15c
Cranberries, bu. crate..$1.75@2.25
Horseradish, bu. ....$5.00@6.00
Turnips, bu. ....50@60c
do bbl. ..$1.75@2.00
Watercress, doz..40@50c
Lettuce, baskets..30@35c

FRUITS.

Lemons, Messinas ...$3.00@6.25
Oranges, Florida..$2.50@2.75
Navels ....$3.00@3.50
Cocoanuts, bags ...$3.50@4.00
do doz. .....65@75c
Figs, cartons....75@80c
do layers ....8@12c
do washed, stuffed, doz...$2.25
Dates, stuffed 18c
Bananas 1st..$1.50@2.00
do 2nds ..$1.00@1.50
Pineapples, smooth Cayennes..$3.50@4.00
do red Spanish ....$2.00@3.50
Tangerines, Fla., box .....$2.50@3.00
do ½ box..$1.25@1.50
Mandarines, box .....$2.50@2.75
Satsumas, box .....$2.50@2.75
Malaga, grapes ..$5.00@6.00
do Catawba, 4-lb basket ....16@11c
Grape fruit..$3.50@4.00
Apples, fancy, Kings, bbl..$3.00@3.50
do baldwin..$2.25@2.50
do Palisades (Col.) box $2.25
do other varieties $2.25@2.50
Choice ...$1.50@2.25
Limes, per 100 ..75c@$1.00
Pears, Keifers, Ohio and N. Y., bbls ....$2.00@2.50
do Cal. box.....$3.00
Kumquats, qt...25@30c

JOBBERS' YARD PRICES.

Potatoes, Mich., carlots ....40@50c
do bu. .....40@48c
do Ohio, carlots ....55@55c
do bu. .....55c@58c
Onions, bbl..$2.40@2.50
do bu. ...$1.00@1.10
Cabbage, Q. seed, ton ...$13.00@14.00
do domestic, ton ....$8.00@8.50
Apples, fancy, bbl. ....$2.25@3.00
do choice, bbl. ....$1.25@1.50
do bulk, bbl. ....$1.00@1.25
Sweets, K. D., Jersey, bbl. ....$3.50@3.75
do crate...$1.15@1.20
Rutabagas, bu..30@35c
Carrots, ton ....$15.00@16.00
Parsnips, ton ....$18.00@20.00
Squash, Hub., ton ....$10.00@12.00
do marrowfat, bbl. ....$2.00@2.50
Turnips, bbl..$1.25@1.50
Beets, bbl. ..$1.50@1.75
Celery, Cal., Golden Heart..$4.75

PROVISIONS.

Hams.
18 lbs and up.....9½c
Over 14 to 18 lbs.9½c
Over 10 to 14 lbs.9¾c
10 lbs and under....10c
Skinned 10c
Boneless boiled.....10c
California 7¼c
Shoulders, N. Y., cut 8½c
do skinned 9c
Ribs, 16 to 20 lbs.10½c
do 10 to 12 lbs.9¾c
do back strips..9¾c
do clears, 8 to 10 lbs. 11c
do 10 to 12 lbs.10½c
Breakfast bacon, back strips 10c
Dry salt sides, extra short clears 8c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs. 8½c
do 16 to 20 lbs..8½c
do under 16 lbs..8½c
Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears 9c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs. 9½c
do 16 to 20 lbs..9½c
do under 16 lbs..9¾c
Lard, pure, tierces .....7@7¼c

DRIED FRUIT.

Apricots, evap., bags .....10@12c
do 25-lb boxes .10½@12½c
Apples, bulk ...6¾@7c
do 1-lb cartons .....7½@8c
Peaches .....7@10½c
Raisins, seeded, 1-lb pkg..7½@7¾c
Raisins, Muscatel, 2 and 4 crown 50-lb boxes..6@6½c
do Ondaria, Val. .....8@8¼c
do Cal. Val...7@7½c
Currants, cleaned, 25 and 60-lb pkgs .....6½@6¾c
Prunes .....3@8c

HIDES.

No. 1 green steer, heavy 9c
do light, under 60 lbs, and cows, all weights 8c
No. 1 green bulls...6c
Green salt or cured, No. 1 steers, over 60 lbs.....8½c
do No. 2 .....8c
Cows and lig't hides.10c
Calfskin, No. 1.....12c

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl....$26.00
do half bbl....$11.50
do quar. bbl....$4.60
Mackerel, No. 1 plain, bbl....$20.00
do half bbl....$10.00
do quar. bbl....$4.25
do 20-lb pails..$2.40
do 10-lb pails..$1.75
Mackerel, No. 2 large, bbl....$16.50
do half bbl....$8.50
do quar. bbls....$4.35
do 20-lb pails..$1.90
do 10-lb pails..$1.00
do No. 2 Irish, 50-lb tubs $5.00
Lake herring, 100 lbs.....$3.25
do 50-lb $1.85
do 10-lb 50c

NUTS.

Filberts .....11@12c
Eng. walnuts ...15@15c
do dom...00c@$1.00
S. S. almonds...18½c
Tarr. almonds 15c
Mixed .....10@11c
Brazil .....9@11c
Italian chestn'ts.9c@10c
do domestic, choice, lb....5@6c
do fancy, lb....8@9c
do dried Italian, lb.7c
Shellbarks, bu. ....$1.50@1.75
do new ...$1.75@2.00
Pecans 10c
Peanuts, fancy roasted $1.00
do choice $1.30

HERBS.

Sage, doz. .....20@25c
Summer savory, doz. .....20@25c
Sweet marjoram, doz. .....20@25c
Lemon thyme, doz. .....20@25c

Pig Iron Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—There was no life in the market for pig iron certificates early in the session and no changes of importance. Morning call:

	Bid.	Asked.
Cash	$17.00	$17.50
January	17.05	17.25
February	17.15	17.25
March	17.00	17.25
April	17.00	17.35
May	17.00	17.35
June	16.90	17.25
July	16.75	17.25
October	16.50	17.00

Limited interest was shown in pig iron certificates late in the session, and the market was dull and featureless with insignificant changes. Afternoon call:

	Bid.	Asked.
Cash	$17.00	$...
January	17.15	17.25
February	17.15	17.30
March	17.00	17.35
April	17.00	...
May	17.00	17.00
June	16.90	17.25
July	16.75	17.25
October	16.50	17.00

Market quiet and steady. No sales.

The Bond Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—District of Columbia 3s, 125s, bid; Philippine 4s, 106 bid. Price ranges were as follows:

	High.	Low.	Last Sale.
Virginia d'f'd 6s	18½	18	18
Imperial Jap. 6s, ster. loan	96	94½	95¼
Do 6s, R., L. & Co.	91½	90½	91
American Tobacco 6s	110¾	110¾	110¾
Do 4s	72	71¾	72
Atchison general 4s	103¾	103¼	103¼
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	99¾	99	99¾
C., R. I. & P. rfdg. 4s	97¼	97	97
Do col. 4s	82½	82	82
Distilling 5s	73½	73¼	73¼
L. S. & M. S. deb. 4s	101¾	101¾	101¾
Lackawanna Steel 5s	105¾	105¼	105¾
Manhattan Railway 4s	106¼	106¼	106¼
N. & W. P., C. & C. 4s	95¾	95	95
Northern Pacific gen. 3s	77¾	76	77
Penna. conv. 3½s	103¾	103½	103½
St. L., I. M. & S. 4s	97¼	97	97¼
St. L. & S. F. rfdg. 4s	88¾	88¼	88¾
Southern Pacific col. 4s	95	95	95¼
Southern Ry. 1st con. 4s	118	117¾	117¾
Union Pacific con. 4s	116¾	114¾	116¾
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s	93¼	92¾	93¼
Do registered	92¾	92¾	92¾

Turpentine and Rosin.

SAVANNAH, GA., Jan. 3.—Turpentine steady at 50c. Rosin firm; A, B, C, $2 55; D, $2 60; E, $2 65@2 67½; F, $2 70@2 72½; G, $2 77½@2 80; H, $2 92½@2 95; I, $3 35; K, $4 00; M, $4 30; N, $4 60; W. G, $4 85; W. W. $5 15.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 3.—Turpentine and rosin steady and unchanged.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 3.—Spirits turpentine nothing doing. Rosin firm at $2 95. Tar firm at $1 60. Crude turpentine firm at $2 50@3 70.

Visible Supply of Grain.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The visible supply of grain Saturday, December 31, as compiled by the New York produce exchange, is as follows: Wheat, 40,619,000 bushels, increase, 901,000 bushels; corn, 9,577,000 bushels, increase, 2,389,000 bushels; oats, 22,892,000 bushels, decrease, 730,000 bushels; rye, 1,983,000 bushels decrease, 127,000 bushels; barley, 6,908,000 bushels, increase, 58,000 bushels.

WHEAT MARKET BROKE A CENT AND A HALF

Unconfirmed Report of Excessive Increase in Visible Supply Was Chief Cause.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Unconfirmed reports of an excessive increase in the visible supply formed the basis of a break of 1¼c today in the price of May wheat. There was a reaction, but the market closed easy with May ⅝c off compared with Saturday's figures. Corn is down ⅝@¾c. Oats show ¼c loss. Provisions unchanged.

The greatest strength of the wheat market was at the immediate opening. Initial quotations in May delivery showed a gain of ⅛@⅜c at $1 15@1 15¼. The principal source of strength lay in the weekly statistics. World's shipments were 3,520,000 bushels smaller than the previous week. Furthermore, the quantity on ocean passage decreased 2,736,000 bushels. In addition the weather in Argentina was unfavorable to harvesting operations, being wet in all four provinces. The domestic situation also was construed as favorable for the bulls, the arrivals in the northwest being much smaller than those of last week. When trading began shorts and commission houses were active bidders. The demand, however, was quickly satisfied, several large holders being free sellers. There was considerable selling by houses with St. Louis connections. This selling was partly attributed to the excellent condition of the winter wheat crop as shown in a report by a Cincinnati trade journal. Claims were made that latest reports regarding the condition of the plant during the past few days of warm, rainy weather indicate that the growing plant has suffered less from the effects of drought than was generally feared. With increased offerings, some concessions in prices had to be made, the market declining a trifle from the opening figures. Later in the day a rumor that the visible supply had increased nearly 3,000,000 bushels caused a decided commotion in the pit. For a time offerings were much in excess of the demand. The result was a sharp break in prices, May dropping to $1 13⅜. Official figures, however, failed to confirm the sensational report, the increase being estimated at only 901,000 bushels. The market recovered a portion of the loss in consequence of fair buying brought out by the more bullish aspect of the statistics. The undertone was further strengthened by reports from Minneapolis stating that flour was in good demand there. The market, however, closed easy with May at $1 14.

Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 122,500 bushels. Primary receipts were 390,000 bushels, compared with 2,220,000 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 632 cars, against 1,061 cars last week, and 680 cars a year ago.

In consequence of the bearish character of weekly statistics, the corn market exhibited considerable weakness. Trading was fairly active, but offerings were too liberal for the demand. Several prominent houses were free sellers. The visible supply increased 2,389,000 bushels, and world's shipments were large. Strength of wheat was a factor, too. May opened a shade to ⅛c higher at 45¼c to 45⅜@45¾c, and sold off to 44½c, where it closed. Local receipts were 781 cars, with five of contract grade.

The decline in corn had a depressing effect on the oats market, prices showing a slight downturn notwithstanding a considerable decrease in the visible supply. Trading was very quiet. May opened a shade higher at 31¾c, and sold off to 31¼c, and closed at 31¼@31⅜c. Local receipts were 107 cars.

Considering a decline of 10c in the price of hogs, the provisions market displayed moderate firmness. The volume of business, however, was extremely small, and prices showed only slight fluctuations. At the close May pork and lard were unchanged at $12 80, and $7 02, respectively. Ribs were a shade lower at $6 75.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 55 cars; corn, 586 cars; oats, 91 cars; hogs, 44,000 head.

The leading futures as reported by John D. Armstrong & Co., Farmers Bank building.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday's Close.
WHEAT				
NO. 2.				
May...	1 15¾	1 15¾	1 13⅝	1 14
July...	96¾	96¾	95	96¾
CORN				
NO. 2.				
Jan...	42½	42¾	41¾	41¾
May...	45¼	45⅝	44¼	44½
July...	45⅝	45⅝	45	45¼
OATS				
NO. 2.				
Jan...	29½	29¾	29¾	29¾
May...	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾
July...	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾
MESS PORK				
Jan...	12 45	12 45	12 40	12 40
May...	12 77½	12 80	12 77½	12 80
LARD				
Jan...	6 80	6 80	6 77½	6 77½
May...	7 02½	7 07½	7 02½	7 05
SHORT RIBS.				
Jan...	6 37½	6 45	6 37½	6 40
May...	6 70	6 75	6 70	6 67½

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour firm. Spring wheat—No. 2, $1 10@1 15; No. 3, 98c@$1 12. No. 2 red, $1 15¾@1 18¾. Corn—No. 2, 42¾c. No. 2 yellow, 44¾@45c. Oats—No. 2 white, 29¾@30c; No. 2 white, 31¾@32c; No. 3 white, 30½@32c. Rye—No. 2, 75c. Good feeding barley, 30@32c; fair to choice malting, 41@48c. Flax seed—No. 1, $1 15; No. 1, northwestern, $1 22½. Mess pork, per barrel, $12 40@12 45. Short ribs sides (loose), $6 12½@6 37½. Short clear sides (boxed), $6 62½@6 75. Whisky, basis of high wines, $1 24. Clover, contract grade, $12 75.

Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels.....5,400	5,400
Wheat, bushels.....28,600	47,900
Corn, bushels.....303,600	257,200
Oats, bushels.....71,100	186,000
Rye, bushels.....2,600	...
Barley, bushels.....64,000	20,300

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Flour—Receipts, 20,932 bbls; exports, 11,625 bbls; market dull but steady. Rye flour steady. Buckwheat flour quiet. Cornmeal steady, fine white and yellow, $1 30; coarse, new, $1 10@1 15; kiln dried, $2 90@3 10. Rye nominal. Barley dull. Wheat—Receipts, 121,250 bu; spot market firm; No. 2 red, nominal, elevator; No. 2 red, $1 23 f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, $1 25¾ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard, Manitoba, $1 [illegible] f. o. b. afloat. Options opened higher on bullish weekly foreign statistics and strong Liverpool cables, followed by reactions under the liberal increase in visible supply figures and important selling west. On subsequent reports of a good Northwest cash demand and better bull support, the market rallied again, but finally broke under liquidation, closing ⅛@⅜c net lower. May, $1 14@1 14¼; July, $1 14⅝; July, $1 02¾@1 03⅛; closed, $1 02¾. Corn—Receipts, 291,900 bu; exports, 404,525 bu; spot market easy; No. 2, 54½c elevator, and 56c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 55c; No. 2 white, 58½c. Option market was inactive here all day and easier with the west, closing ⅝c net lower. May closed 53½c. Oats—Receipts, 32,600 bu; exports, 450 bu; spot market firm; mixed oats, 26 to 32 lbs, 37½c; natural white, 30 to 32 lbs, 37½@38½c; clipped white, 36 to 40 lbs, 40@42c.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 3.—Wheat, cash, $1 17¾; May, $1 12¾; July, 95¼c. No. 2 hard, $1 12@1 13. Corn, cash, 42c; May, 42¾c; July, 43¼c. Oats, cash, 31¼c; May, 31¾c. No. 2 white, 33½c.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 3.—Wheat, No. 1 northern, $1 14@1 15½; No. 2 northern, $1 07@1 11; May, $1 14@1 14¾; asked. Rye, No. 1, 76½c. Barley, No. 2, 53c; sample, 37@38c. Corn, No. 2, 42@43c; May, 44½c bid.

DULUTH, Jan. 3.—Wheat, No. 1 northern, $1 13; No. 2 northern, $1 06; May, 1 15.

TOLEDO, Jan. 3.—Cloverseed, cash and January, $7 55; February, $8 05; March, $8 05; prime alsike, $8 05; prime timothy, $1 30.

The Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Cotton—Spot closed 15 points higher; middling uplands, 7.15c; middling gulf, 7.35c. Sales, 26,700 bales. The range of prices for the day was as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
January	6.65	6.81	6.62	6.80
February	*6.11	....	....	6.80
March	6.80	6.96	6.78	6.94
April	6.92	7.05	6.90	7.04
May	6.99	7.09	6.90	7.08
June	7.02	7.16	7.02	7.15
July	7.06	7.24	7.04	7.24
August	7.13	7.28	7.09	7.29
October	7.22	7.47	7.20	7.40

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH UNION STOCK YARDS.
Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1905.

Cattle—Supply light and market steady. Choice, 1,400 to 1,500 pounds, $5 20@5 30; prime, 1,300 to 1,400 pounds, $4 60@5 10; good, 1,200 to 1,300 pounds, $4 40@4 80; medium, 1,000 to 1,100 pounds, $4 00@4 30; common, 700 to 900 pounds, $3 00@3 50; choice fat cows, $3 25@3 75; common to good, $2 00@2 75; good fat cows and springers, $40 to $60; common to fair, $20 to $30; veal calves, $7 25@7 50; heavy and thin, $4 00@5 00.

Sheep and lambs—Supply light and market steady. Prime wethers, 90 to 100 pounds, $5 10@5 25; good mixed, 80 to 90 pounds, $4 90@5 00; fair mixed, 80 to 90 pounds, $4 70@4 80; culls and common, $3 00@4 50; prime lambs, $7 00@7 10; good to choice, $6 75@6 90; culls and common, $4 00@6 50; bucks, $4 00@5 00.

Hogs—Receipts 29 double-decks; market active. Prime heavy hogs, $4 65@4 90; medium, $4 80; heavy Yorkers, $4 80@4 85; light Yorkers, $4 60@4 70; pigs, $4 50@4 60; roughs, $4 00@4 30; stags, $3 00@3 50.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000 head; market steady to 10c higher. Choice export and dressed beef steers, $5 00@5 40; fair to good, $3 25@5 00; western fed steers, $3 75@5 25; stockers and feeders, $2 00@4 25; southern steers, $2 00@3 25; native cows, $1 75@4 00; native heifers, $2 50@4 50; bulls, $2 25@3 90; calves, $3 00@6 50. Hogs—Receipts, 22,000 head; market 5c higher; top, $4 70; bulk of sales, $4 60@4 70; heavy, $4 65@4 70; packers, $4 45@4 55; pigs and lights, $4 75@4 85. Sheep—Receipts, 3,000 head; market steady; native lambs, $5 50@7 00; native wethers, $4 25@5 75; native cows, $4 00@5 00; western lambs, $5 50@6 75; western yearlings, $5 00@5 40; western sheep, $4 00@5 00; stockers and feeders, $3 00@4 75.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,000 head; nothing doing; feeling nominally steady. Dressed beef steers $4 [illegible] to $5 12½ per 100 pounds; choice to prime, $5 00@5 12½; fair to good, $4 40@4 90; western steers, $4 00@4 75; stockers and feeders, $2 00@4 00; cows, $1 50@3 75; heifers, $2 00@4 25; bulls, $2 00@3 75; calves, $3 00@6 50; Texas fed steers, $3 00@4 25; Texas grass steers, $2 40@3 40; Texas bulls, $2 00@3 00. Hogs—Receipts, 14,000 head; 5c higher; closed strong; mixed and butchers $4 [illegible] to $4 [illegible]; good to prime heavy, $4 65@4 75; rough heavy, $4 50@4 60; light, $4 [illegible] to $4 [illegible]; bulk of sales, $4 [illegible] to $4 65. Sheep—Receipts, 15,000 head; 10c higher; good to choice wethers, $4 95@5 25; fair to choice mixed, $4 25@4 90; native lambs, $5 30@7 00; Western sheep, $4 [illegible] to $5 00; native lambs, $5 [illegible] to $6 [illegible].

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Butter strong. Receipts, 4,767 packages; creamery, extra, 26@26½c; state dairy, common to extra, 24@26c; creamery, common to choice, 24@26c; renovated, common to choice, 24@25c; western factory, common to choice, 24@25c; imitation creamery, common to choice, 23@25c. Cheese strong. Receipts, 2,216 boxes; state, full cream, fancy, small colored and white, 15c; state, full cream, fancy, small, large colored and white, 14½c; state, full cream, fair to good, small, large colored and white, 13½@14c; state, full cream, common, 13c; skims, full to finest, 4@12c. Eggs steady. Receipts, 7,249 cases; western, fresh gathered, extras, 30c; western, fresh gathered, firsts, 28@29c; western, fresh gathered, seconds, 26@27c; western, fresh gathered, thirds, 24@25c; western, refrigerator, first, 23c; western, refrigerator, seconds, 22c; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, fresh gathered, extras, 29@30c; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, fresh gathered, firsts, 28@29c; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, fresh gathered, seconds, 26@27c; refrigerator, 19@21c.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—On the produce exchange today the butter market was steady; creameries, 27@30c; dairies, 25@28c. Eggs steady at 24@25c for prime firsts, 26c; extras, 27c. Cheese steady at 13@13½c.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Jan. 3.—Butter firm and in good demand; extra western creamery, 29@29½c; no nearby prints, 29c; extra nearby creamery, 28c; higher grades in fair demand; nearby fresh, 25@26c; nearby prints, 26c; fancy, 27c. Eggs steady; fresh Pennsylvania, 28c; New York full creamery fancy, 27½c; do fair to good, 26@27c; do fair to good, 25@26c; do fair to good, 24@25c; do fair to good, 23@24c; do fair to good, 22@23c; do fair to good, 21@22c; do fair to good, 20@21c; do fair to good, 19@20c; do fair to good, 18@19c.

The Wool Market.

BOSTON, Jan. 3.—A firm tone characterized the wool market, while there is a fair amount of buying considering the small stock of wool available. The trade consists almost entirely of lots for piecing out larger purchases previously made. That high values are to be maintained on both wool and wool goods seems assured, as all the available supply in sight has been bought at high prices. Territory wools are firm and pulled grades steady. Foreign wools run the same. Quotations in this market are about as follows: Ohio and Pennsylvania—XX and above, 35@36c; X, 30@31c; No. 1, 38@39c; No. 2, 40@41c; fine unwashed, 24@25c; ¼-blood unwashed, 32@33c; ⅜-blood, 29@30c; ½-blood, 31@32c; unwashed delaine, 27@28c; unmerchantable, 29@30c; fine washed delaine, 38@39c. Michigan—Fine and unwashed, 21@22c; ¼-blood, unwashed, 31½@32c; ⅜-blood, 31½@32c; ½-blood, 30@31c; unwashed delaine, 25@26c. Kentucky, Indiana, etc.—⅜ and ¼-blood, 31@32c. Territory, Idaho—Fine, 18½@19c; heavy fine, 16@17c; fine medium, 18½@19c; medium, 22@23c; low medium, 23@24c. Wyoming—Fine, 17½@18½c; heavy fine, 15@16c; fine medium, 17½@18½c; medium, 23@24c; low medium, 23@24c. Utah and Nevada—Fine, 17@18c; heavy fine, 15@16c; fine medium, 19@19c; medium, 22@24c; low medium, 23@24c. Dakota—Fine, 18@19c; fine medium, 18@19c; medium, 23@24c; low medium, 23@24c. Montana—Fine choice, 21@23c; fine average, 19@22c; fine medium, choice, 21@22c; average, 19@20c; staple, 22@23c; medium choice, 23@25c.

Coffee and Sugar.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The market for coffee futures opened steady at an advance of 10@15 points in response to firmer European cables and reports that the failure of a large Brazilian house had been due to inability to fill contracts made for the delivery of actual coffee.

After the opening the market sagged off under realizing and in sympathy with the reactionary tendency of the French market. After cutting down the net gain to a matter of about 5 points, the market toward the close rallied again on renewed support and was finally steady net 5@10 points higher. Sales were reported of 86,000 bags, including January at 7.70c; March at 7.80@7.95c; April at 8.10c; May at 8.15@8.20c; June at 8.25@8.30c; July at 8.35@8.40c; September at 8.60@8.55c; October at 8.65c, and November at 7.70c. Spot steady. Sugar—Raw steady; refined firm: No. 6, 5.25c; No. 7, 5.20c; No. 8, 4.85c; No. 9, 5.05c; No. 10, 5.00c; No. 11, 4.90c; No. 12, 4.85c; No. 13, 4.75c; No. 14, 4.70c; confectioners' A, 5.70c; mould A, 6.20c; crushed, 6.55c; powdered, 5.45c; granulated, 5.35c; cubes, 6.10c.

Public Debt Statement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that for the month ended December 31, 1904, the debt less cash in the treasury, amounted to $895,543,321, which is a decrease for the month of $3,691,506. This decrease is accounted for by a corresponding increase in the amount of cash on hand. The debt is recapitulated as follows: Interest-bearing debt, $895,187,470; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, $1,447,230; debt bearing no interest, $385,587,279; total, $1,282,142,010. This amount, however, does not include $1,012,805,969 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash held in the treasury for their redemption. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows: Gold reserve, $150,000,000; trust funds, $1,012,895,969; general fund, $123,067,945; in national bank depositories, $111,550,854; in Philippine treasury, $4,690,740; total, $1,402,124,508, against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to $1,105,531,820, which leaves a cash balance on hand of $

HARRIMAN DEALT BLOW BY COURT

Federal Bench Reverses New Jersey Decision in Northern Securities Case.

"SETTLES IT," SAYS HILL

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3.—The United States court of appeals for the Third judicial district today reverses a decision of the New Jersey circuit court which restrained the Northern Securities Company from distributing certain stock of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. The decision is a defeat for the interests represented by E. H. Harriman.

By a decree of the New Jersey court the Northern Securities Company was restrained from disposing of 370,230 shares of the common stock of the Northern Pacific Railway Company, alleged to have been received from E. H. Harriman and Winslow S. Pierce, and of 347,090 shares of the common stock of the Northern Pacific Railway Company, received by the Northern Securities Company from the Northern Pacific company. The decision, however, gives the Northern Securities Company the right to dispose of the stock.

Harriman and Pierce, when the Northern Securities Company had been declared by the United States supreme court to be an illegal combination, demanded the return of the original stock they had contributed at the time of the organization of the combination. The Northern Securities Company, it was claimed, intended to make a pro rata distribution.

Judge Gray Dissents.

Judge George Gray of Delaware filed a dissenting decision. He said:

"I dissent from the judgment of the majority of this court, in granting the injunction. Nothing but a clear conviction that the bill was without equity would have justified the court below in refusing the injunction. As I am of the opinion that the injunction has given due consideration to all parties to the suit and a case established to entitle complainants to the protection of the injunction, I am in favor of affirming the decree."

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—E. H. Harriman, when shown the bulletin announcing the decision of the court in regard to the Northern Securities case, said:

"The matter has so far been before four judges and so far it is an even division, two having declared for us and two against us."

Mr. Harriman declined to say anything further regarding the case.

Annual Meeting Adjourned.

The adjourned annual meeting of the Northern Securities stockholders in Hoboken today, has again been adjourned until January 9. Representatives of the Harriman faction were in conference today and it can be authoritatively stated that application by writ of certiorari will be made before the supreme court at Washington. It is understood that the decision handed down by the court in Philadelphia is not effective or operative before 30 days.

J. J. Hill was seen at his office. He said he was pleased but not surprised at the decision. There will be no haste, he said, in distributing the assets of the Northern Securities Company. He had not yet received a copy of the decision but expected it later in the day. He was asked:

"Does this mean a settlement?" and replied:

"Why, yes; the court settles it."

Mr. Hill was asked whether there would be a meeting of the opposing interests as a result of today's decision. He said he knew of no reason for such a meeting. Mr. Hill was reminded that Mr. Schiff had appeared before the directors of the Northern Securities Company last summer with a settlement proposition. To this Mr. Hill replied that Mr. Schiff on that occasion showed that he stood alone in his attitude.

Lawyers for the Harriman interests in the dispute over the distribution of the assets of the Northern Securities Company will, it was said in Wall street today, apply to the United States supreme court at Washington for a stay in the carrying out of the mandate of the United States circuit court of appeals, sitting at Philadelphia, which today handed down its decision in favor of the Hill plan of distributing the assets pro rata.

B. & O. Produce Yard Opened.

The Baltimore & Ohio has opened a new produce yard on the Junction line. It extends from Twenty-second to Twenty-third streets, immediately adjoining the produce yard of the Pennsylvania railroad. Announcement of the opening of this "B. & O. Produce Yard," as it is termed, is made by the Pittsburgh freight officials of the Baltimore & Ohio in a circular just issued. The circular states that the yard will give access to 70 cars simultaneously by means of commodious driveways, paved with Belgian block. Wagon scales, both telephone services, and all the other conveniences of produce yards are provided.

Thomas E. Shea Next Week.

Thomas E. Shea comes to the Bijou theater next week in a selection of standard plays being presented here for the first time under the management of Nixon & Zimmerman. In spite of Richard Mansfield's warning to these managers, Mr. Shea will present "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" three times at the Bijou, as follows: Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings.

"Miss Bob White."

Nixon & Zimmerman will present the rollicking, merry comedy, "Miss Bob White" at the Duquesne theater next week. The original production, which ran for 100 consecutive nights at the Chestnut Street theater, Philadelphia, will be seen at the Duquesne, with Frank Deshon heading a cast of 50 people.

ONE JUDGE TO RETIRE; ANOTHER IS SWORN IN

Judge J. Sharp Wilson.

Judge William E. Porter.

Political prognosticators have picked Judge J. Sharp Wilson for a place on the Superior court bench. He has declined to run for a second term as judge of Beaver county, although he could have been re-elected. William E. Porter Monday assumed the position of law judge of Lawrence county, to which he was elected as the candidate of the fusionists. He succeeded Judge Wallace, who had been on the bench for 16 years.

Wabash-Pittsburgh Terminal to Increase Its Train Service

The increased travel over the Wabash-Pittsburgh Terminal has resulted in the present schedule being revised. More trains are to be put into service, and some already operating are to make better time. Extra service is to be established between Pittsburgh and Wheeling. It is understood the first train will be run to Wheeling next Sunday, although the plans for the improved service have not been worked out. The tracks of the new line are settling and the rails are wearing bright, so the engineers can make better time than allowed in the schedule. The road is being tested, and as soon as the engineers know how fast trains can run final changes will be made in the schedule. All along the line towns are springing into existence, particularly near Wheeling and Pittsburgh. The Wabash officials intend that ample service will be given their patrons.

Passenger Agents to Meet.

Final arrangements for the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the American Association of General Passenger Agents, to be held in this city in March, have been completed. Col. Samuel Moody, general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines, and L. A. Robinson, general passenger agent of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, form the committee of arrangements. Among the speakers secured are J. R. Wood, passenger traffic manager of the Pennsylvania railroad; George H. Daniels, general passenger agent of the New York Central; A. J. Smith, general passenger agent of the Lake Shore, and D. B. Martin, passenger traffic manager of the Baltimore & Ohio. P. E. Bolthby, general passenger agent of the Maine Central, is president, and Charles Burt of the Boston & Albany, secretary.

Installing Telephone System.

Telephones are to be established on the Cleveland & Pittsburgh at an early date. On the main line between Salineville and Cleveland telephones have been placed at the ends of sidings, these being connected with the nearest telegraph office or tower. Communications can also be obtained by this plan by the trainmen with the main offices of the company, either in Cleveland or Wellsville.

Florida Tours Arranged.

Col. Thomas E. Watt, district passenger agent of the Pennsylvania railroad, announced yesterday the completion of arrangements for the annual winter tours to Florida points. The Pennsylvania will conduct three tours to the south. They will leave New York on January 31, February 16 and March 2. The first special will give tourists two weeks in Florida, and the last tour until the last of March.

Railroad Notes.

H. B. McCurdy, baggagemaster of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh, has resigned to go into the real estate business.

A move is on foot to organize the station agents throughout the country. Such an organization existed a few years ago, but gradually disbanded.

Three out of every four locomotives used by the Pennsylvania railroad on the middle division required repairs after each trip while the water shortage was felt.

The maintenance-of-way committee of the Pennsylvania railroad will arrive in Pittsburgh this morning on the first of six inspection trips over the eastern system.

The Leetsdale accommodation ran into the Pitcairn accommodation train at the Union station yesterday morning. Slippery rails caused the accident. No person was hurt.

F. M. Graham has been appointed engineer of maintenance-of-way on the western division of the Northwest system of the Pennsylvania lines to succeed F. H. Worthington, who was appointed division superintendent of the Vandalia system.

Dry Well Defines Limits of the Future Developments

West of Mannington the South Penn Oil Company is drilling its test on the J. C. Baker farm, which came in dry in the 30-foot, to the Gordon. The failure of this well to make a producer in the 30-foot will cause a revision of the drilling schedule in that locality. It would seem to indicate that it is useless to look for an extension to the northeast of present developments. To the southwest of developments there is every indication for an extension. In that direction, the South Penn gave its old gasser on the J. L. Beatty farm a shot, and it produced 80 barrels the first 24 hours. The No. 2 on this farm, when drilled into the first pay two weeks ago, showed for a good producer. At that time the tools were stuck in the hole and have not been recovered.

In the Smithfield district, Wetzel county, the South Penn has drilled its No. 3 on the James Batson farm through the fourth sand and found nothing but a light gas pressure. In the Pine Grove extension, in the same county, the South Penn has shot its No. 3 on the M. E. Greathouse farm, and No. 2 on the Rosa Potts farm. The first has filled up 600 feet with fluid and the last 1,000 feet with fluid.

Two wells east of Sardis, in Eagle district, Harrison county, the Hope Natural Gas Company has drilled its test on the N. S. Bates farm into the top of the fourth sand, and has a good gasser. It is still drilling. In the Wallace district, the South Penn has drilled its second test on the R. V. Thompson farm 15 feet into the Gordon and the hole has filled up 600 feet with fluid. In the same district, the company has completed its No. 2 on the Elsie Lambert farm and will have a light pumper.

In the Middlebourne district, Tyler county, the South Penn has drilled its No. 4 on the John Ladle farm into the Keener and has a show for a 50-barrel pumper. In the Fairview district, Marion county, the South Penn has completed its No. 6 on the Resson Tennant farm, and has a show for a 50-barrel producer in the fifth sand.

In the Yellow creek district, Calhoun county, the South Penn has completed its No. 13 on the Camden-Sommers farm and has a show for a 25-barrel producer in the Berea grit. On the North forth of Hughes river, in the same district, the Cairo Oil Company's No. 1 on the Archer Hall farm has been completed and is good for eight barrels a day in the salt sand.

On the Ohio side, in the Woodsfield district, Monroe county, the Imperial Oil and Gas Company's No. 3 on the Catherine Block heirs' farm has slumped in production like most of the wells in that district, and is now producing 255 barrels a day. In the Rays run district, Washington county, the Associated Producers' Company has completed its No. 4 on the M. Pool farm and has a 15-barrel pumper in the Big Injun. In the Payne district, in the same county, Reckard, Decker & Company have completed a test on the Stephan Martin farm and have a five-barrel pumper in the Keener sand. At Woodsfield, Monroe county, the Imperial Oil and Gas Company has drilled its No. 2 on the Block heirs' farm into the Big Lime and the well placed 150 barrels to its credit the first 10 hours.

In the Bristoria field, Greene county, Pa., the South Penn has completed and shot its second test on the F. M. McCullough farm and will not have better than a five-barrel pumper. In the Mount Morris district, Garard, Longenecker & Company have completed a test on the Noah Miner farm and have a 20-barrel producer. Near Georgetown, Beaver county, S. E. Duff, receiver, has completed a second test on the Samuel Swearingen farm and has a show for a five-barrel pumper. In the same district, M. Finnegan has completed No. 3 on the J. A. Ferguson farm, and has a five or 10-barrel pumper. R. B. Brown & Company have completed their test on the Charles O. Mascall farm and have a duster.

Shipments and Runs.

Shipments and runs of the Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana fields:

PENNSYLVANIA OIL.

SHIPMENTS.		RUNS.	
December 31..	63,334	Dec. 30-31.....	214,071
Previously	2,282,933	Previously	2,123,444
Total	2,346,267	Total	2,337,515
Daily avg.....	77,847	Daily avg.....	75,404

LIMA OIL.

SHIPMENTS.		RUNS.	
December 31..	65,620	Dec. 30-31.....	170,168
Previously	1,728,487	Previously	1,695,604
Total	1,794,107	Total	1,865,772
Daily avg.....	57,845	Daily avg.....	60,174

PENNSYLVANIA OIL.

SHIPMENTS.		RUNS.	
January 1-2....	93,629	January 1-2.....	17,921

LIMA OIL.

SHIPMENTS.		RUNS.	
January 1-2....	83,190	January 1-2.....	20,090

The Oil Market.

The Standard prices for credit balances in the several fields are as follows: Pennsylvania, $1 50; Second Sand, $1 40; Tiona, $1 65; Corning, $1 17; New Castle, $1 42; Cabel, $1 25; North Lima, $1 01; South Lima, 96c; Indiana, 96c; Somerset, 91c; Raglan, 88c.

OIL CITY, Jan. 3.—Credit balances, $1 50; certificates, no bid. Shipments, December 31, 63,333; runs, 214,071 barrels; shipments January 1 and 2, 93,629 barrels; average, 46,815; runs, December 30 and 31, 213,073 barrels; avarega, 75,237 barrels; runs January 1, 22,257 barrels. Shipments, Lima, December 31, 87,596 barrels; average, 58,581 barrels; shipments January 1 and 2, 71,168 barrels; runs December 30 and 31, 169,268 barrels; average, 59,887 barrels; runs January 1, 20,090 barrels.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 3.—North Lima, $1 01; South Lima and Indiana, 96c.

RESIDENCE SITE SOLD FOR $35,000

Leishman Lot in Murray Hill Avenue Bought by Downtown Merchant.

NEGLEY AVENUE HOUSE SOLD

The new year started off with very satisfactory evidences of brisk business in real estate. The largest sale reported by brokers yesterday was made by the Commonwealth Real Estate Company, which sold for the Hon. J. G. A. Leishman, United States minister to Turkey, his frontage on the west side of Murray Hill avenue, between Fair Oaks street and Williams avenue, Twenty-second ward, for $35,000. The name of the buyer is withheld by request, but the property was secured by a leading Liberty avenue merchant, who will build on the lot a residence to cost not less than $50,000. This has been considered for some time a very choice residence site, as its location and size, 276x200 feet, make it especially valuable for this purpose. It is directly opposite the properties of L. T. and E. N. Yoder, and adoins the holdings of C. and E. H. Binns. In the rear is the handsome property of F. J. Hearne. The sale figures at the rate of about $127 a front foot.

Robert C. McIntosh has purchased from W. C. Gundelfinger an improved property on the west side of South Main street in the Saw Mill run district, Thirty-sixth ward, for $6,000. The lot is 120x50 feet, extending back to Violet alley and is improved with a three-story double brick house in front and six frame houses in the rear.

Two Deals by One Company.

Through the Real Estate Trust Company R. A. Phillips, mortgage manager of that company, has sold to William J. Langenheim of the Goetzman Company, his residence at 806 South Negley avenue, Twentieth ward, for $25,000. The house was built only two years ago and is strictly modern in every way, having 12 rooms and three bath rooms and being finished throughout in hard wood. The lot has a frontage of 55 feet near Baum street and a depth of 120 feet. The buyer takes possession April 1 and will occupy the property as a home.

The Real Estate Trust Company also leased for William Stanton to the Sorosis Shoe Company the store room at 214 Sixth street, opposite the Hotel Anderson, for five years at $6,000 a year. The room is 20x90 feet and will be improved at once at a cost of $5,000 to make it suitable for a gentlemen's shoe store. The present store of the Sorosis company adoins this building and will be used exclusively for ladies' shoes. This lease has some significance, as the rent paid is the same that is paid for the room adoining, which was leased one year ago, showing no increase in prices at this point.

Court Decision Much Discussed.

The decision of the supreme court, making it probable that D. F. Henry will get the Hotel Duquesne property instead of A. Mellon, was the topic most discussed in real estate circles yesterday. Brokers generally expect that the fight will be renewed and would not be surprised to see a long period of litigation follow. It is not likely that the present decision will at all affect the management of the Duquesne for some time, as William Withrow's lease is entirely satisfactory to him even at the present stage of the controversy.

Architects Allison & Allison have plans for a three-story granite bank and office building for the Fourth National bank of Cadiz, O., to cost $35,000.

Bids will be taken in a few days on two of the new school houses to be built at McKeesport. Architects Robinson & Winkler and E. J. Carlisle & Company have plans. The buildings will cost about $55,000 each.

Architect H. J. Lohman has plans for two store and apartment buildings for David Rhodes in Fifth avenue, McKeesport.

Architects E. J. Carlisle & Company will take bids in a few days on the remodeling of the Carnegie library at Braddock.

Architect F. L. Schmeltz is taking bids on 11 brick veneered houses for Mrs. Elizabeth Flowers.

East End Sale of $18,000.

Henry M. Curry estate sold to Louisa W. Nelson 72x186 feet with two brick houses on the north side of Black street, near Wayne alley, Nineteenth ward, for $18,000.

Fulton: Abraham C. Stein sold to F. R. Stewart, 83 Fulton street, a brick house on 44x76 feet, for $10,000.

East End: George B. Kelly sold for W. H. Repler to M. L. Wilson a frame house in Lincoln avenue, near Shetland avenue, Twenty-first ward, for $6,000.

Wylie avenue: Samuel Markowitz sold for I. Markowitz to Harry C. Sirvan an eight-room brick house on 21x90 feet on the south side of Wylie avenue, Eleventh ward, for $5,000.

Chestnut street: The Aronson Realty Company sold for James J. Gormerly to Mrs. Anna Teplitz a nine-room brick house on 24x100 feet at Chestnut and Vickroy streets, Sixth ward, for $8,000.

Allegheny: The Real Estate Savings and Trust Company sold for Jessie M. Taft to F. A. Johnson, 20x110 feet in Buena Vista street, near North avenue, Allegheny, for $1,500.

Vickroy street: The Penn Realty Company sold for the Thomas Michaels estate to Mrs. Anna Goldberg, two brick houses on 21x110 feet in Vickroy street, near Chestnut street, for $4,500.

Scattering Real Estate Deals.

East End: D. Behen & Son sold for William Kennelly to S. B. Heppenstall, a brick house on 27x100 feet in Stanton avenue, Nineteenth ward, for $7,000; for W. S. Zenger to J. E. Coffin, a brick store and house on 18x61 feet in Liberty avenue, near Cedar street, Sixteenth ward, for $3,600; for W. B. Deshon to E. H. Schnetz, a frame house on 20x80 feet in earl street, Sixteenth ward, for $2,300; for Rosa Lindsay to F. J. Sheppard, a brick house on 21x100 feet in Middle street, Nineteenth ward, for $5,400; for P. A. Mehling to Angus Campbell, 40x100 feet in Tiers street, Lincoln park, for $350; for Brown & Slater to J. C. Luckock, 21x100 feet in Patton street, near Mt. Vernon street, for $450, and to S. H. Smitten 21x100 feet in the same street for $450; for Mrs. Ella Willson to A. Vogel, a frame house on 20x120 feet in Woolslayer street, near Main street, for $2,450.

Finley street: W. H. Torrens sold to T. J. Lawler an improved lot, 25x152 feet in Finley street, Twenty-first ward, for $3,500.

Stanwix street: Sarah A. Brokaw sold to Sarah E. Kimmell an improved lot, 55x135 feet, in Stanwix street, Thirty-second ward, for $4,500.

Wylie avenue: William Criswell and others sold to Henry C. Cooper an improved lot, 48x100 feet, on the south side of Wylie avenue, Thirteenth ward, for $8,000.

Princeton place: W. L. Woods sold to Herman Helm 23x183.5 feet in Princeton place, Nineteenth ward, for $2,200.

Porter street: Jacob Voss sold to A. G. Heim an improved lot, 20x112 feet, in Porter street, near Wylie avenue, Eleventh ward, for $4,400.

The Pittsburgh bureau of building inspection issued the following permits yesterday: To Charles E. Clapp, frame one-story stable at Murray Hill and Wilkins avenue, Twenty-second ward, to cost $1,000; to Mike Mattzwansky, frame two-story dwelling at 2502 Lebanon street, Twenty-seventh ward, to cost $875; to Edward Deiss, frame two-story dwelling on Glasser alley, Thirteenth ward, to cost $800.

The Allegheny bureau of inspection yesterday issued the following permits: To A. G. Small, brick two-story and attic dwelling in Simon street, Eleventh ward, to cost $4,000; to Mrs. Frank Deer, frame two-story and attic dwelling at 2510 Norwood avenue, Tenth ward, to cost $2,600.

Transfers Recorded.

Gerstel Andrew to Anton Rostok, Dec 24, 41st wd, Pgh, 25x80, Lillian st....	$ 1,450
Seelmiller L P to Wm Flinn, Nov 17, 10th wd, Pgh, 18x44, Spring alley....	1,500
Rockershausen S J to Jos I Hill, Oct 31, Scott twp, 75x100, Glenn ave....	7,800
Chessman G J to Wm J McNeal, Aug 17, Etna, 200x80, Chessman ave.....	4,000
Ryan Wm G to Elizabeth Grunert, Nov 30, 17th wd, Pgh, 14x112, Fisk st....	1,700
Penn Loan Asso to Wm N Wilson, Dec 28, Elizabeth twp, 134 acres.....	2,911
Moore Jno A to Chas F McKinney, Nov 25, Edgewood, 50x200, Maple ave....	4,750
Hartzell E J to L M Stone, Jan 28, '04, Avalon, 50x120, Florence ave.....	5,400
Curtze F F to C H Eisenbach, Dec 21, 10th wd, Pgh, 21x160, Yew st.....	1,000
Noble M A to J A Stricklet, Nov 29, Wilkinsburg, 66x140, Rose st.....	7,000
Stricklet J A to South Ave M E Co, Wilkinsburg, Dec 29, Wilkinsburg, 66x140, Rose st.....	7,000
Bossett D R to Jno McClurg, Dec 27, Ross twp, 10 acres.....	25,000
Sussman J to Hyman Saul, Dec 21, 8th wd, Pgh, 43x80, Fifth ave.....	45,000
Aiken J M to T J Scanlon, Nov 1, 4th wd, Ally, 18x50, Morgan st.....	4,000
Mangold Henry to Isabella Furnace Co, Nov 2, Etna, 40x100, Birch st, 48x100 W Main st.....	1,000
Sutters Marg't to Isabella Furnace Co, Nov 2, Etna, 40x100 Birch st, 80x100 W Main st.....	1,250
Schafer Henry to Isabella Furnace Co, Nov 2, Etna, 40x100 Birch st, 40x100 W Main st.....	1,000
Mangold Adam to Isabella Furnace Co, Nov 2, Etna, 150x100 Birch st, 100x100 W Main st.....	3,000
Sutters S to Isabella Furnace Co, Nov 2, Etna, 180x100 Birch st.....	2,250
Mangold J F to Isabella Furnace Co, Nov 2, Etna, 80x100 W Main st.....	1,000
Mensdorf R to Isabella Furnace Co, Nov 2, Etna, 20x100, Birch st, 78x100 W Main st	1,250

RED LIGHT IN COURT.

Crier Steele Invents a New System to Do Away With Noise in the Jury Rooms.

James A. Steele, crier in the criminal court, is the cause of an innovation in the court room which will do away with a great deal of confusion, both in the court and jury rooms. Formerly, when a jury had agreed in a case, the members were required to pound and kick on the door as a summons for the tipstaff in charge. Sometimes this noise kept up for several minutes and was at times very disagreeable.

Crier Steele suggested a red light system, which was installed and was satisfactorily operated yesterday. A button in the jury room is pressed when a verdict is reached and the tipstaff in the court room knows he is wanted.

The present light is connected with only two rooms, but new lights will be installed later to connect up the other jury rooms.

Dodge Jewels Ready for Bidders.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—United States Marshal William Henkel will place on exhibition in his office in the general postoffice building tomorrow the jewels, valued at $63,972 80, which were seized for duty from Mrs. Phyllis M. Dodge three years ago. His purpose in displaying them is to permit those who may be bidders at the auction sale which is to be held Thursday, to see the jewelry in advance.

Tried Murder; Killed Himself.

MONACA, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—George Mill, a German, residing on Docksters Heights, this place, today made an unsuccessful attempt to kill his wife and then under the impression that he had succeeded, fled out of the house to the front steps, where he placed a revolver to his head and sent a bullet crashing through his brain. He died instantly.

Woman Painfully Burned.

SHARON, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Fire destroyed the residence of Robert McCutcheon in Cool Spring township, entailing a loss of over $2,000. Mrs. McCutcheon was seriously burned. She attempted to save $75 in a trunk in the burning building.

A Total Eclipse.

Any man can produce a total eclipse of the sun, so far as he himself is concerned, by holding a dollar close to his eye. The total eclipse of health is often produced in much the same way, by letting the dollar shut out from view all other things and interests.

A great many people pay for wealth with health and admit at last that they have made a poor bargain. In the chase of the dollar people are too eager to take time to eat regularly or choose proper food, the stomach becomes disordered or diseased, the food eaten ceases to nourish, and physical breakdown comes.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition and so enables the strengthening of the body, in the only way by which strength can be obtained, by food properly digested and perfectly assimilated.

"I suffered for four years with pain in my stomach so that at times I couldn't work nor eat," writes Mr. Frank Smith, of Granite, Chaffee Co., Colo. "I wrote to you about my sickness and was told to use your medicine, which I did with good results. I only used four bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and must say that I am entirely cured, and feel like a new man, and I can highly recommend your medicine to any sufferer."

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper-covered edition, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

PASSION-A-T-A NERVE TABLETS will quickly and permanently cure all Nervous Diseases, Insomnia, Failing Memory, Despondency in either sex. No matter what you have used in vain, we urge you to give these tablets a trial and guarantee you'll not be disappointed. Price 50 cents per Box; 6 Boxes $2.50. Mailed in plain packages on receipt of price. For sale only in Penn'a by JOS. FLEMING & SON, Druggists, 412 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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CHRONIC BRONCHITIS, CATARRH OF THE BLADDER and KIDNEY TROUBLES.

Superior to all other remedies. Sold by all Druggists.

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Grand Tours January 10 and 28.

Steamship Tickets Everywhere.

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This painful trouble can be relieved and cured by using an *Allcock's Porous Plaster*. Warm the plaster before applying—if not relieved by bedtime, place a hot water bag against the plaster on the shoulder.

REMEMBER—These claims are good for all pains and aches. They have been in use 35 years, have been imitated more than any article ever sold, and have made more cures than any other external remedy. Guaranteed not to contain belladonna, opium or any poison whatever.

Stop the Pain with an

Allcock's PLASTER

Insist Upon Having Allcock's.

"Just Right" Clothes For Men and Boys

SALE OF BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

Suits.

Russian, Eton and Sailor Blouses. Sizes 2½ to 10 Years.

$3.75 to $7.50 Each.

Values, $5.00 to $10.00.

Double Breasted and Norfolk Jacket Suits.

Sizes 8 to 16 Years.

$5.00 to $12.50.

Values, $7.50 to $18.00.

Overcoats.

Russians, Reefers and Long Coats. Sizes 2½ to 16 years,

$5.00 to $12.50.

Values, $7.50 to $15.00.

Sale of Men's Clothing also.

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WINTER RESORTS. HOTELS AND TOURS.

ATLANTIC CITY.

Booklets, descriptive of the hotels advertised, may be had on application at The Gazette office.

The Gazette's resort advertising representative is John C. Benson, general manager of the Resort Advertising Co., Marbiett building, Atlantic City, N. J. All advertisements will be accepted at the same rates as at the home office of The Gazette.

HOTEL MORTON

Virginia Ave., Near Beach, Atlantic City.

Open all the year. Capacity 350. Special rates for winter. Refurnished and redecorated. Rooms en suite, with private baths. Sun parlor. Elevator from street level. Fine table. Write for booklet and terms. Mrs. N. B. Haines, Owner and Prop.

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Always Open.

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Ocean front. Every comfort, including sea water baths; elevator, sun parlor, golf, etc. F. P. COOK & SON, formerly of the Hotel Senate.

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NEW YORK AND BOSTON DIRECT TO THE MEDITERRANEAN VIA AZORES. Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa, Alexandria.

FROM NEW YORK.

REPUBLIC ..... Jan. 14, Feb. 25

CRETIC ..... Feb. 4, Mch. 18

FROM BOSTON.

CANOPIC ..... Jan. 7, Feb. 18

ROMANIC ..... Jan. 28, Mch. 11

For full information and tickets Apply to Local Agents.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

"NO SNOW WHERE YOU GO" "BUT BALMY AS JUNE"

A SELECT CRUISE to the West Indies by the palatial S. S. Princessin Victoria Louise from N. Y. January 11, 1905

Arrive at	Sail
St. Thomas	January 16, 4 hours
St. Pierre	January 17, 4 hours
Fort de France	January 18, 9 hours
San Juan	January 19, 24 hours
Kingston	January 21, 10 hours
Jamaica	January 22, 8 hours
Havana	January 23, 32 hours
Nassau, N. P.	January 25, 5 hours
New York	January 27, ...

A limited number of passengers taken to and from JAMAICA and CUBA, one way or to and from other ports mentioned above, except Porto Rico.

Rates $125 Upward

Followed by two more cruises February 8 and March 7.

To the Orient by S. S. MOLTKE

January 25, 1905.

76 days, including all points of interest. Rates $300 upward.

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London—Paris—Hamburg.

Victoria ..... Jan. 7 Pretoria ..... Jan. 28

Deutschland ..... Jan. 14 Columbia ..... Feb. 11

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New York—Naples—Genoa.

DEUTSCHLAND ..... Jan. 7, Feb. 7

PRINZ ADALBERT ..... Jan. 26, Feb. 25, Apr. 11

COLUMBIA ..... Jan. 28, Mch. 11

PRINZ OSCAR ..... Jan. 31, Mar. 31, May 9

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Algeria ..... Jan. 28 Columbia ..... Feb. 4

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Latest News of the Mines.

The exports of copper in 1904 amounted to 247,421 tons, an increase of 108,888 tons over 1903.

Advices from Leadville continue to show interesting developments on the Rock Hill section. The ore in the Rock Hill find is a lead carbonate, silicious in character, carrying lead and silver. The lead percentage is very high, some of the ore showing as high as 40 per cent. The silver values are rich enough to make the ore unusually high grade.

Within 90 days three stamp mills will be crushing ore in the Goldfield district. News of the proposed establishment of two mills, besides the one reported last week in which G. L. Dean of Pasadena, Ca., is interested, developed during the week. Of the three mills the largest will be built by E. A. Doran, and a number of Los Angeles capitalists. The mill will have a capacity of 25 tons a day.

The Greene-Campbell Consolidated Gold Mining Company has decided to build a 10-stamp mill on its property at Silver Star Madison county, Montana. The plant will not be erected until spring, however, for the company realizes it cannot make headway in the work at this season of the year. The mines of the company have been opened to a depth of 430 feet, the old shaft, which was 230 feet, having been sunk 200 feet during the year. The vein at the bottom is about 6 feet wide, and while all of the ore in it is not first class, such as individuals and companies usually ship to some distant point for reduction, it is good rock and will pay well if treated at the mine.

The Metal Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—There was a bad break in the London tin market, with spot closing at £122 2s 6d and futures at £131 15s. Locally the market was easier in sympathy with spot quoted at $29 00@29 07½, generally, although some dealers were asking as high as $29 25. Copper was higher again in London, with spot closing at £68 12s 6d and futures at £68 18s 9d. Locally there was no change, with lake quoted at $15 12½@15 25, electrolytic at $15 00@15 25 and casting at $14 62½@14 87½. A good business is reported under way and the tone of the market is firm. Lead was higher in London, closing at £12 18s 9d. Locally prices were unchanged, ranging from $4 00 to $4 10. Spelter was quoted at £25 5s in London and at $6 10@6 15 locally. Iron was a little higher abroad, closing at 54s in Glasgow and at 51s 6d in Middlesboro. Locally the market is firm, with some parties asking full outside prices, while other business is said to be well within the quoted range. No. 1 foundry northern is quoted at $17 25@17 50. No. 1 foundry southern and No. 1 foundry southern soft at $17 75@18 00.

Boston Copper Stocks.

(Reported by A. E. Masten & Co.)

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close. Bid.
Allouez	19½	20	19½	20
Adventure	17	.....	.....	6¼
Ahmeek	*42	.....	.....	40
Arcadian	*2	.....	.....	1⅞
Atlantic	17½	17½	17½	17½
Bingham	35	35	34½	34½
Calumet & Arizona.	*105	.....	.....	100
Calumet & Hecla..	646	646	646	646
Centennial	*20	.....	.....	25½
Copper & Pgh....	*41	.....	.....	40
Elm River	*2½	.....	.....	2¼
Franklin	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞
Granby	*5¼	.....	.....	5
Lake Sup'r & Pgh..	.....	.....	.....	49